The Toledo Evening Bee.

VOL. XVII. NO. 178. TOLEDO, OHIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

U. S. Department of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Toledo, O., Nov. 17, 1892.

During the past 12 hours a storm of great magnitude and energy has developed over the southwest and is moving northeastward; its center is at Keokuk, where the barometer reads 29.34 inches, and the entire central portion of the country is under its influence. The storm will pass over the lakes to-morrow, and will cause high winds to-day and gales to-morrow. It has caused rains over the entire lake region, Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri valleys, and will cause rain and snow over the entire country east of the Rocky mountains during the next 36 hours.

The temperature has fallen over the west and northwest, and on the north Atlantic coast; in all other sections it has risen. It will become warmer over the northwestern portion of the country to-day, and remain about stationary over the lake region and Ohio valley. It will continue to fall over the country west of the Mississippi river and will fall east of it to-morrow.

Local forecast for Toledo and vicinity—On Thursday, showers, stationary temperature, brisk to high winds. On Friday, rain, turning to snow; colder, brisk to high winds. E. A. HANNER, Observer.

LOCAL.

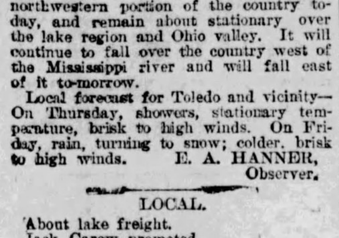
About lake freight.
Jack Carew promoted.
Naval reserve matters.
A talk about Mr. Rice.
Personal and social gossip.
Fires in Toledo for this year.
The joint session last evening.
University extension in Toledo.
Fourth day of the Manchester trial.
Municipal reform by Barton Smith.
Democratic rally for Saturday night.
Bowling Greenites coming to Toledo.
The cast for the Cadet's entertainment.
A Toledo lady's adventure with a needle.
Annual election of Epworth League union.
Health department matters—News of interest.
Four thousand pounds of bad sausage captured.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Cabinet gossip.
Riot at a ratification.
Booming "Old Rosy."
Inquest on the G. O. P.
Southern Press association.
Gov. Flower on his dignity.
Fatal accident at a jollification.
Runaway train in the mountains.
Kentucky Democrats roast Senator Blackburn.

A TABLE TALK

—ON—



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KEGS OF POWDER

Blow Up an Arkansas School House

While a Democratic Meeting is in Session.

The Building Shattered to Kindling

And the Inmates Burned and Bruised.

An Awful Disaster Told by the Wires—Fire Adds to the Terror of the Occasion.

Fayetteville, Ark., Nov. 17.—The democrats of Mountain View held a presidential election celebration in the school house at that place Tuesday night, and a terrible disaster ended the proceedings prematurely.

Anvil firing and the discharge of fireworks were features of the jollification, and as a consequence a large quantity of explosives had been provided.

A portion of these had been stored in the school house. During the speech making and while the building was packed with men, women and children, two kegs of powder exploded.

The result was frightful.

The school house was totally wrecked, and most of its occupants buried in the ruins.

Those who could extricate themselves set about at once to rescue the others.

Shrieks and moans came from the mass of wrecked timbers, and it was evident that the calamity was a terrible one. The ruins too fire in several places, and it required hard work to prevent the cremation of the persons who were imprisoned.

The flames were subdued, however, with only one person suffering from the fire.

A son and daughter of Silas Graham were taken out dead and Berry Sherod, one of the most prominent residents of Washington county, was so badly injured that he has since died.

Another man, whose name has not been learned, was also fatally hurt.

Fifteen other persons were seriously injured, but their names have not been ascertained.

Berry Sherod suffered horrible agonies mentally as well as physically before he was got out of the ruins. He was pinned down by timbers, and was burned beyond recognition. He lived several hours after being rescued.

TOUGHS MET THEIR MATCH.

They Tried to Run a Passenger Train.

There Was a Prize Fighter Among the Passengers and He Nearly Killed the Leader.

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 17.—Wm. Havens, Jud Wilson and other toughs from Bushnell got on the northbound Quincy passenger train at Macomb Tuesday night and proceeded to carry out their threats to run the train, every car of which was crowded.

When the brakeman, Fred Boyd, interfered, they knocked him down, wrested his lantern from him and tried to pound him over the head with it, but the blows took effect on the head of Judge Sherman, cutting an ugly hole and severing an artery.

The ruffians trampled over women and children and gave expression to indecent threats.

Conductor Mount, who was held back in a corner, received several blows.

The breaking down of the engine and stopping of the train near Bardolph and Bushnell added to the terror of the situation.

Wilson drew a long knife and drove the passengers from the cars.

Havens threatened Charles Coleman, a heavyweight pugilist of Bushnell, but Coleman rendered the whole train a service by knocking Havens senseless and kicking him over the heart until it required prolonged effort by a physician to bring him to. At Bushnell Havens was taken from the train more dead than alive.

Well, instead of sick and suffering; healthy and vigorous, instead of worn-out and weak; bright eyes, clear skin, rosy cheeks — you wouldn't think it was the same woman, and it's all due to the use of a few bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

What this medicine has done for thousands of delicate women, it will do for you. If you're overworked and debilitated, it will build you up—if you're borne down with the chronic aches, pains, and weaknesses peculiar to your sex, it relieves and cures. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions of womanhood, invigorates the system, purifies the blood, improves digestion, and restores health, flesh, and strength.

For all the painful irregularities and diseases of women—periodical pains, prolapsus and other displacements, bearing-down sensations, and "female complaints" and weaknesses, it's the *only* remedy so effective that it can be *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

MAPS OF TOLEDO!

And also Lucas County,

FOR SALE AT

BROWN, EAGER & HULL'S.

DROWN YOUR PURPoses of anything as good enough, in wall paper, paint and fresco, and insure permanency and pleasure by engaging

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

SAYS WEAVER.

The Populist Will Grow and Sweep the Country

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 17.—Gen. Weaver has written the following open letter:

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 16, 1892.

To Hon. H. E. Taubeneck, Chairman of the National Committee, People's Party:

My Dear Sir: I wish by this method to briefly address through you the friends of reform throughout the Union. Unaided by money our grand young party has made an enviable record and achieved surprising success at the polls. The country is to be congratulated upon the fact that the leaders of one of the heretofore great parties have been abandoned and overthrown by the people and their organization well nigh annihilated.

This leaves the former adherents of that party to align themselves with the great anti-monopoly and industrial movement. The accession of the other party to power is the result of violent reaction and not, I am sure, of the deliberate judgment of the American people. The new administration will ignore the three great contentions of modern times relating to land, money and transportation and will not attempt to solve either. In fact, the whole force of the new regime will be exercised to prevent reform in these important mattres. Our party has not made its advent too soon. Its mission is to restore to our governemnt its original and only legitimate function—which has been well nigh lost by non-user— that of securing to all citizens, the weak as well as the mighty, the unmolested enjoyment of their inalienable rights. This cannot be accomplished until the relations between labor and its creature, capital, are so adjusted as to cause each to respect the domain of the other. These important forces are now upon a war footing, whereas under humane laws they would naturally dwell to gether in perfect peace.

I sincerely trust that the work of organization and education may now be pushed with energy throughout all the states. The field is ours and we must occupy it without delay.

Fraternally yours,
J. B. WEAVER.

BOOMING OLD ROSY.

Soldiers of the Blue and the Gray Are With Him.

They Would Like to See the Old Commander Made Secretary of War.

New York, Nov. 17.—A special to the Herald from Washington says a movement developed in that city yesterday looking to the selection of Gen. W. S. Rosecrans as secretary of war in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet.

Strangely enough the movement is headed by an ex-confederate, Capt. J. W. Searle, and a meeting of the friends of "Old Rosy" was held yesterday to take action in the matter.

It is understood that Capt. Searle has been in communication with soldiers of the "lost cause" in all portions of the south and he says he has received many letters favorable to Gen. Rosecrans' selection from men who wore the gray.

It is understood also that a powerful organization of ex-union soldiers will cooperate in bringing influence to bear on the president-elect in the old general's behalf.

CATHOLIC CONFERENCE.

New York, Nov. 17.—The conference of American archbishops of the Catholic church was continued to-day at the residence of Archbishop Corrigan. It is given out that among other things to be considered and acted upon is the establishment in this country of a consistory court, for the purpose of trying disputes between priests and bishops without either party being compelled to appeal to Rome. Under the present method over a year must elapse before a decision can be reached in such a dispute, and as a general rule the priest is either suspended in the interim or voluntarily ceases to perform mass. It is believed that the Catholic University at Washington will be selected as the sitting place for the new court, and that the body will be composed of leading archbishops and priests of eminence. All of its members will have to be experts in canon law.

KEPT 'EM GUESSING.

A Delphos Man Has Fun in a Passenger Train.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 17.—This afternoon telegrams were sent along the line of the Pennsylvania railway to arrest a man who had possession of train No. 1 with a revolver and was running it to suit himself.

A number of station police were present but were afraid to tackle the desperado, who was armed with a big revolver. When the train, two hours late, reached this city, the police, after a desperate struggle, captured the man, who gave his name as Henry Kauffman, and said he was a hotel porter living at Delphos, Ohio.

He got on the train at Delphos and terrorized the passenger from there to this city, threatening to shoot anyone who disputed his right to the train.

SHOT INTO THE CROWD.

Flying Bullets at a Democratic Ratification.

A Revolver in a Bad Man's Hands Does Much Damage.

Alexandria, Ind., Nov. 17.—The ratification of Cleveland's election at this place brought on a shooting affair last night, in which five persons were badly wounded.

Paul Finch and Fred Benteen were on the street and it is alleged that they insulted the wife of a glassblower, who at once knocked Finch down.

The latter ran across the street to his barber shop and secured a revolver. Benteen grabbed the weapon and began firing promiscuously into the crowd.

The procession was just passing and the flying bullets got in their work. Tom Beal, Frank Cox, Jim Swindell, Will Jones and an unknown fifth person were all hit.

Cox is dangerously wounded. Marshal Finnimore arrested Finch and Benteen, who were taken to Anderson and lodged in jail.

UNDEMOCRATIC.

Kentucky Is No Longer for Blackburn.

He Was Against Grover at Chicago and They Didn't Want to Hear Him.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 17.—At a monster democratic ratification meeting here last night Senator Joe C. S. Blackburn attempted to address 10,000 democrats, but they refused to listen to him.

He was not a Cleveland man at Chicago, and the Kentuckians, who love Cleveland, did not want to hear any man who was against him.

They drowned his voice with tin horns and yells, and after a few minutes he quit in disgust.

CHOLERA.

London, Nov. 17.—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg states that a bulletin was issued yesterday recording 12 new cases and 5 deaths from cholera in 24 hours. Most of the cases are on the island north of the Neva, where the water supply is bad. Cases of influenza are also reported as being numerous.

THE STATE RESTS

Fourth Day of the Manchester Trial.

Lorenz and Manchester's Interview Introduced,

As Taken by Stenographer Bassett in the Cellar,

Corroborated by Lorenz, Machen and Smith.

The Defense Introducing Testimony—Mr. Manchester on the Stand—The Jury Will Soon Have the Case.

The Manchester bribery case is drawing to a close, and it is very probable that the case will go to the jury before the close of the week.

The state rested at 9:30 this morning and the defense will close to-day or early to-morrow.

It is the general opinion that Mr. Manchester has made a stronger case than any of the others. However, he had a better case to begin on, from the fact that evidence does not show that he joined the alleged combination until several meetings had been held. Attorneys Southard and Kinney are making a gallant fight in their client's behalf.

At 9 o'clock this morning Mr. Lorenz took the stand and Mr. Southard continued the cross-examination.

"For what purpose did you call these men down to your office?" said Mr. Southard.

"To get information."

"What did you want the information for?"

"To break up the combination."

"Did you say that if they would vote for your ordinance, their conversation taken down would not be made public?"

"No sir."

"Is it not a fact that you induced these men to come to your office to take down what they said and then convey this fact to them to intimidate them into voting for your ordinance?"

"No, sir, to the contrary, we had given up all hope of securing their votes."

"Did not your representative attend meetings of the council and urge upon these members to vote for your ordinance, promising that if they did so everything would be right?"

"No, sir."

"That is all."

Frank N. Schmidt, bookkeeper for the Pluto Oil company, was called by the state. Mr. Schmidt was in the front office when Tanner, Gill and Daly came in, and was also in the cellar a portion of the time and heard what transpired above.

The defense passed cross-examination.

The state then introduced the charter of the Pluto Oil company, Manchester's certificate of election and the ordinance in question as evidence, after which it rested.

The defense then called the following witnesses, who testified to Mr. Manchester's character: S. H. Meeks, Jacob Mandler, James J. Nolan, John Boyer, jr., Daniel J. O'Hara, J. H. Botefuhr, B. H. Milmine, C. H. Durian Isaac D. Smead.

After the state had rested, Mr. Southard requested permission to recall Ransom B. Swain for cross examination.

The court stated that the state had rested.

Mr. Barber informed the court that he had agreed to permit the defense to cross-examine Mr. Swain again, but as Mr. Swain had been excused until 10 o'clock, it was agreed to call him when he arrived.

At 10 minutes of 10 o'clock the defense called Benjamin O. Manchester, the accused, to the witness stand. His examination-in-chief was in substance as follows:

He was principal of one of the Toledo public schools for two years out of six years' residence in the city, the remaining being devoted to his present business; that of wall paper hanging, painting and real estate.

The first the witness learned of the Pluto ordinance was during the last of May by reading an account of the proceedings of one of the boards of legislation.

The first he had to do with the ordinance as a councilman was on June 6, when it came to the board of council from the board of aldermen. On this occasion he questioned the city engineer to ascertain if in the construction of the pipe line the streets would be torn up in the Ninth ward. He was told that it would whereupon he made a motion to lay the ordinance on the table, which was lost. The ordinance passed on the first reading. Nine voted against laying the ordinance on the table. He had talked with Messrs. Machen and Lorenz about the ordinance and told them that he was opposed to tearing up the streets in the Ninth ward.

He was at the club house meeting, on the following Monday. About half-past 3 o'clock Monday afternoon he was standing on the corner of Cherry and Summit streets. Here he met Gill, who was in the act of boarding a street car. He asked Gill where he was going and was told that he (Gill) was going out to Fisher's club house, and was invited to go along, and he did so. When they arrived Tanner was there, and afterwards Doner, Neuendorf, Schmuhl, Daly, Swain, Felker, Rutherford and Taylor arrived. They went in to the bar first, and then sauntered out into the grove and were out in the summer house awhile.

There was no formal meeting held. As to what was said and done, Mr. Manchester stated that the conversation between the members was of such a general nature that he did not remember anything that was said in particular. He then stated that there was no one time when all of the members of the council present were together to his knowledge.

He was present at meetings held at Neuendorf's store. The first time was on June 6. It was the evening of the meeting of the street committee.

After the meeting, he came down out of the council chamber, when h emet Mr. Rutherford, who was apparently waiting for him. Rutherford asked him to go with him to Neuendorf's store. He told Rutherford that he had been in the habit of going pretty early but if it would not take long he would go. Rutherford lived up his way and they had generally went home together.

He went with Rutherford, as he supposed, to speak with Neuendorf. When he arrived at the store he found Gill, Doner, Swain, Schmuhl, Tanner and Taylor present. They were all in the back part of the store. He had never received any invitation to be present at any meeting.

When he first went in he was greeted, and he asked what they were doing there. Some one, Mr. Doner he believed, said they had been talking over matters that had been before the council.

Mr. Manchester asked what it was that interested them so much. Doner replied that they had been discussing the Pluto oil ordinance, the Northwestern gas ordinance and the Warren-Scharf paving contract on Monroe street. Doner wanted to know how he stood in the Pluto oil ordinace. He said he was opposed to any ordinance that would necessitate the tearing up of the streets. As to the Northwestern ordinance he held a different opinion from most people. Being an ardent pipe liner, he was in favor of the Northwestern raising the price of gas to give the city an opportunity to do the same.

About this time Neueudorf spoke up, and said that these companies were very anxious to have their measures passed, and the officers of the Pluto Oil company had offered $25,000 in stock for the passage of their ordinance.

Tanner said they were willing to pay $5,500 in cash. Gill said others were willing to pay.

Mr. Manchester stated that he would not be a party to any combination that would take money from the taxpayers or any one else. Gill stated that it would not come from the taxpayer, to which Mr. Manchester replied that it would come indirectly from the taxpayer.

He suggested that if these companies wanted to pay for these ordinances let them pay the money into the city treasury. This was affirmed by Mr. Doner.

He denied that any information had been given him as to the organization of a combination. He heard nothing about charging the Northwestern Gas company $40,000. He denied that Mr. Rutherford had made any explanation to him as to the purpose of the meetings. There was nothing said about holding another meeting. He denied in substance the whole of Mr. Swain's testimony. He was only present at the Neuendorf store about fifteen minutes. He thought he was home about 10 o'clock.

He was in the summer house when Mr. Felker arrived. He did not know how many. He talked to Mr. Felker, but did not remember what was said. He did not remember that anything was said about the Pluto oil ordinance. He heard the word Robison mentioned, but nothing further. He was at the club house 20 minutes.

A recess was taken after which Mr. Swain was recalled for cross-examination.

"Mr. Swain, I will ask you if on your first examination in the Daly case whether you testified that Mr. Manchester attended his first meeting at Tanner's office?"

"Yes, sir, I think I did,, as my memory prompted me at that time."

"Your memory was not very clear?"

"It seems so."

"Now in your testimony during the Daly trial, in relating what transpired at the first meeting at which Mr. Manchester was present, why did you not tell what Mr. Manchester said?"

"I did, to the best of my memory."

"Why did you omit such an important fact?"

"I gave what my memory showed."

"That is all."

"Mr. Swain, at any time during the other trials, was your attention called in any way to Mr. Manchester?"

"No, sir."

"That is all."

Mr. Manchester resumed his testimony in chief.

He testified that he was at Mr. Lorenz's office. Geo. Lorenz was present. On the morning of that day Judge Lorenz called at his office and said that his brother George wanted to talk to him about the passage of the Pluto oil ordinance. He went down to the office. He stated that Lorenz said Daly, Gill and Tanner had been there talking about the ordinance. He made the statement that he supposed Mr. Daly thought he knew what he was talking about. He had never spoken to Mr. Daly about the ordinance, though other members had. He gave the conversation in general. Lorenz told him that Daly and Tanner had been there and talked as though they could furnish 11 votes to pass the ordinance. He said if they said so they could probably do it. Lorenz said that Daly and Tanner had offered to pass the ordinance for $5,500.

Mr. Manchester used these words: "Mr. Lorenz, that is a pretty hard statement for you to make of other councilmen to a councilman. Here this window is open; supposing some one should be passing and hear this conversation." Mr. Lorenz said: "You can look out of the window and satisfy yourself." I then stepped to the window and looked around."

Mr. Manchester said he had no intention of accepting any money from Lorenz.

He stated that he told Lorenz that in order to get measures through in his own ward it was necessary to vote with other members might want money also. He in this instance he would probably vote as Mr. Tanner did.

He remembered saying that the members had not been giving themselves away. If they received money, other members might want money also. He said that he told Lorenz that if he wanted to get the ordinance through he had better be in a hurry.

Mr. Manchester in his testimony as to the interview did not deny any part of it, but placed a different construction on the sense of what was said.

He attended another meeting at Neuendorf's store on July 2. Mr. Swain invited him. He went alone and staid about a minute. He could not remember who all were present but Gill, Swain and Neuendorf were there.

Mr. Gill was talking a rather a maudlin tone. He said "this ain't no combine." He heard nothing else said. He stated that if the members were depending on his vote they should not count on it. He made this statement for the reason that after his meeting with Lorenz he noticed that the others voted as he did, and he did not know but what some one was using his vote for illegal purposes.

Mr. Southard concluded his direct examination and court adjourned for dinner.

The Testimony Yesterday Afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon the state called upon Mr. Bassett to testify as to an interview between George Lorenz and Mr. Manchester, on he next day, June 22.

The defense objected on the ground that the state charged a solicitation on June 21, and by this testimony was attempting to prove a separate and distinct charge on the 22d.

Mr. Barber, for the state, argued that the interview was a part of the solicitation, charged on the 21st.

The court ruled that such parts of the interview could be introduced as had a bearing on the solicitation charged.

Mr. Bassett then proceeded to read the interview in question.

Mr. Lorenz told Manchester what had transpired between himself and Gill, Daly and Tanner. That these parties had assured him that they had 11 votes and would put the ordinance through for $5,500. He said that he would like to find out just where the boys stood; that Manchester stated, "that in other words he (Lorenz) wanted to find out the ten or eleven fellows, and pump them to find out if they were in the business or not.

Mr. Lorenz went on to state that the price of pipe was going up and it would be to their interest to get the pipe line in; that Tanner said they could deliver 11 votes, and he wanted to know if he could count on them. Manchester said that if it became necessary he would vote as Tanner did.

Mr. Bassett stated that the conversation then ceased, and Mr. Manchester went on a little reconnoitering tour to find out whether there were any eavesdroppers. Apparently satisfied, Manchester returned and continued the conversation.

Mr. Manchester stated that if some of the boys wanted money, others might just as well have it. The boys had been working day and night, and received no pay for it, and perhaps they were getting tired of it. Mr. Manchester said he was not in any conspiracy, that he never took a dollar for a vote in his life and would not take $10,000 from anybody; that if Tanner and Daly said they could deliver 11 votes they knew what they were talking about. Mr. Lorenz said he just wanted to satisfy himself on that point. He wanted to know who he could rely on as friends of the ordinance. Mr. Manchester replied Wm. Peter had endeavored to get him to vote for an ordinance of similar nature; that he did considerable work for Peter, but he had refused him, and when he (Lorenz) saw a man go back on his own interests for another man's interests he could therefore rely on what he said; that Tanner was a great friend of his and he would vote for the ordinance if he did; that they had better make arrangements to have the ordinance passed at once; that what Tanner said could be relied upon. As to the $5,500 Mr. Manchester said they should not have given the thing away that way but he did not suppose they had given any names. Mr. Lorenz was anxious to know who were his friends. He supposed he had ten or twelve of his friends, but according to Mr. Daly he did not have. Mr. Manchester said the boys were working for nothing and it was no more than right they should be paid something.

Mr. Manchester stated, according to the testimony, that they could look and see who voted against the ordinance and tell who was in it. He said there was no clique or conspiracy, that they could get ten separate votes.

On cross-examination Mr. Bassett reiterated his former statement that when he could not catch the sense of the conversation he left it all out.

"Did you know for what purpose you went into the cellar?"

"The purpose was to get what the parties said down on paper, to use it for a club."

"You understood that they wanted the club as strong as possible?"

"I had no election in the matter."

"Did you know what this club was to be used for?"

The state objected and was sustained.

"What light did you have in the cellar?"

"From a door in the rear of the cellar."

Mr. Southard did not make a very extensive cross-examination.

August Machen, secretary of the Pluto Oil company, was then called by the state. He testified to two interviews with Mr. Manchester. The first was held during the time intervening between the adoption of the ordinance by the board of aldermen and the next meeting of the council.

The conversation was had at Mr. Manchester's office. The latter was of the opinion that the pipe line was a Standard Oil scheme, and he was opposed to it. Mr. Machen endeavored to disabuse his mind as to that, and Mr. Manchester stated if what he said was true he would vote for the ordinance.

The other interview was ruled out.

As to the interviews at Lorenz's office, Mr. Machen was in the cellar with Mr. Bassett, and his testimony was corroborative of that of the stenographer.

"Mr. Machen, how long have you known Mr. Manchester?"

"Since my interview with him."

"Did he ever come to see you?"

"No, sir."

"Did he ever ask any money of you?"

"No, sir."

"When he came to your office did he come of his own motive?"

"I think he was invited."

"Was he sent after more than once?"

"I think twice."

"What did you send after him for?"

"To see if he was in the deal."

"Why did you want to know if he was in the deal?"

"Well, I heard there was a combination on."

"What was your object in getting these councilmen there?"

"To bust the combination."

"Did you make the remark to be used as a club?"

"I think I did."

"Did you not get these men there for the purpose of enticing them to commit themselves, to use it to force them to pass the ordinance?"

"No, sir."

"What did you do it for?"

"To remove these councilmen and get new ones that we could work with."

"Do you know whether it got to Mr. Swain that information had been obtained, damaging in its nature to certain councilmen which would not be made public if they would vote for their ordinance?"

"I did not."

"Mr. Machen, I will ask you if you did not take this method of procuring admissions from the councilman to procure the passage of the ordinance."

"No, sir."

"Did you tell any one of what transpired at your office?"

"I did."

"Who?"

"Mr. Hal King."

"Anybody else?"

"Mr. Bellman."

"Anyone else?"

"Yes, I told you."

"You told me?"

"Yes, sir, down on Superior street. You were working for the Paragon ordinance and we had our heads together in those days, sorter working together."

"You have felt all along that it was very important to procure convictions in these cases?"

"I have felt that if these parties are guilty they should be punished."

"Did you furnish any money to employ counsel?"

"I did not."

"Mr. Machen, do you remember making a remark in the barber shop at the Toledo Club to the effect that now you had started this thing it had to go through?"

"I do not remember."

"Did you say that Mr. Barber should have assistance?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did you say that if you did not procure a conviction it would bust you?"

"No, sir. I might have said that. The people were impressed with the idea that we were the prosecuting witnesses, and in case of failure might look upon us in an unjust light."

This concluded the cross-examination of Mr. Machen.

Mr. George Lorenz, treasurer of the Pluto Oil company, was called by the state. He testified as to the preceding interview with Gill, Daly and Tanner; also to the interview with Mr. Manchester, corroborating what has gone before. He stated that while Mr. Manchester was in the office he seemed suspicious and got up and looked all around the office, behind desks and out in the front office, to be sure no one was around.

Recess was here taken until this morning.

After dinner the defense continued the introduction of testimony, and will rest before night.

BACK COUNTIES,

And Lucas Is One of the Number.

The Vote of Ohio Coming in Slowly.

Bill and Sam Are Still Neck and Neck for Secretary of State.

Columbus, O., Nov. 17.—Yesterday was the last day on which the abstracts of the vote cast at the recent election were to be forwarded to the secretary, and there are still nine counties entirely unreported, and one county (Clark) whose election board has made an incomplete return. The counties that have not been heard from are Darke, Defiance, Fayette, Franklin, Guernsey, Lawrence, Lucas, Ross and Stark. With the possible exception of Fayette and Franklin, in which there are controversies over the count of the vote for circuit judge, all

These Will Undoubtedly

Be heard from to-night. Nine more counties reported yesterday, but among them was Cuyahoga, and the clerks in the state department were kept so busy looking over the numerous books received from Cleveland that, although they worked until 10 o'clock last night they were not able to tabulate the returns. Remarkably enough, in Cuyahoga county, Danford, the leading republican elector, not only did not run ahead of the other republican electors, but had a smaller vote than four of his colleagues. Cuyahoga is the only county in the state in which Danford did not run ahead of the ticket. The totals up to date have been figured out in the 78 counties as follows:

Danford, rep.	357,630
Other republicans	355,533
Seward, dem.	358,469
Other democrats	356,211

Secretary of state—

S. M. Taylor, rep.	361,533
W. A. Taylor, dem.	361,421

Danford is already 2,278 votes ahead of his colleagues, and Seward 2,147 votes ahead of the other democratic electoral candidates. It is evident that the total vote will fall very much short of the 900,000 prophesied by Chairman Dick.

A LIFE FOR A WATCH

A Ten-Year-Old Took a Fancy to It and Killed the Owner.

The Murderer of Course Pronounced Insane.

He Talks Boldly of What He Would Do If a Chance Were Offered to Him to Repeat the Crime.

Denver, Col., Nov. 17.—The case of Anton Wood, the 10-year-old boy who murdered Joseph Smith, of this city when they were hunting rabbits near Brighton, Nov. 2, is exciting a great deal of interest now that people have turned their attention from election matters to other things.

Woods is believed to be the youngest boy that ever killed a man in this country for the purpose of robbing, and those who are watching him closely in his confinement believe him to be a moral imbecile.

He will be tried for murder and his parents as accessories after the fact, will also be tried. They are Poles. The father worked in a brickyard and Anton was always comfortably provided for. He is a good-looking, rosy-cheeked boy, tall for his age, with a high forehead and an intelligent face.

Wanted His Victim's Watch.

He tells the story of his crime in a most matter of fact way. "I never saw Joe Smith before the day I killed him," Anton says. "He had a pretty watch and I wanted it. We were hunting rabbits. He was walking ahead of me and I shot him in the back. He did not know I was going to shoot. I was about 10 feet from him. I aimed right at the back of his head. He just threw up his hands and fell down. He did not say anything at all. Then I went up to him and took his watch and gun. Then I walked home. It was an open-faced watch. I knew nobody could see me. I did not tell anybody what I had done, not even mamma. I never went back to where he lay; I knew he was lying there in the field, but I was afraid to go back. I was afraid I would be caught. If they would let me out of jail I would not kill anybody else. I am sorry I did it. I did not know they would do anything to me for it. I did not know it was wrong to kill him; I wanted the watch.

Would Kill Anybody.

"You would kill anybody for a pretty watch, wouldn't you?" was asked.

"Yes," said the little fellow, decidedly.

"Would you kill that cellmate of yours for a watch?"

"No," he answered, "he's too nice, but I would kill anybody I did not know."

The boy broke down and cried frequently while lisping this tale.

Anton's parents have been respectable folks all their lives. They came from New York when the boy was one year old. Jurists, doctors and ministers, men who have made crime their life study, are very much puzzled over this case and are wondering what the courts will do with this boy murderer.

AT LIMA.

Big Jollification by the Democrats.

An Accident Which Marred the Pleasure of the Occasion.

Lima, O., Nov. 17.—(Special)—The democrats jollified last night. 'Twas the largest, most enthusiastic and successful celebration ever conducted within the county.

Special trains were run from Ada and Delphos, and fully 2,500 strangers were in the city.

Democrats and republicans vied with each other in burning red fire, decorating buildings, etc.

A grand parade and speeches, etc., made up the program, which was not finished until midnight.

Owing to the immense concourse of people present numerous accidents occurred, but only one resulted seriously.

It occurred about 8 o'clock, as the city band was marching to the Brice club rooms. They reached the front of the Cincinnati block just as the large bonfire, which had been burning on the west side of the square, toppled over.

Fred Crum and L. E. Price made two of the front four in the band, and a huge log struck them, knocking them down, while music, horns and hats flew in every direction.

A cry of horror arose from the crowd as there were many people standing almost under the log when it fell, several of whom were knocked down, but the two mentioned fared the worst.

They were quickly carried to Marmon's drug store, where Drs. Steubers, Bennett, Foltz, Barr and Vail were soon in attendance.

Fred Crum was struck on the forehead and a gash three inches long cut, the flesh opening to the skull. Otherwise he was not injured, and after the wound was sewed up he was able to go home, although complaining of great pain in the back of his head.

Price fared worse. The log struck him square on the instep of his right foot and after the shoe had been cut off a mass of bruised flesh was revealed.

All of his toes were badly mashed, some of them mangled so that the flesh dropped off and pieces of bone came out.

The bones of the instep were also mashed, while the skin was cut from the inside ankle across to the little toe.

After the injury had been bathed and wrapped in absorbing cotton, the unfortunate man was taken to his home in the Fall block. Drs. Bennett, Steuber and Foltz accompanied him and amputated three toes. Very little was left to cut off, as the toes were mashed to pieces. The foot was cared for as well as possible, but some of the doctors were afraid it would also require amputation. It was decided, however, to wait until to-day's development and to save the foot if possible.

ANTICIPATING CHOLERA.

Meeting of the State and Local Health Boards.

Dr. Fisher, health officer, this morning received a circular from the Ohio state board of health, notifying the Toledo board that a meeting of the state board and the local boards will be held at Columbus on January 25, to take preventive measures against cholera. It is the opinion of both American and foreign authorities that it will scarcely be possible for Europe and this country to escape the plague during the coming year. The meeting is called to get the general views of the boards of health on the subject and to take steps to clean up the different cities, so that if the disease does come here the danger will be lessened, and to adopt means for the isolation and care of such cases as may occur.

BRYAN.

Progress Made in the Burchell Trial.

Bryan, O., Nov. 17.—The trial of the Burchell boys for the murder of Arthur Brown, is progressing. It may last two weeks.

In St. Louis the racing association owns an elephant, which is used upon the race track. This talented creature drags the roller over the track, works the scraper, and altogether does the work of three men and six horses.

FRAUD, FEAR, FORCE.

Verdict of the Coroner on the G. O. P.

An Inquest Held by Colonel Shepard.

A Touching Scene from the East Where the Wise Men Met to Explain Things.

New York, Nov. 17.—Just after the G. O. P. elephant had been smothered by the avalanche of ballots into which he had wandered a week ago, Col. Elliott F. Shepard, The Good, determined to hold an inquest. Constituting himself the Grand High Coroner he impannelled the following exceedingly distinguished jury: Chairman Thomas H. Carter, of the republican national committee; James S. Clarkson, chairman of the executive committee; Louis E. McComas, secretary; Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer; National Committeeman R. C. Kerens, of Missouri; James Phillips, jr., of Massachusetts; Chairman William Brookfield, of the republican state committee; Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt, Ex-Senator Warner Miller, Soon-to-be Ex-Senator Frank Hiscock, Banker Jesse Seligman, Surveyor George W. Lyon, Naval Officer Theodore B. Willis, Chauncey M. Depew, John A. Sleicher, Edward F. Cragin, of Illinois; Artist Bernhard Gillam, George W. Turner, Foster Coates and Whitelaw Reid.

These gentlemen repaired to the colonel's Fifth avenue palace. Unlike most jurymen each wore a full dress suit. The Grand High Coroner gave them all a very cordial welcome and after a few minutes chat in the magnificently furnished drawing room, from the walls of which several generations of Vanderbilts looked down, the republican jurors were ushered into the brilliantly illuminated dining-room.

The Grand High Coroner placed Chairman Carter at his left and Gen. Clarkson at his right. The others were ranged about the richly appointed table. It required an hour or more to finish the dinner, which a French chef had prepared. Then when tongues had been loosened by champagne and some of the finest cognac ever imported into the country, Coroner Shepard arose and announced that he had summoned his guests to inquire "Where are we at?" In other words he desired to know from them what had caused the democratic cyclone of the 8th inst.

When he asked that each one relate his experiences Chairman Carter got up and said that in his judgment the republican party was defeated by gross misrepresentation of the tariff question as well as the real meaning of the federal elections bill. Though statistics furnished by the national bureau of labor statistics, as well as many state bureaus, demonstrated that the cost of living had not increased since the passage of the McKinley bill, still it had been very difficult to convince the voters that all that was said by democratic orators and newspapers as to the tariff bill having been framed so as to return moneys contributed by manufacturers in 1888 towards the republican campaign fund was a falsehood.

Mr. Carter admitted that some egregious blunders had been made in drawing the tariff law. It is true that it did increase the free list and reduce the duties on articles which do not, to any great extent, come into competition with home products. On the other hand the duties had been advanced on many articles a sufficient quantity of which could not be produced here to supply the demand of our own people. Those who used small or large quantities of tinware were told that the price would go up. The workman was warned that he would have to pay twice as much for his dinner-pail as he would if tin were placed on the free list. Again, for the benefit of a very few manufacturers, the duty on pearl buttons had been increased. When the farmer's wife, for instance, was told that it was because of the McKinley bill that she had to pay a few cents more per dozen for pearl buttons she went away indignant, and on reaching home insisted that the old man and all her sons should vote for Grover Cleveland.

Mr. Carter argued that the federal elections bill of itself was all right. It was the fear that the troops would man the polls on election day that had scared many people in the north and made the south solid for the democratic ticket. Though the bill in no way contained a bayonet provision, still the people believed it did, and voted to repudiate the party that framed it. In the south the republicans were able to make only the shadow of a campaign. The treatment of Gen. Weaver, the populist candidate for president, was a warning that was heeded by republican orators, and very few if any could be induced to venture beyond Mason and Dixon's line. Mr. Carter expressed the hope that the democrats in congress would do a great deal of tinkering with the tariff. The nearer they came to free trade in their legislation the surer would be the republican triumph in 1896.

"We will now hear Gen. Clarkson's experiences," said Col. Shepard, as Chairman Carter took his seat.

The Iowan said that, though he had been opposed to the nomination of President Harrison, he did not regard the November disaster as a personal defeat of the present occupant of the white house. On the contrary it was a defeat of protection and a repudiation of a high tariff. At the time the McKinley bill was under consideration in the house the general called several times upon the author of it and insisted that the increase of the duty on tin-plate would prove disastrous. He argued that enough of that article could not be produced in this country to supply the demand, and that, should the tariff be raised, the party would lay itself open to the charge that it was seeking to benefit a few people at the expense of the many. His advice was ignored. The duty on tin plate was put up. This, with the pearl button business, had done great mischief.

Gen. Clarkson declared that the Homestead strike had helped the democratic cause to a remarkable degree. Right upon the beginning of a presidential campaign was it precipitated. Andrew Carnegie, who had been regarded as the very incarnation of protection, through Henry C. Frick, the manager of his American interests, made the announcement that he proposed to break down organized labor. When the workmen rebelled troops were sent to quell them. Organized labor throughout the country naturally sympathized with their brethren in Pennsylvania, and in denouncing Carnegie made the republican policy of protection responsible for the injustice they thought had been suffered by the steel manufacturer's employes.

Influenced by sentiment and a love of independence, and deaf to the fact that had it not been for the republican party they would not have drawn as high wages as they were getting, regardless of the fact that the republican party disapproved of Carnegie's treatment of his men, they went ahead and voted for Mr. Cleveland. Taking Carnegie as a type, the men labored under the hallucination that the republican party was their foe. They determined to preserve their political power, even at the expense of their livelihood. They regarded Carnegie, too, as a foreigner who had begun his career here as a telegraph boy for a railroad corporation, but by good luck or bad, as the case might be, had become the greatest steel manufacturer in the world. No matter how much money he might expend in founding workingmen's libraries, laborers throughout the country believed him to be their enemy, a friend to Harrison, and sought to defeat the latter's re-election.

The democratic press during the campaign sought to make political capital out of the report that Carnegie and Frick had contributed immense sums of money towards the republican campaign fund. If the truth be told, neither one of them subscribed, much less paid a cent. When the republican party was able to free itself of men who betrayed protection to gain cheap labor and all others who were trying to use the party to put cash into their own pockets, then and not until then would the people's confidence in it be restored.

Gen. Clarkson's address was vociferously applauded.

Secretary McComas expressed the conviction that the failure of the republican party to make an issue of instead of dodging the force bill question had cost it many thousands of votes. Had the true features of that measure been placed before the people intelligently, and had they been made to understand that its only object was to prevent the disfranchisement of over a million voters, the recent election, in his opinion, would have had a far different result.

Treasurer Bliss admitted that he knew very little about politics. He was glad to state, however, that every bill contracted by the republican national committee had been or would be settled within a very few days. Of course he gretted the disaster that had fallen upon the party, but he thought the best remedy that could be suggested would be a thorough reorganization of the party in this as well as in other states. While he did not admire Tammany Hall methods and did not desire to have them inculcated into the republican party, he did think a lesson could be learned from the organization led by Richard Croker, that was to pull together. He thought it was about time the republicans of the city of New York had a home, and he with others was ready to go down deep into his pockets to get one.

Mr. Bliss' suggestion met with enthusiastic approval and right upon the spot he with Messrs. Reid, Seligman, Depew, Lyon, Brookfield and Shepard were named as a committee to confer with other party leaders and carry out the idea of a permanent republican headquarters in this city. Five gentlemen present, among them Mr. Reid, are said to have expressed their willingness to give their checks for $20,000 each.

Then Chauncey M. Depew took the floor. He spoke for an hour. The address was one of his wittiest. In it he poked fun at everybody. He tried to have some fun at ex-Senator Platt's expense. When he remarked that he and Platt were rarely together in convention, but somehow got together about election time, the ex-Senator scored on him by retorting: "There was a time that I was not with you. That was when you wandered off and accepted a democratic nomination for office. I never would do that."

Dr. Depew was knocked out for the moment. Then he recovered and jollied Mr. Platt on his opposition to the nomination of Harrison at Chicago. He thought no good republican ought to have done that.

"I opposed him there," returned Platt, "because I was satisfied he could not be elected. You said he could and would. Well, he wasn't, was he?"

The coroner's jury and the coroner himself laughed at this sally, and none appeared to enjoy the fun quite so much as the statesman from Tioga.

Dr. Depew declared that he expected to see Harrison renominated in 1896, and carry every northern state and some of the southern.

"He is destined to be the Solon of the west, as Cleveland is of the east," added the doctor, amid much applause.

"What's the matter with Depew?" shouted Coroner Shepard.

The doctor blushed and replied that if he could only induce the grangers to love him as well as did those in the party seated about the table he might take a crack at the presidency himself.

In conclusion Dr. Depew predicted that ultimately the republican party would triumph again. He did not believe in crying over spilled milk.

Naval Officer Willis told a mournful tale of alleged fraud in Kings. He declared that a prominent democrat had admitted that no less than 12,000 fraudulent democratic votes had been cast in the city of Brooklyn. Mr. Willis made no reference to the squabble between himself and Internal Revenue Collector Nathan, which is said to have cost Harrison thousands of votes.

Whitelaw Reid then testified. He remarked that he thought a political corpse had as much right as anybody at a wake. He paid tribute to President Harrison, and expressed the greatest grief that so grand a president had been repudiated by the people.

After all the testimony was in the jury returned a verdict that the G. O. P. had come to its death from Fraud, Force and Fear.

"TOM KISER."

The Name Found at the Side of a Murdered Man.

Magnolia, Ark., Nov. 17.—News has just reached here of another assassination just across the Louisiana state line.

The murdered man is Babe Tuggle, who figured conspicuously in the late Tuggle and Ramsay war. Tuggle was shot from ambush.

When found he was still alive but speechless, and wrote the name of Tom Kiser upon a piece of paper just before he died. The indications are that Kiser was his slayer. Kiser is a noted desperado.

One hundred armed men are now scouring the woods in search of Kiser and Link Wagner, who is supposed to be man who assassinated Holland last Saturday night.

GOV. FLOWER.

He Will Stand No Monkey Business.

He Has Asked for the Resignations of the New York Civil Service Commissioners.

New York, Nov. 17.—A special from Albany says that on Friday last Gov. Flower wrote to each of the three civil service commissioners and demanded their resignations. The commissioners are Alex C. Eustace, of Elmira; Wm. A. Poste, of New York, and John A. Sleicher, of Albany.

The latter is the only republican on the board. They were all appointed by Gov. Hill. Treachery to their party is said to be the motive of the governor in the case of the democrats, and "offensive partisanship" in the case of the republican member. The civil service commissioners are appointed by the governor and can be removed at will. The salary of the office is $2,000 a year, with expenses incurred in the line of duty.

TIFFIN PERSONAL.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 17.—(Special)—T. C. Engeman is spending a few days in Toledo....Frank Hyter is visiting at Saginaw, Mich....H. Hubach was in Toledo on Thursday....Mrs. J. W. Schaufelberger is visiting in Toledo....Henry Lehner was in Toledo last Friday on business....Hal L. Pattenger returned to Washington last Thursday, after a pleasant visit with friends in this city....Hon. George Seney spent Friday in Toledo....Miss Amanda Wagner, of Madison street, has returned from a four weeks' visit at Mt. Clemens, Mich....Mrs. H. H. Noble is spending this week in Toledo....H. L. Stockel returned last Friday from an extended visit at Allentown, Penn....Mrs. V. J. Love, of Toledo, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Love, in this city, for a few days....Mrs. A. C. Baldwin and Miss Aleta Mott are the guests of relatives in Lafayette, Ind....Miss Bessie Hilbish, of Fremont, is the guest of Misses Alice and Nina Holderman for a few weeks.

RESISTED ARREST.

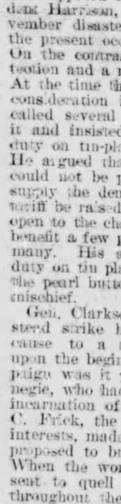
Portsmouth, N. H., Nov. 17.—Police Officer Hennessy was set upon last night by four United States marines while attempting to arrest one of them. During the melee he had his nose broken and received serious injuries about the head. He is in a critical condition. Two of his assailants have been arrested.

DEMAND REFUSED.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 17.—Germany's renewed demand for a reduction in the import duties of iron and wood has been refused by the Russian government.

WHEN EATING

becomes troublesome, digestion defective, sleeping an impossibility, appetite ceases take **Johann Hoff's Malt Extract**. It acts like a charm and tastes splendid. Be sure and get the "Genuine," which must have the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle, and take no substitute. Use Johann Hoff's Malt Bonbons for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds.



LONG LIFE

Is possible only when the blood is pure and vigorous. To expel Scrofula and other poisons from the circulation, the superior medicine is AYER'S Sarsaparilla. It imparts permanent strength and efficiency to every organ of the body. Restoration to perfect health and strength

Results from Using

AYER'S Sarsaparilla. Mary Schubert, Kansas City, Ks., writes:

"I am convinced that after having been sick a whole year from liver complaint, Ayer's Sarsaparilla saved my life. The best physicians being unable to help me, and having tried three other proprietary medicines without benefit, I at last took Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The result was a complete cure. Since then I have recommended this medicine to others, and always with success."

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

A RIDE TO DEATH.

Terrible Speed Down a Mountain Side.

Runaway Cars Scatter Destruction in the Path.

One Hundred and Twenty Miles an Hour and Into Another Train.

Monterey, Mex., Nov. 17.—The particulars of one of the most remarkable and exciting railroad accidents that ever occurred in Mexico have reached here.

The catastrophe occurred four days ago on the Mexican National line.

The grade of the road from this city for a distance of 90 miles beyond Saltillo is very steep.

On Sunday afternoon a double-header train was pulling a train load of corn up the mountain side, when the coupling broke, releasing the caboose and six cars, filled with corn, from the train.

James Martin, the conductor, and Frank Harwood, a brakeman, tried to set the brakes but were powerless to stop the increasing momentum of the cars down the mountain.

Within a distance of six miles the train was running at a speed of 90 miles an hour.

The cars began jumping the track and Martin and Harwood both went down, meeting a terrible death. Before Saltillo was reached all of the cars, with the exception of the caboose and one other, had left the track. These two continued their flight, passing through Saltillo yards at the rate of fully 120 miles an hour.

The train dispatcher at Saltillo was terror-stricken when he saw the cars pass, as he knew they were certain to crash into another double-header freight train that was pulling up the mountain 20 miles below Saltillo.

He could give the train no warning so he did the next best thing by having the wrecking train ordered out.

The caboose and loaded car kept to the track. Frank Davis, the engineer of the up-train saw them coming down the mountain, but too late to save himself. His fireman and the crew of the second engine jumped and received but slight injuries. Davis was buried under a pile of corn and debris. Both engines were completely dismantled.

SENATOR CARLISLE

May Be Made Secretary of State.

Gossip Concerning Men Who May Be in the President's Cabinet.

New York, Nov. 17.—There is a surprise in store for the local makers of cabinets because they will have to take into consideration a new name.

It is that of Senator John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, and he is likely to be made secretary of state.

Senator Carlisle, who has been in the city since the Saturday before election, started for home yesterday afternoon. Since Mr. Cleveland's election they have in prolonged consultation almost daily. Mr. Carlisle on Monday spent three hours with Mr. Cleveland. He visited him on Sunday and remained with him until nearly midnight. He spent almost the entire preceding day with Mr. Cleveland and his friends.

The president-elect has talked with Senator Carlisle all the issues of the campaign and asked his advice on many ticklish points. Mr. Cleveland thinks that Senator Carlisle is the man he wants for the position of secretary of state.

The newest name in cabinet speculation is that of James J. Carter. He is a leading democratic lawyer of this city, and there is no doubt that Mr. Cleveland has him in mind. A friend of Mr. Carter said yesterday:

"Mr. Carter is an intimate personal friend of the president-elect, a man of high character and the possessor of a sufficient fortune to give him that easy independence which is almost indispensable to one who is to assume the post of secretary of state. To the objection that Mr. Carter is not well known to the country at large, however well he may be known to lawyers in this city, the president-elect has replied that Mr. Carter is better known than any man who becam a member of Gen. Grant's second cabinet. Mr. Carter, in Mr. Cleveland's opinion, is not only a more able man than Hamilton Fish was when he became secretary of state under Grant, but is in the enjoyment of a wider fame."

There was considerable talk about the cabinet around the Hoffman house. The members of the democratic national committee, who have returned to close up the affairs of the campaign, would not talk about it.

GARVEN IS GUILTY.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 17.—The jury in the Garven case came into court at 9:45 o'clock this morning and reported a verdict of "involuntary manslaughter."

There being no such crime in the indictment, Judge McClung sent the jury out to make a proper verdict. 10:05 they returned with a verdict, finding Garven guilty of voluntary manslaughter. They recommend the defendant to the extreme mercy of the court.

BRUTAL FIGHT.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 17.—John Huggins, of this city, and Eugene Hornbacker, of New York, engaged in a prize fight near the center of the city last night. Three desperate rounds were fought and as neither man had an apparent advantage the affair was called a draw. The spectators were mostly students.

CASE ABANDONED.

Manchester, Nov. 17.—Prof. Munroe's petition against the election of Right Hon. A. J. Balfour as M. P. for East Manchester, on the alleged grounds of bribery, etc., has been practically abandoned. The court will deliver a final judgment this afternoon.

Coughs and colds. Those who are suffering from coughs, colds, sore throat, etc., should try Brown's Bronchial Troches. Sold only in boxes.

THE ELECTION IS OVER AND WHETHER YOUR FAVORITE GOT IN OR NOT, YOU . . . . . AND YOUR FAMILY NEED . . . . .

KLOTHING • KLOKES • DRESS • GUDES • AND • SUTES

FURZ, WATSHES, JOOLRY, DYMUNDS, KURTENZ, RUGS, ETC.

I kin sympathize with that dorg. I kin, because I felt jest like I reckon he feels now, when I found out I paid twice as much in good hard cash for the things me and Bessy Jane is a wearing, than I could have bought 'em from the Hyman Co. ON EASY PAYMENTS. Dash me ef I haven't learnt a lesson that I'm going to profit by after this.

YOU CAN BUY THEM FOR NEXT TO NOTHING

FROM

THE HYMAN CO.

No. 212 SUMMIT ST., 2d FLOOR, WHOLESALE SIDE OF STREET.

.. TERMS EASY ..

CASH OR CREDIT.

WE CARRY AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT. . . . . WE SELL AT BOTTOM PRICES. WE CAN'T BE MATCHED ON EASY TERMS. . . . . WE GUARANTEE QUALITY AND MAKE

CONNECTICUT.

The Republicans Will Hold On as Long as They Can.

Connecticut legislature af 1891, which has been holding occasional sessions ever since January of that year, would finally adjourn was not realized. The senate went over to December 5 and the house to January 3, the day preceding the convening of the next legislature.

The senate is a tie. The old secretary of state, a republican, will preside over the organization proceedings, and the republicans claim that by casting his vote he can secure the election of republicans as clerk and president pro tem. The democratic lieutenant governor will be seated after this and then the senate will pass into control of the democrats, who will probably take action to secure officers of their own party.

To-day Hood's Sarsaparilla stands at the head in the medicine world, admired in prosperity and envied in merit by thousands of would-be competitors. It has a larger sale than any other medicine. Such success could not be won without positive merit.

Hood's Pills cure constipation.

If You Want

A long waisted garment with Sleeves to match, see us. We have them.

Sanborn & Company,

403 Adams street.

One block from Summit.

WOMAN EDITOR.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 17.—At the Church of Ascension last night, a fashionable company witnessed the marriage of Cornelius Gardner, a prominent Chicago journalist, and for the past two years Washington representative of the Chicago Evening Post, and Miss Ruth Kimball, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Kimball of this city. A tinge of ceremony attaches to the ceremony from the fact that the young couple first became acquainted some months ago when the bride of to-day was seeking admission as a correspondent to the press galleries of the house and senate at Washington. A favorable decision upon her application having met with considerable opposition, her cause was warmly championed by Mr. Gardner, and the marriage last night was the sequel.

Chinchilla

Reefers for small children at

Sanborn's,

403 Adams street.

One block from Summit.

SHOT DEAD.

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 17.—James Costello and Wm. Woods are glass blowers, both employed in this city. Woods had objected to Costello calling upon and paying his attentions to his sister. Last night near the Big Four depot at Anderson, Woods met his sister in company with the man. He pulled a revolver and without warning shot Costello dead, and then escaped.

TROUBLES PILE UP.

Upper Sandusky, O., Nov. 17.—(Special)—Misfortune has visited Mr. J. L. Cook at Nevada, east of here, in a grievous manner. He is engaged in the grocery business and had the leading store in the place. Yesterday he was obliged to assign, and a few hours after was stricken with paralysis. It is doubtful if he will recover.

Misses' Cloaks, Children's Cloaks, Baby Cloaks—NEUHAUSEL BROS.

WILL CELEBRATE.

Upper Sandusky, O., Nov. 17.—Upper Sandusky will jollify. Arrangements are being made for a great jollification next Tuesday. Various committees were appointed to-day and are now zealously at work. It will be an all day affair and promises to eclipse any similar event in the town's history.

Croup is prevented by the timely use of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the mother's friend.

You should keep Salvation Oil on hand; it will cure all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

Crayon, India Ink and Water Color portraits. McKecknie & Oswald, opposite Steedman monument.

MISS DREXEL WEDS.

New York, Nov. 17.—The marriage of Miss Katherine Drexel, who is related to the well-know banking family of that name, and Dr. Charles Bingham Penrose of Philadelphia, was solemnized at St. George's church at 1 o'clock this afternoon in the presence of a large and fashionable gathering.

Handkerchief bargains—
Handkerchief bargains—Neuhausel Bros.

WASA SURPRISE.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 17.—Tiffin society circles are all agog over the marriage of Willis Bacon, a popular and promising young attorney, and Miss Maggie, daughter of R. F. Palmer, a society favorite, at the home of her parents yesterday afternoon.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

Fine cabinet Photos only $3 per doz., at M'KECKNIE & OSWALD'S.

MAY RECOVER.

Boston, Nov. 17.—At a late hour last night Guiseppe Patone, the Italian who killed his two children and cut his own throat, was still alive and the chances for his recovery were considered good.

Millinery attractions—Neuhausel Bros.

CONFLAGRATION.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 17.—The establishment of the Koch and Loeber company, jobbers in willow ware and paper was destroyed by fire last night. The loss on stock will probably reach $100,000 and on the building $10,000. Fully covered by insurance.

Leading Photographers—
M'KECKNIE & OSWALD.

RELIGIUS TROUBLES.

Berlin, Nov. 17.—At Hirschfield, Hesse-Nassau, a Roman Catholic priest named Thiel, has been arrested on a charge of lese majeste, he having spoken in a derogatory way in a sermon of the kaiser's attendance at the Luther celebration in Wittenberg.

For fine Photos go to McKecknie & Oswald's.

NOTICE.

David R. Phillips and Florence Phillips, his wife, whose residence is unknown to plaintiff, but who are supposed to reside in the village of Brownsville, in the state of Pennsylvania, will take notice that on the first day of September, 1892, the city of Toledo, Ohio, for the use of Curtis & Brainard, a partnership in said city, filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, and which petition is still pending therein, being cause No. 33515 on the docket of said court. The object and prayer of which petition is to enforce the lien of an assessment for the construction of Sewer No. 350 in the alley between Orchard street and Prouty avenue in said city of Toledo, and which assessment was confirmed by the Common Council of said city on June 1st, 1891, the amount of said assessment against Lot No. 30 of Shaw and Wells' 2nd addition to Toledo, Ohio, owned by said David R. Phillips and Florence Phillips being the sum of $34.66.

And said petition also prays for a sale of said lot to pay the amount due on said assessment and the costs of this action. Said defendants are required to answer or plead to said petition on or before the 24th day of December, 1892.

T. J. M'DONNELL, Plff's. Atty.

Oct. 26, 1892.

first pub thurs oct 27-nov-3-10-17-24-dec-1

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Henry Rapp, late of Lucas County, Ohio, deceased.

JACOB MURRAGH, Administrator.

Southard & Cass, Attys.

Dated at Toledo, this 1st day of November, 1892. thurs-nov-3-10-17

The Time

Has come when every one should know that when they want Diamonds, Watches or Jewelry, go to

ROULET & BAKER'S

305 Summit St.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT

U.S. MAIL CHUTES

WHICH ARE

A NECESSITY IN OFFICE BUILDINGS AND HOTELS

Write to the sole makers,

THE CUTLER M'F'G CO., Rochester, N. Y.

PATENTED. AUTHORIZED.

WE OFFER

A FREE TRIP TO THE WORLD'S FAIR

WITH ALL EXPENSES PAID!

To any person who can procure a House in the City who will offer as low prices, make terms as easy and show as large and pretty assortments of

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods?

AS THE

PEOPLE'S OUTFITTING COMPANY,

129-131 Summit St., Bet. Monroe and Jefferson,

Cash or Easy Payments. Retail Side.

ED. McLEARY,

Practical Machinist!

Repairing and Setting Up Machinery Promptly Attended To.

2 & 4 ST. CLAIR ST., TOLEDO, O.

Toledo Truck & Storage Co

General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting of Machinery and Safes.

Office and Warehouse:

25 to 35 S. St. Clair St

NOTICE.—Manosa A. Wertenberger and

Wertenberger his wife, whose residences are unknown, will take notice that on the 24th day of October, 1892, the city of Toledo for the use of John S. Eck, filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, in case No. 33743 against the above named parties and others, praying for the foreclosure of an assessment levied and assessed by the Common Council of said city on lot number 185 the sum of $8.47; on lot number 186 the sum of $5.93; on lot number 187 the sum of $5.93, in the McLean Glassboro Addition to the city of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, to pay for constructing a plank sidewalk four feet in width on the east side of Brigham street in front of said lots, on which the above sums are due with interest thereon from the 27th day of November, 1890, and the sum of twenty per cent. penalty thereon, plaintiff prays that said defendant —— Wertenberger, wife of Manosa A. Wertenberger, be required to set up by answer herein what interest if any she has in said premises and in default of such answer she be forever barred from claiming any interest in said real estate. Said parties are required to answer on or before the 17th day of December, 1892, or judgment will be taken against them.

STEPHEN BROPHY, Atty. for Plff.

first pub thurs oct 27-nov-3-10-17-24-dec-1

MERCHANTS' AND CLERKS' SAVINGS BANK

338 SUMMIT ST., NEAR ADAMS.

Pays Interest Semi-Annually on Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes to Rent! Burglar Proof Vault.

OLIVER S. BOND, Pres. J. E. BAILEY, Vice Pres.

E. LOUIS SCHOMBURG, Cashier.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

D. H. BALDWIN & CO.

HAVE REMOVED TO 603 ADAMS STREET,

FIRST DOOR FROM HURON STREET.

COME AND SEE US FOR BARGAINS

"Candee" Rubber Agency!

122 and 124 Huron St., Toledo, O.

SMITH, SIMMONS & PEABODY CO

COLLEGE,

Steadman

Cor. Summit & Adams Streets Over Hudsons' Store.

MONDAY WOULD BE A GOOD DAY TO ENTER

But the "best time" is when you are ready.

A. H. STEADMAN Prin.

SATURDAY, NOV. 5, "THE MODEL"

WILL PUT ON SALE

600 Double Breasted Suits, new goods, all wool, latest styles, and worth $12, $15 and $18 each.

CHOICE $10. CHOICE $10

Also 450 Kersey Overcoats, Double and Single Breasted, new goods, all shades, worth $12 and $15 each.

CHOICE—$10.00—CHOICE!

This lot of goods was recently purchased in New York at a large discount, to close, for cash. They are great bargains. Call and see them at

THE MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE, 201, 203, 205 SUMMIT ST. CORNER JEFFERSON.

NELLIS & HATTENBACH, Proprietors.

A CHAPTER FROM LIFE,

One Episode In the Life of a Well-Known Man.

How He Came Most Dangerously Near Death, But Escaped.

A Reminiscence That Is a Warning To All.

When a man comes near death in a battle or disease he thoroughly realizes how sweet a thing is life. It is a fact that we do nott value a jewel until we lose it, and only one who has come dangerously near death, or at least has suffered weeks and months of sickness can fully appreciate the blessing of health and life.

How many people are there who grow weak and tired without knowing why, do not sleep well nights and get up mornings, tired and unrefreshed; their head often aches or feels badly, their stomach, liver or kidneys are affected and they have constipated bowels, and they feel nervous, depressed in mind and generally run down. Then it is that they realize the value of their lost health.

So it was with Charles H. Stevens, esq., of South Effingham, N. H., a man well known and highly honored in the Granite state.

Charles H. Stevens, Esq.

"The facts are these," said Mr. Stevens to our reporter when interviewed concerning this mattetr of great public interest. "I was about prostrated in health, extremely nervous, limbs stiff in the joints, my bowels were bloated badly, and my breathing was terrible. I could not stoop without almost losing my breath.

"In fact I was almost a complete wreck, and could do but little work of any kind.

"I commenced to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and at the end of one week I had lessened in girth about my bowels two inches and now my girth is five inches less, and I am able to do a full day's labor.

"I tell you, if it had not been for Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I should have been dead before this time and I can therefore give this wonderful remedy the highest praise."

Everybody says the same who has used it. If you are sick, or if you don't feel just right, take our advice and use this great remedy. All druggists have it for $1, and we can assure our readers that it is purely vegetable and harmless. Besides, there is the still greater fact that it cures, and inasmuch as it is the discovery of the eminent Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th street, New York, who gives consultation free to the sick, it is virtually guaranteed as a great physician's prescription.

Another Invoice Received!

—OF—

SURAHS!

IN ALL SHADES.

Just the thing for Fancy Work, which will be sold for 25c per yard.

. . . OUR . . .

Dress Goods Department

Is loaded with all the latest styles in the market.

. . . OUR . . .

Furnishing Department.

If you are in need of anything in this line it will pay you to give us a call.

L. E. FLORY & CO.

East Side.

No. 9 and Democrats are All Right! Shuttle Sewing Machines and Republicans are Not In It!

TOLEDO'S SEWING MACHINE CENTER wholesale and retail. Energetic, Enterprising, Reliable. A market worthy the patronage of everyone. Call or write for terms and prices.

A. AUSTIN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Sewing Machines and Supplies for all Machines. Old machines repaired. Work warranted. Office 317 Adams Street. Established 40 years.

STATE ASSOCIATION OF AUDITORS.

Columbus, O., Nov. 17.—The State Association of Auditors discussed that section of the Garber law requiring a penalty of 5 per cent. for failure to pay taxes before December 20. Since the new law went into effect that penalty which formerly went to the treasurers as fees has been going into the county treasury. The general opinion was that the penalty must go on, but the association refused to pass upon the question, and it was referred to Auditor of State Poe and Attorney General Richards. The following officers were elected: President, W. H. Lewis, Montgomery county; vice president, Louis A. Loichot, Stark; secretary, Joseph A. Henderson, Belmont; treasurer, Charles H. Jones, Lucas.

Two Sunday trains each way between Toledo and Owosso on T., A. A & N. M. Ry.

Pills promote constipation—Simmons Liver Regulator cures constipation.

WALKING ON THE TRACK.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 17.—A train on the Central this morning killed a man who was walking on the track near Lockport. His hat was marked "S. N. Woollen."

Fine and medium Hosiery—

ALL OVER THE CITY.

Minor Notes of Interest in the Local News Line,

Gathered by the Bee's Corps of Hustlers,

And Put in Shape for Perusal by People Who Are Pressed for Time—Happenings of the Day in a Nutshell.

Increasing demand for coal.

Hoofland's Bitters give strength.

Gosline & Barbour sell coal at retail.

First university extension lecture tomorrow evening.

Night classes of the Manual Training school are filling up well.

Opening of the West End Club rooms on Adams street this evening.

Toledo's new armory is the admiration of all military men who see it.

Mackintoshes, rubbers and umbrellas were in demand again this morning.

The Elks will give a banquet to the ladies at Odd Fellows' temple this evening.

Three city committees, those on streets, sidewalks and sewers, should meet this evening.

Toledo Laundry Co. employs only the best help and turns out the finest work. Phone 438.

During the first fifteen days of this month the rainfall in Toledo amounted to 1.53 inches.

Scarlet fever signs are numerous on West Washington street. The cases are all light, however.

The stereopticon entertainment, given at the Sergeant Baptist chapel, last evening, drew a large audience.

Mrs. Ella Erskine, an old and much respected resident of Toledo, died yesterday at her home on Twelfth street.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Robert Erskine took place from her late home on Twelfth street yesterday afternoon.

Capt. Ed McNally of the City of Toledo is the happy father of a 13-pound boy, who cast an anchor on this mundane sphere last night.

The body of the young man who committed suicide at Auburndale, Tuesday afternoon, was taken to his home in Charlotte, Mich., yesterday.

W. L. Van Voorhis, of Cincinnati, will deliver a free lecture on "Home Reading" at the Eleventh Street Church of Christ, this evening, beginning at 8 p. m.

Some sensitive republican should take down the stricken party banner on Summit street; or are they waiting for a generous democrat to perform this courtesy.

Mr. C. H. Reeves, state organizer of the Knights of the Maccabees, is in Toledo. His visit is for the purpose of strengthening the branches of the order here.

The coroner yesterday investigated the death of a nine-months-old babe, belonging to a Polish family, on Pulaski street. He pronounced the cause of death inanition.

Invitations have been issued by Aurora lodge, Daughters of Rebekah, for an entertainment and hop to be given at Odd Fellows' temple Tuesday evening, November 22.

You will surely miss it if you want anything in China, Glassware and Crockery if you fail to attend the "Big Bargain Sale" going on at Powell's, 330 Summit street, between the transfer stations.

A Huron street electric car stalled for lack of power when just across the Adams street track yesterday afternoon, and held cars on Adams street until it was pushed out of the way.

Mr. Adolph Georg, a prominent music teacher of East Toledo, purchased a beautiful Vose & Sons piano of J. W. Greene & Co., the past week. Musicians are becoming very partial to the Vose & Sons piano.

Chas. E. Bronson stole a cornet at Defiance from the local band, brought it to Toledo and pawned it. He was arrested in Mansfield and Detective Heinig recovered the instrument here. It was valued at $60.

Everything goes at Powell's big bargain sale of China, Glassware and Crockery. Prices cut no figure. Don't get mixed up in the rush and go into the wrong place. 330 Summit is the number, between the transfer stations.

The gentlemen of the Third Congregational church gave an oyster supper and entertainment last evening, in the church parlors. Both entertainment and supper were first-class, and the success achieved by the gentlemen in their first attempt at church supper work will create a demand for their services in the future.

This evening the meeting for young men, held in the Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium, will be held at 9 o'clock instead of 8 o'clock, on account of the week night prayer meetings. Mr. H. E. King, president of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A., will speak on the topic, "A Question That Confronts Everyone." All young men are invited to attend.

T. & O. C. Earnings.

The earnings of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad for the second week of November show up good. They amounted to $42,305, an increase of $3,905 over the same period of last year.

Don't Get Left.

The Lake Shore and the Michigan Central railroads will change time Sunday for the winter months. Travelers should take heed and look the time tables over before taking their usual trains or they may get left.

A Musicale.

Last evening a pleasant musicale was given at the residence of Mr. John Clouse, on Walnut street. Among those who favored the guests were Mr. Clouse, Miss Jeannette Clouse and Mrs. Thos. Watters. A most enjoyable evening was passed.

Contagious Disease Reported.

Yesterday and to-day the following cases of contagious diseases were reported at the health office: Scarlet fever at 801 Bartlett street, 817 Eleventh street, 721 Stickney avenue, 118 Tecumseh street; typhoid fever at 119 Jarvis street.

Cyclers Will Go.

The Toledo Mandolin club gives a concert at Wauseon, December 8. W. S. Stackhouse will assist. About fifty of the Toledo Cycling club boys will go along to whoop things up and have a good time. After the concert the hall will be cleared for dancing. A big time is expected.

A Lot for Soldiers.

The Woman's Relief corps has nearly paid for a lot in Woodlawn cemetery for soldiers. The ladies are arranging to give an entertainment in about two weeks to raise the amount necessary to make the last payment. The ladies will no doubt be met with hearty assistance.

The Carpenters.

One candidate was initiated by the Carpenters' union last night. The union donated $20 to the Homestead strikers, and postponed the organization of the new union on the East Side for one week, as many members desire to take part in the democratic ratification meeting next Saturday night.

Stealing From Cars.

For some time things have been missed from freight cars in the yards on the East Side. Wm. Miller, aged 17 years, was arrested this morning for stealing a large quantity of shoes from a car. He had nippers on his person with which to break the seals on car doors. The shoes were [illegible]

Bad Sausage Captured.

Meat Inspector Brown and Sergeant Graham captured nearly 4,000 pounds of sausage this morning. It was brought here from the east by a man by the name of Wolf, a Jew, who was in the habit of selling it to saloons and restaurants. The sausage was found unfit for food. Wolf will do no more business here.

Two Fatal Cases of Croup.

Two children of Charles Baumgardner, of 1011 Forrer street, have died with membraneous croup this week, one dying last night. The only other child in the family is also down with it and not expected to live until morning. The parents have the sympathy of all in their affliction.

Deaths at the Asylum.

Arthur Hall, aged 20 years, an epileptic patient at the asylum for the insane, died yesterday. He was from Hardin county. Another death at the same institution yesterday was that of Samuel Pollock, aged 34 years, of paralysis. He was from Van Wert county, and had been an inmate of the asylum for about two years.

Narrow Escape.

A miraculous escape from serious injury was the case of a man and woman riding in a buggy in front of a Consolidated Belt line care, at Auburndale, yesterday. The car ran into them, tipping them over and throwing the occupants out. The only damage was to the buggy. The only wonder is that such accidents are not more common and more serious.

The Machinists.

Lodge No. 105, I. A. M., last night initiated one new member and received communications from five lodges in regard to the convention at Tiffin, on December 3, to form a district lodge. The letters promised delegates and asked information, which was ordered to be furnished. The initiation was taken by No. 105.

The Wabash Boats.

The Wabash boats between Toledo and Buffalo will stop running for the season on or about December 1. West bound lake freight will not be received after November 19. The east bound from west of the Mississippi has not been handled since the 10th. The boats are busy now moving the accumulated freight. The season has been a busy one.

The Toledo High School's Newspaper.

Beginning next Monday the Toledo High school will use two columns in the morning Commercial as a High school organ.

The following staff has been selected: Editor-in-chief, Will D. Candee; associate editor, Miss Grace Jennings; society editor, Miss Belle Bentley; city editor, Miss Mabel Raitz; sporting editor, Willie Upp.

Coming From Bowling Green.

Bowling Green rejoices with Toledo, and inasmuch as Toledoans helped the citizens of that place to celebrate over the democratic victory, they in return will whoop it up with us Saturday evening. Over two hundred people from Bowling Green have arranged to come to Toledo Saturday on the Toledo & Ohio Central, arriving here at 3:15 p. m., and departing at 11:30 p. m.

The City Printing.

The printing committee has passed a resolution recommending that the contract for the regular printing be let to the Commercial and that for the alternate printing to the Bee, at 75 cents per square for the first insertion and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion. The paper publishing the alternate printing gets such advertising as is required by law to be inserted in two papers.

Dempsey's Desire.

Jack Dempsey, the well-known athlete, is making vigorous efforts to build up the Toledo Athletic club into something of which he and the city may be proud. He has greatly improved the hall on the river front, and is getting together quite a class. He is a good instructor, an enthusiast in his work, and is begging from nobody. He only asks for a square appreciation of his efforts and guarantees a quid pro quo to his patrons.

Stonecutters' Dance.

The ball given by the Stonecutters' union last night at Pythian Castle was an unqualified success. There were about 500 people in attendance, and all had a pleasant time, the program of dances being good and the management perfection. A great many tickets were sold to persons who did not attend, but showed their good will to the union, and a handsome addition to the sick fund will be the result of the dance.

Raw Recruits.

Three men have been accepted for the army at the recruiting rendezvous in this city, just established under Lieut. Partello. A number who applied were rejected on account of being over age, under weight or because of defective eyesight. The three recruits are J. T. Johnson, W. P. Hunt and Rudolph Weitzger, and they now wear government clothes. They will be sent to Columbus in a few days and put in the "awkward squad."

Building Permits.

Neuhausel Bros. this morning obtained the permit for their big $20,000 brick building to be erected on lots 1015 and 435, Vistula and St. Lawrence divisions, fronting on Summit street; and Helen H. Emery a permit for a $3,300 frame dwelling on lot 32 and the south half of lot 31, Glenwood addition, fronting Glenwood avenue. Permits have also been issued to H. H. Hardesty for two $1,500 dwellings on lots 125 and 126 Woodlawn division, fronting on Heston street.

P. K. of A. Hop To-Night.

The Protestant Knights of America of this city give their first annual hop this evening at Weber's hall, East Toledo.

This organization has just been formed, and is incorporated under the laws of the state of Ohio, having for its object mutual benefit, preservation of the public school system and a division of church and state.

The Patriotic Daughters of America will lend their assistance in making the event a success.

All American patriotic societies are cordially invited to attend.

Y. W. C. A. Classes.

The Young Women's Christian association is never weary of well doing.

The latest plan for the benefit of young women is the evening class for different kinds of instruction.

The following classes will be organized this evening:

Dressmaking, in charge of Miss Margaret Packer; plain sewing, Mrs. J. Currie; fancy work, grammar, penmanship, and arithmetic, under the direction of first-class instructors.

These classes are free to all members. Non-members will be charged $1 for the course.

This is an opportunity which any young woman deficient in any of the branches cannot afford to miss.

FIRST IN THE FIELD.

The Woolson Spice Company Has a Smoke Consumer.

The Woolson Spice company is seemingly first in the field with a perfect smoke consumer.

A look at their chimneys punctuates this fact. Those desiring to find out the secret can have it by calling at the institution.

A COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT

o Be Given by Toledo Council, No 21, Royal Arcanum.

A complimentary concert will be given at the Central Congregational church next Tuesday evening by Toledo council, No. 21, Royal Arcanum. Wade's Metropolitan Stars have been secured and the affair promises to be charming. Noticed on the program were the following names: Miss Pearl Mer[illegible], Edward Bush, jr., Ida Godbold, Howard S. Starrett and Fred G. Jephcott.

THE CARTRIDGE BOX CAST.

Those Who Are to Appear in the Operetta Penlope.

The cast has been completed for the production of the operetta, Penilope, or the Milkman's Bride, at the Cadets' Cartridge Box, December 14, 15 and 16. The piece tells of the trials of a housemaid who has three lovers—a soldier, a policeman and a milkman. The characters will be taken as follows:

Penelope, the housemaid.....Mrs. Thos. Watters.
Mrs. Croke, lady of the house.....Miss Anna Thorne.
Tosser, private in the Grenadiers.....Bert St. John.
Pitcher, the policeman.....Geo. W. Stevens.
Chatbs, the milkman.....Chas. O'Brien.
'Arry, who runs the flat.....Bert Burgert.

Numerous others will assist with musical and specialty numbers.

AN INSURANCE CASE.

One Company Sues Another in the U. S. Court.

The Parkersburg Insurance company has entered suit in the United States court against the Sandusky Insurance company for breach of contract and the damages. The petition sets forth that the plaintiff about October 30, 1891, agreed with the defendant that the latter should reinsure 2,684 policies of the plaintiff, amounting to $2,427,661.13. Defendant was to give bond at a certain time, but failed and refused. The damages claimed consist of $13,200, cost and payments for cancelling policies; $7,635 for losses by the burning of porperties insured by the policies; and $2,100 for added expenses in carrying on plaintiff's business by reason of defendant's failure to carry out the terms of the contract.

M. H. Brown, receiver of the C., J. & M. railroad, has filed his report, showing the receipts and disbursements of $41,454.37 from July 1 to September 30.

U. S. Commissioner Beckwith yesterday held Henry Ganzenbach, of Birmingham, in $100 bond for trial on a charge of retailing liquor without payment of the special revenue tax.

A BUNCH OF DATES.

The Ramabai Meeting Yesterday Afternoon.

The Ramabai circle met yesterday with Mrs. Chas. Peck, on Buffalo street, Mrs. Ensign in the chair, Mrs. D. C. Shaw, secretary.

Mrs. Shaw read an interesting article from "Lend a Hand," and letters from Ramabai were also read.

Three girls in Ramabai's school have written letters thanking the American ladies for their interest in and help for the child-widows of India, and these, too, were read. Articles from Mission Studies were also read, closing a pleasant and instructive session.

This evening the regular meeting of the Catholic Literay and Musical club will be held in Friendship hall.

The feature of the evening will be the paper by Dr. Effie Obermiller, on Music, its Origin and Development, up to the Period of Sebastian Bach.

To-morrow (Friday) evening Dr. and Mrs. Cravens will entertain the members of the New Century club. The paper on "Industrial Changes," will be read by Mr. A. E. Macomber.

The Political Equality club will meet Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at 830 West Washington street. The first paper on the Constitutional History of Ohio, will be read by Mrs. Claude Q. Murphy.

FIRES THIS YEAR.

In Eight Months There Were 212 Alarms.

From January 1 up to the end of October there were 212 fire alarms in this city. The losses by fire during that time are estimated at $348,260.62, and the insurance on the property destroyed or injured was $1,507,677. The losses over insurance paid generally average 16 or 17 per cent. of the entire losses. This would make the losses over insurance for the eight months about $56,000.

In January there were 22 alarms, and the biggest fire was that on the 19th day of the month, which totally destroyed the Robison street car barns, making a loss of about $82,000. None of the 26 fires in February were of great extent, the greatest being that which burned the ice house at Manhattan. In March none of the 25 fires were very large, and the 16 of April were not big. In May there were 13, the most extensive being that in the Ames-Bonner brush factory, on the 29th, the loss being about $16,000. In June there were none of great extent, the worst being that in the restaurant at No. 109 Summit street, in which two men barely escaped death, and where the loss was about $2,000. In July there were 30 alarms and two of the biggest fires of the year. These were the Neuhausel fire, on Summit street, on the 8th, involving a loss of about $125,000, and the blaze which destroyed the electric light works on St. Clair street, on the 30th, and causing $600,000 loss. In August there were 22 alarms; in September 11, and in October 23 alarms, but none of the fiers were greater than the common run.

THE CHARITY BALL

Promises To Be a Grand Affair.

The ladies of the Day Nursery company have nearly completed the arrangements for what promises to be a most successful charity ball.

If having the best hall, the best music, the best supper and the best efforts in its behalf of forty or fifty representative ladies of the city, can assure its success, then it is assured.

The citizens, generally, have expressed much sympathy for this work and the trustees hope they will not neglect this opportunity of giving a practical proof of their interest.

It is down among the probabilities that the company can remain in their present quarters not longer than till next spring, and it i shoped that this entertainment will give them a fund with which they may build, buy or rent a permanent home, when they must make a change.

No one who is acquainted with the result of the first year's work of this institution, can doubt but that it is doing a most excellent and much needed work, and one that not only appeals to the sympathy of the people, but which is worthy of the support of the tax-payers, inasmuch as it enables many women to work for the support of their families, who, without its assistance, would be obliged to call upon the city for aid.

The tickets for the party have been placed at $3.00, which admits two persons, each additional person will be admitted for $1.00 extra.

Tickets may be procured at Brown, Eager & Hull's bookstore, West's and Reed's drug stores, the Boody, Jefferson, Hamilton and Madison hotels, of the ladies of the Nursery and at the door of the Pythian castle on the evening of November 22, 1892.

WILL HAVE A PARADE.

Young Men's Democratic Club in Line Saturday Night.

The young men's democratic clubs have decided to give a parade Saturday evening. The matter will be definitely settled this evening.

Simmons Liver Regulator, bear in mind, is not an experiment. It is indorsed by thousands.

Underwear—all qualities—Neuhausel Bros.
Underwear—all qualities—Neuhausel Bros.

Vose & Sons' Pianos.

The Vose & Sons piano with new scale and new designs in case are pronounced by musicians to be the most desirable instruments in the market.

In Tone quality they are most pleasing and for durability they are the equal of any instrument on the market.

J. W. Greene & Co.

Pythian Castle

NEUENDORF RESIGNS.

Another Seat in the Council Now Vacant.

Arrangements Must Be Made to Hold an Election to Choose a Successor—Next!

Mr. Charles Neuendorf, member of the city council from the First Ward, handed his resignation to Mayor Emmick at 2:45 o'clock this afternoon, in consequence of late proceedings in the common pleas court. This action has been expected for some days, and the desire of the city authorities has been that all who feel called upon to resign from like cause should do so at once so that the elections to give the people a chance to choose men to fill all vacancies could be held on the same day, which would be more convenient. Therefore, there are other resignations looked for immediately.

CYCLONE

Damages a Pretty Illinois Town.

Redbud, Ill., Nov. 17.—Where last night existed a beautiful little town full of happy homes is to-day a scene of wreck and desolation.

Houses, barns, fences and orchards are leveled to the ground and spread over the surrounding country.

At 3:30 this morning a cyclone 200 yards across struck the town, entering from the south. It first demolished the Catholic church and school, and the residence of Herman Drage.

The German Lutheran church was next leveled to the ground. After destroying several barns, bearing away all kinds of fences, it next attacked the large two-story residence of Peter Kendall, which was of solid stone, and crumbled it to fragments.

Mrs. Kendall was severely injured. A large double brick house, occupied by D. D. Perry as a dwelling, office and composing room of the Redbud Democrat, was entirely destroyed. The family were buried in the ruins, but managed to extricate themselves without serious injury.

Peterson's agricultural warehouse was blown down and fourteen other residences were destroyed. The 11-year-old son of Mrs. Jacob Koch was killed instantly and his mother was fatally injured.

The others seriously injured are: Mrs. Peter Karden, Mrs. Louis Bozer, Julius Hohn, Mr. Heitman, Adden Starr, Miss Emma Crow, Mrs. John Manderfeldt, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Perry.

Many of the people are without clothing and shelterless and the cold rain makes their situation the more deplorable. The property is estimated at $100,000.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

COME! COME!

Now is your time to save money. Goods at your own price. The fine line of Merchant Tailoring goods of the late Samuel Gitskey to be closed out. This sale will continue until January 1 only.

AMERICAN TAILORING CO.,
139 Summit St, City.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. WM. T. ROWSEY'S COUGH CURE—Excellent for public speakers, singers, children, and will cure all throat trouble; whooping cough can only be cured by using Dr. Rowsey's Remedy. All druggists. 3nov13

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A GOOD YOUNG horse, dark bay, sound and a good driver; weighs about 1,100. Inquire 35 Law Building. p

WANTED—AT ONCE—TWO GIRLS AT the Empire House, 821 Summit street. 17nov2p

FOR SALE—CHEAP—LOT OF SHELVing. Inquire at Law Library, 512 Nasby Building. 17nov2

WANTED—A MAN OF EXPERIENCE would like position in grocery store; satisfactory reference. Address K, 45, care Bee office. p

FOR SALE—SEVERAL NICE NEW 6-roomed cottages on Elmwood ave., and near Yost Bicycle Works; small payments and long time. Inquire 35 Law Building. p

FOR RENT—GOOD NINE ROOMED house, with barn, on Jefferson; six fine new cottages in west part of town; small house on Shepler street. Inquire 35 Law Building. p

FOR RENT—MASQUERADE SUITS. W. E. Muessel, 829 Summit street. p

SOCIETIES AND FAMILIES DESIRING the services of a first class nurse can obtain the same by phoneing 892; first class references given. 17nov3

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS—AT ONCE corner Oak and Summit streets. 17nov2p

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS at the Sitterly restaurant, 340 Summit st. p

WANTED — GIRLS FOR MACHINE work. Apply at once at Ames, Bonner & Co., corner Ottawa and Lafayette streets. 17nov3

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS at the Sitterly restaurant, 340 Summit st. p

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO SELL daily papers, books, periodicals on railroad train. Appy to Union News Co., Pennsylvania Depot. 17oct2

FOR SALE—CHEAP—TWO ST. BERnard dogs, 6 months old. Enquire L. E. Flory & Co., East Toledo. 17nov4p

FOR SALE—SALOON SITUATED AT 611 South St. Clair street; good reason for selling; sickness in family. Address M. Connell, on premises. 17nov6

FOR SALE—A FINE 2 1-2 YEAR OLD colt. For further information apply at 529 Tecumseh street, city. 17nov6p

DRUG STORE—ONE OF THE BEST LOcations in the city; stock in first class shape; good reasons for selling; cash. P. O. Box 472, Toledo, Ohio. 17nov3p

FOR SALE—CHEAP—LOT 25x110 IN Glenaurban, on South street; party wishing to leave city. Address C. 44, Bee office. p

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Oxfords and Shoes

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Men and Women.

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Including all the latest novelties. Call and make your selections for the Holidays. We can funish you with the latest styles in

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328 Summit St.

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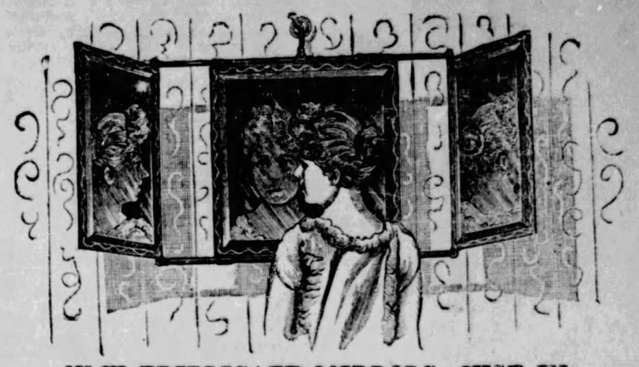

NEW TRIPLICATE MIRRORS--JUST IN.

BRIGGS & LEIBIUS, 307 SUMMIT ST

WE HAVE RECEIVED . . . .

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AND

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THEY'RE OUT OF SIGHT.

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PIANOS

Gildemeister & Kroeger
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Stuyvesant,

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GET THE BEST.

In Buying do you try to get the best or the cheapest? If you want to be certain to get the best shoes, go where even a child can be sure to get the best to be found for the price paid. Reliability is one of the main attractions which calls people to us for their shoes. We think this is very important in any business and particularly in ours.

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FINE FOOT COSTUMES.

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The Toledo Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

Home office in New Bee Building, 326 St. Clair street; New York Office, room 206, Potter Building, opposite postoffice.

Telephones, Editorial 355; Counting Room 102

There appears at present to be no doubt of the re-election of Speaker Crisp.

Tammany will be represented at President Cleveland's inaugural by 7,000 braves and—a tiger.

Republican editors have ceased to ornament their columns with tariff pictures and parallel lines.

Wild-cat bank talk has ceased, with the other ante-election nonsense of the republican orators and papers.

By the way, what county is to get that silk flag offered by Chairman Dick for the greatest republican gain?

Bryan is becoming quite noted. A murder trial in progress, and another probable murder in one week is rather lively.

The jollification at Memorial hall on Saturday night will undoubtedly be a rousing one, as of right it ought to be.

Census bulletins continue to be issued, but Porter's deductions are not occupying so much attention as they did two weeks ago.

The popular majority against President Harrison and the republican party approximates nearly a million votes. Pretty near a wholesale condemnation.

The democratic ticket will next year be printed first on the blanket sheet now being used for voting. A provision of the law determines this question.

Mrs. Deacon is in hard luck. A fine of 4,000 francs daily has been imposed until she reveals the whereabouts of her daughter. Rather an expensive girl.

Ex-Senator Ingalls, when requested to give his views on the cyclone, remarked curtly that he had no time "to make any autopsies or post-mortem statements."

How anxious are our friends the enemy to get down to business and forget the election. The result was so pleasant and democrats are loth to forget it so soon.

Congress convenes early next month. Chairman Holman has already called the committee on appropriations together to complete the bills for running the machinery.

The democratic party would not find a more formidable candidate for governor next year than Walter B. Ritchie, of Lima. He is full of new blood, and young blood too.

A poll has been made of the new house of representatives, and it is given out that there is a good-sized majority against any free silver coinage bill. However, this remains to be seen.

A suggestion to Col. Shepard, who regards himself and party as filling the bill, if the people do not: "Many are the afflictions of the righteous, but the Lord delivereth them out of them all."

The other day Charles F. Ruggles, of Omaha, held three aces and drew the fourth in a game of poker. He looked on the hand and dropped dead from joy. Three aces are enough to get and live.

Toledo's benevolently disposed people may well assist the ladies of the Day Nursery circle in their efforts to procure funds. Their party next week at the Pythian castle should be liberally patronized.

Ex-Governor Campbell is one of the speakers invited to address the New York Reform club members at a jollification banquet to be held December 3. It will do to keep a good eye on James E. in the future.

Organization on the part of the democracy in New York, Wisconsin, Illinois, New Jersey and other states has produced victorious results. Toledo democrats, as well as those of Ohio, can follow the example with profit.

Jerry Simpson, the sockless, remains in congress another term. Byron Ritchie will have something good to tell Toledo Elks on his return from Washington, after he has had a chance to size up the eccentric Kansan.

It will be necessary to crowd all the Ohio republicans into the state house at Columbus, since they will have nowhere else to go. After all these years of nibbling at the public crib, it will be very hard to work as ordinary mortals do.

Measures for reform in the city government are not prepared in a day. Careful thought is necessary, hence it is proper to move slowly. The general public is right on the question, but will be backward in giving approval to any hotch-potch affair.

Now that the official vote has been canvassed and certified, Congressman Ritchie and Judge Scribner can again be congratulated on the successful conclusion of their race. The figures show the gentlemen to be sprinters of the most approved order.

There is hope for the boys yet. Mayor-elect Gilroy, of New York, started in life as a printer's devil and worked at "the case" until 22. He then went into politics for a living, and has ended up as mayor, being elected by the largest majority ever given a candidate.

While Pennsylvania democrats were whittling down the usual 100,000 republican majority, Senator Matt Quay was gobbling the legislative districts, and his servants will go through the form of re-electing him next January. Quay never forgets Quay.

Suicides have been frequent since the election. So many persons bet money which did not belong to them, that sooner than face the responsibility, they are using pistols to blow out their brains. What is the moral? Take the advice given by the Bee and never bet.

The New York Herald is devoting columns to awakening sentiment in favor of abolishing our ministers at foreign courts, regarding the American minister as out of date. By doing this, the Herald argues, over $400,000 would be saved on the leading missions alone.

Mr. Barton Smith, elsewhere in this issue, gives his ideas on the question of municipal government, a subject in which Toledoans are more or less interested at present. The Bee will be pleased to print the views of all citizens, no matter what the same may be, so long as they discuss the point at issue. Another suggestion will be the more appreciated if the author would attach his signature thereto, as does Mr. Smith.

An expert has figured it out that one million republican farmers stayed at home and did not vote this year. Why did these men remain away from the polls if the republican party was doing the great things for the farmer which were mentioned in the campaign speeches? Here's a chance for another expert to throw himself.

BOK'S LETTERS.

The Bee has made arrangements with the Bok syndicate press of New York, for the exclusive use in Toledo of several interesting articles, including a weekly letter from Bok on topics of interest to all of its readers, especially the ladies. They will appear every Saturday. Two of these letters have already been printed, and occasioned favorable comment.

LET IT DIE.

The republican papers of the west are decidedly doubtful of the continued existence of the republican party as an organization. As staunch a republican paper as the Sacramento Bee has this to say of the situation:

The question now to be asked the voters, in all seriousness, is: "Will the republican party of the nation rise superior to the terrific defeat of November 8, and ever again be in a position to maintain a winning contest?"

Let those who will, laugh at such a query; it is the one that stares the republicans of the country in the face to-day. The republican party has not the recuperative power of the democratic concern. Staunch and true republicans, no matter how firm they are in their faith, will not meekly bow the neck to every imposition of untrustworthy leaders, who degrade the one-time sacred name of republican.

And it adds:

The republican party must rid itself of its Matt Quays, its Andrew Carnegies, and its Whitelaw Reids if it ever hopes to again come into power. It must shake off the incubi which have fattened upon its vitals, and return to the first principles which made it great, and grand, and glorious. If it does not do so, it will die—and, with all due respect to the sacred memory of what it has been, it ought to die.

TRUTH VS. FICTION.

THE TELEGRAPH.

Lowell, Mass., Nov. 15.—At a meeting of the agents of Lowell cotton mills to-day it was decided to grant an increase, not to exceed 7 per cent., in the wages of the operatives, to take effect on Dec. 4.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 15.—The Lonsdale company and the firm of B. B. & R. Knight notified their employees to-day of an increase in wages, to go into effect on Dec. 5. The amount of the proposed increase is not given out. This action will doubtless be followed by the other cotton manufacturers in the state.

W. H. MAHER.

It could truthfully be said of the business situation one month ago that never in 25 years had it been so satisfactory, or, barring political action, so hopeful for the future. In every section of the country every class of people were prosperous. This could not be said of the business situation to-day. The man who sees no cloud in the sky is wilfully blind. The policy of the country is to be changed by popular demand. Where will that change strike?

OHIO PRESS COMMENT.

Raked in the Pot.

The democratic "rainbow chasers" found the "pot of gold" at the end.—Tiffin Advertiser.

Sherman Is Foxy Enough.

Senator Sherman has already pulled in that senatorial resignation string.—Bellefontaine Republic.

He Fell Too Hard.

McKinley is like the little boy who met with the accident. He has nothing to say.—Springfield Democrat.

What a Snap for La

The logical candidates for governor, in Ohio, next year are Wm. McKinley, jr., and Lawrence T. Neal.—Springfield Rep. Times.

A Sign of Prosperity.

The slush on the streets of Fostoria is beautiful. We point to it with pardonable pride. It indicates travel.—Fostoria Times.

This Is Business.

The way for a party to become strong and to remain strong is to reward those who are true and faithful.—Findlay Courier.

Democratic Doctrine.

Lincoln was right and we have a government of the people and for the people, and by the people, after all.—Canton News Democrat.

He Should Be on the Right Side.

When a man has fought, bled and lied for his party it sorter rips the stitching of his heart to find that he cannot serve it in some fat office.—Dayton Press.

Only a Few Left.

Of course Senator Sherman will not resign. Why should he? There are only a few republicans left and the number in the United States senate is growing beautifully less every year.—Zanesville Signal.

Dough Sure Enough.

If the people had given a verdict in favor of high tariff on November 8, McKinley would have been the logical republican nominee for president in '96, but his "cake is dough" now.—Youngstown Vindicator.

Advertising Pays.

Margaret Mather and Pabst, the brewer's son, are getting the benefit of a big free advertisement. If they are not married, it would seem to be about time for somebody else to do her registering at the hotels.—Columbus Despatch.

He Could Win.

Now that Cleveland has proven the lucky number which has won twice for democracy, will he again make a presidential race? Is he in fact to be a perpetual candidate, as the New York Sun once sarcastically dubbed him?—Canton Repository, Rep.

A Little Behind the Times.

The Norwalk Reflector ought to be informed by some friendly counsellor that the campaign is over and that the campaign lies it keeps on repeating about $60,000 British gold being sent into Ohio by the wicked democrats to buy up republican voters, and that Frick is a democrat, are dead and stinking for a whole week past.—Sandusky Journal.

A Toledoan to Have a Ride.

It is quietly whispered about the hotel corridors of this city that Clark Colton will transport Fred Little, a Toledo traveling man, from the Sloane house to the West house in a wheelbarrow, the result of an election wager. Clark hasn't told any of his friends just when the performance will take place. He should, though, for there are many people in town who would like to witness it.—Sandusky Register.

He Did It for Ashley?

Mr. Griffin, a republican member of the legislature from Lucas county, and a prominent Foraker leader, had a congressional district carved out in the gerrymander of last winter for his own use, but Jim Ashley, a Shermanite, beat him out of the nomination; now Byron Ritchie, a good democrat, has defeated Ashley by a majority of 14. This instance practically illustrates the uncertainty of politics.—Springfield Democrat.

Of the 600 railroad companies in the United States 350 of them forbid the employes to drink whisky or other intoxi-

NOW FOR A RALLY.

Arrangements for the Jubilee Saturday Evening.

List of Speakers, Vice-Presidents and Secretaries.

Elaborate Preparations for a Jolly Good Time—Ladies, You Are Invited.

The democratic executive committee has about completed the arrangements for the rally Saturday night.

Special preparations have been made for the ladies. They and their escorts will be given reserved seats, and Usher-in-Chief Larry McCarty will see that this is done.

The committee on speakers will report this afternoon the following program for the Memorial hall exercises:

Emery D. Potter, chairman.
William Beatty, secretary.
Assistant secretaries—Curtis T. Johnson, M. P. Murphy, Lyman Wachenheimer, James McGettigan, J. T. Lawless, James Drummond, Aug. F. Machen, P. Hanrehan, A. C. Bay.

Speakers.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd, of Lucas.
Hon. B. F. Ritchie, of Lucas.
Hon. W. H. Handy, of Fulton.
Hon. Frank Isabel, of Fulton.
Hon. Frank Baldwin, Wood.
Hon. L. C. Cole, Wood.
Hon. Thomas J. Marshall, Ottawa.
Hon. C. J. York, Ottawa.

Program.

Chairman of committee will call meeting to order and name chairman of the evening, who will then make a short address and present the name of the secretary, who will then announce the names of assistant secretaries and list of vice-presidents of the evening. Music will be dispersed between each address.

List of Vice-Presidents.

A. L. Buckus,	Thos. F. Dawson,
P. C. Hudson,	J. J. Vollmayer,
A. G. Clark,	J. Wenaszenski,
John J. Jacobi,	R. W. Hedge,
H. P. Platt,	Geo. B. Hull,
G. W. Dawson,	G. Bloch,
C. E. Chittenden,	John R. Felker,
Stephen Hovack,	G. Harmon,
P. A. MacGahan,	F. W. Stahl,
James H. Pheatt,	L. E. Drake,
Michael Bryzski,	L. W. Walker,
Philip Redding, sr.,	J. E. Gilday,
M. O'Brien,	John Bolan,
Wm. Gashe,	Peter Degnan,
M. J. Cooney,	Rhine Opitz,
J. H. Wylie,	Jacob Kohn,
Jno. V. Sanfleet,	Anton Kujari,
A. Goldberg,	James H. Spain
James Conlisk,	Jos. Boldt,
Samuel Kohn,	John Cavanaugh,
T. F. Bower,	Frank Zialinski,
W. H. Birkencamp,	John H. Puck,
Geo. Schneider,	Chas. Cravens,
Theo. Schmidt,	John Schultz,
F. J. Cheney,	M. C. Sullivan,
Ashton Coldham,	Jas. McGuire,
B. F. Shehan,	Fred Wolfman,
J. P. Delphy,	John Rutherford,
Joseph Gates,	R. C. Lemondow,
P. Allen,	John H. Botefuhr,
Geo. B. Boone,	Fred Busdicker,
Noah Borolas,	M. J. Malone,
J. R. Linn,	J. H. Dowling,
R. J. Wallace,	D. J. O'Hara,
E. D. Scheble,	W. J. Colburn,
M. M. Morris,	Geo. W. Davis,
Jacob Gerold,	Timothy Hart,
Wm. Gugan,	John Conway,
Charles Zirwas,	Owen F. Davis,
M. Harrington, jr.,	Henry Stettiner,
Jos. Steirman,	C. J. Kirschner,
Jno. J. Hackett,	Martin Neuhausel,
Jno. Hubrich,	John Henery,
Jno. Britt,	Frank Dimmer,
Leopold Franc,	Wm. Morehouse,
James Cahoon,	Chas. Stager,
O. A. Browning,	Ignatius Wernert,
Frank Coleman,	S. Groff,
Michael Graham,	D. B. Smith,
Louis Rohr,	H. E. Howe,
Dr. H. E. Munn,	A. J. Barsch,
Jno. Dean,	Park Hone,
Geo. Eiben,	John Tonkin, jr.,
Dr. J. A. Duncan,	C. H. Voute,
E. A. Eversman,	A. Stuart,
Fred. Deutschman,	E. D. Potter, jr.,
Richard Ford,	C. J. Scott,
Rudolph Brand,	Homer Hood,
W. J. Kinker,	L. H. Pike,
G. S. Tambling,	N. B. Bacon,
Louis Metzger,	H. I. Monroe,
Joel Potter,	Fred Witker,
M. E. Donehue,	R. Mathias,
H. J. Rake,	Fred Schultz,
H. Hathaway,	Albert Just,
Eugene Molter,	Andrew Popp,
W. H. Hartford,	Fred Puck,
Wm. Rogers,	Harvey Scribner,
Jeremiah King,	August Kruse,
S. W. Cook,	W. S. Brainard,
Jacob Mandler,	Jos. Roemer,
Geo. A. Jackson,	John R. Miller,
L. J. Richardson,	Natt Kaufman,
Chas. Quinlan,	Sylvester Lamb,
Geo. Lorenz,	Henry Roemer,
Adolph Feiss,	Wm. Wachter,
John Ryan, Whitehouse.	John Henry,

— Sharples, Spencer.
L. A. Demas, Adams twp.
J. M. Wolcott, Maumee.
C. Vanfleet, Monclova, twp.
I. N. Gardner, Oregon.
R. C. Roach, Providence twp.
L. C. Gibbs, Richfield twp.
C. R. Swain, Washington twp
S. Stohl, Waterville twp.
M. Delaney, Springfield twp.
Ed. Reynolds, Sylvania twp.

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

Work To Be Resumed in Toledo This Winter.

Graceful Acknowledgement of the Bee's Helpful Work Which Is Appreciated.

The university extension work for the winter begins next Friday evening in the High School building.

It is always pleasant to be appreciated, and the following letter from Prof. Compton is appended as explaining clearly the objects and aims of the society and showing the appreciation of the projectors of the work, of the encouragement and help rendered by this paper.

The Bee can always afford to give all the aid in its power to so good and great a cause as the higher education of the people.

Following is Prof. Compton's letter:

Office Superintendent Public Schools,
Toledo, Nov. 16, 1892.

Ed. Bee: Dear Sir—We are just beginning some University Extension work for the present season and I write this to ask if you will not give us your kindly aid as you did last year in making the work a success. You no doubt remember how great the interest was in the course of lectures given last year by Profs. Demmon, Adams and Wright.

Had it not been for the earnest and kindly co-operation of the press of the city, I am sure the work would not have succeeded as it did; but the free announcements and kindly reviews of the lectures which were given, served to keep up the interest of the people and the last course of lectures was even more successful than the first.

If the same desire to hear, read and study exists among the people, I am willing to do all in my power to encourage and continue this work.

Our next course, as you see by the enclosed ticket, will be given next Friday evening, the lectures to be given by Prof. Edward W. Bemsly, of Chicago University. The lectures will be as follows:

The first two lectures on Tennyson. The next four on Browning, Matthew Arnold, Rosetti and Swinburne.

Can you afford to give the work some editorial encouragement? If you can, this will be a great help and will be greatly appreciated by those of us who are giving our time and labor freely and voluntarily to this work. Yours truly,

H. W. Compton.

THE NATIONAL PRESS.

Raised the Limit.

Senator Morrill thinks protection had perhaps got its limit. A popular impression seems to have prevailed that it had raised the limit several times.—New York World.

Talked Itself to Death.

"The new tariff law is now old enough to talk for itself," said McKinley during the campaign. Quite right, Major; but it talked itself to death.—Rochester Union and Advertiser.

Acknowledges the Corn.

It is worse than silly, and adds to the sting of defeat, to attribute the republican defeat to any cause but the right one—it is a verdict against the McKinley tariff bill; the issue was fairly before the people and they condemned it. Now let us see the democrats improve on it!—Buffalo Commercial, rep.

Women Voted in Wyoming.

Women voted for president in Wyoming this year, and Wyoming went democratic for the first time in its history. If the women shoppers of the country at large had been permitted to vote, they would have hit the McKinley bill so hard that the present congress would have repealed it.—Chicago Herald.

We Can Spare John.

If Senator John Sherman, as rumored, should resign, there would be a giant tussle for his place between Governor McKinley and ex-Governor Foraker. The country is very much in need of such men as Sherman at this time, and it would be a great loss to the republican party and the nation to lose his wise counsel.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Hunt a Job, Bill.

A rumor prevailed in Ohio yesterday that Governor McKinley intended to resign and take up the practice of law. He has served corporations and plutocrats so faithfully in the past that he could no doubt get a good job as their attorney. While the rumor is probably unfounded it will no doubt be necessary for the governor to look about for some means of making a living after his present term expires.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Political Pendulum.

New York remains true to its odd and interesting political record of nearly thirty years, of never going in favor of either party in two successive elections. It has swung regularly to and fro in eight elections, all of them in leap years, as follows:

1864.	Republican.
1868.	Democratic.
1872.	Republican.
1876	Democratic.
1880.	Republican.
1884.	Democratic.
1888.	Republican.
1892.	Democratic.

New York has oscillated impartially between the two political parties for twenty-eight years. The victors of one presidential election have been overthrown in the succeeding one; the defeated of one contest have triumphed four years later. The result of this year's battle strengthens and clinches the sanguine expectations of the republicans that they will win in New York in 1896. Perhaps they will, and certainly no one should begrudge them, in the heyday of a glorious democratic victory, such harmless consolation as they can extract from this reassuring circumstance.—N. Y. Sun.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Annual Meeting and Election of Officers

At the Clark Street Church Last Evening—Subject of Discussion, Christian Work.

The annual election of officers of the Toledo Epworth League Union was held at the Clark Street M. E. church last evening.

There was a representation of all leagues but one, and the Broadway Y. P. S. C. E.

Devotional exercises were conducted by the president, L. L. Churchill. Reports were read and accepted, Mr. G. W. Bartlett acting as secretary pro tem.

A discussion took place on work, led by the chairman of each department, as follows: "Christian Work," W. S. Herron; "Mercy and Help Work," Mrs. Pinkerton; "Address on Reading Course and Epworth League Herald," Rev. C. B. Holding; "Entertainment," L. P. Harris.

A committee was appointed to amend the constitution and by-laws. Their report was made and accepted.

An election of officers then took place and resulted as follows: President, L. L. Churchill; secretary, Hattie Frankenberger; treasurer, J. L. Scark.

A great deal of interest is being manifested in the work and it is hoped that all young people's societies in the Methodist churches will join the union by affiliation. It will not be necessary to reorganize to do so, as provision in the constitution has been made for the co-operation of the societies.

The next meeting will be held at St. John's M. E. Church.

MISS ANNA BERNN'S CONCERT.

To Be Given at Memorial Hall This Evening.

The concert to be given this evening by Miss Anna Bernn, assisted by the Philharmonic club, of Detroit, and the Toledo Maennerchor, promises to be an artistic affair.

Undoubtedly Memorial hall will be filled with music loving people who will appreciate the musical treat. Following is the program:

Leb Wohl Mein Vaterland, Abt—The Toledo Maennerchor.

Trio in c minor, L. von Beethoven, (1770-1827); Allegro con brio-Andante cantabile con Variazioni-Menuetto-Finale—Miss Anna Bernn, Mr. William Yunk, and Mr. Alfred Hoffmann.

Faust-Fantasie, Pablo de Sarasate—Mr. William Yunk.

(a) Am Thorhaus, Karl Goepfart; (b) Im Wald, Jos. Bartsch—The Toledo Maennerchor.

Fantasie and variations, F. Servais—Mr. Alfred Hoffmann.

Quintet, g minor, R. Schumann, (1810-1856); Allegro brilliante—In modo d'und marcia—Moltovivace—Allegro ma non troppo—Miss Anna Bernn and the Philharmonic club.

THE LENK WINE COMPANY

Was Twenty-Five Years Old Yesterday.

The Lenk Wine company was 25 years old yesterday and a celebration of the anniversary of its organization was enjoyed by the stockholders, who called it the "silver wedding anniversary" of the company.

Mr. Carl Lenk, president of the company, was presented with an elegant mahogany desk and chair, which took Mr. Lenk very much by surprise. He responded with thanks and a brief history of the progress and prosperity of the company during the past 25 years.

Later the guests were invited to Mr. Lenk's residence, where an elegant repast was served. Speeches, songs and toasts were the features of the evening. The occasion was highly enjoyable.

COURTEOUS HARTER.

Michael D. Harter is a constant reader of the Bee, and notes and frequently comments on its good points.

This morning Mr. Frank I. King received the following self-explanatory epistle from Mr. Harter.

Mansfield, O., Nov. 16, 1892.

Frank I. King, Esq., Toledo, Ohio:

Dear Sir: I am glad that you do not take the blue view that some republicans do about the election. I say this, having just read your interview in the Toledo Bee of November 12.

Yours truly,
MICHAEL D. HARTER.

Music hath charms to soothe the savage and 'tis added to cheer the heart and split a cabbage. There will not be any cabbage heads at the Floral Concert, but

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MR. BARTON SMITH'S PLAN

For the Government of the Municipality

Set Forth in a Communication to the Bee—What He Proposes as a Remedy for Present Loose Methods.

To the Editor: It would seem that the present interest in our municipal government ought to result in some substantial improvements in the methods by which Toledo is now governed or misgoverned; but there seems to be a disposition further to exaggerate the evils under which we are now laboring. It seems strange that in this board-cursed city the remedies proposed should chiefly consist in the creation of a few more boards; that when it is now practically impossible to find out who is the cause of any given wrong or is entitled to the credit for any good, it should be seriously proposed further to divide the responsibility and further conceal the moving causes of the misgovernment.

I believe substantially all of those who have given study to municipal affairs, and become acquainted with their practical workings, will agree that two things are virtually necessary:

First—That the responsibility shall be fixed, clear and definite, so that the people may readily know who is the author of a given act, and may have the power with reasonable promptness to express effectively their pleasure or displeasure.

Second—That municipal affairs should be so far as possible, divorced from state and national politics.

No direct and causal connection has yet been traced between a man's views on the tariff and his capacity as a bookkeeper, or his judgment as to the proper location of an engine house, or even as to the best method of carrying on the water works.

To these, as an emphatic believer in home-rule, I would add, that no commission or receivership should be appointed, that the government of the city should not be delegated, either to the legislature, the judges, the governor, or any other guardian or commission, but that the people should be given an opportunity to secure for themselves just as good or just as bad a government as they desire.

In this view, permit me to suggest a plan which, it seems to me, could be worked out in detail to successful operation. It may be called

The Federal System.

First and primarily abolish all boards, with the exception possibly of the sinking fund trustees, and divide the government of the city into executive, administrative, legislative and judicial departments.

The executive department to consist of a mayor, elected by the people, say for a term of three years, with the power in the legislative department to remove him at the end of any municipal year; or, in other words, to vest in the legislative department the power of direct appeal to the people once a year, if in their judgment, the office of the mayor is improperly administered. The mayor to be "commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the city," having general charge of the execution and enforcement of all laws, and general supervision and care over all officers and employes of the city, and full power to remove every officer and employe, except the members of the legislative body, the judiciary and the civil service board, with this qualification that upon every removal he shall state his reasons therefor, in writing, to the legislative body, and certify that such removal was not caused or in any manner influenced by partisan considerations. The mayor to be aided in his work by the chiefs of six departments, namely:

1. A department of accounts.
2. A department of public safety, including fire, health and police.
3. A department of public properties, including water works, gas plants and other kinds of business in which the city is engaged.
4. A department of education.
5. A department of ways and improvements, including therein streets, city engineering and management of the bridges and harbor; and
6. A department of law.

The chiefs of these departments to be appointed, under the civil service rules, by the legislative body, to serve during good behavior, subject to removal by the mayor; each chief under the supervision of the mayor to have special charge of the executive management of the department over which he presides, with power to appoint all subordinates, under the civil service rules, (such subordinates to serve during good behavior unless removed by the mayor as above mentioned), and to have a seat and right of discussion, but no vote, in the legislative body.

The Board of Control.

The mayor and the chiefs of departments together to constitute a board of control and improvements, and as such to have full charge of the administration of affairs in the city, including the making of contracts and the expenditure of such moneys as may be appropriated by the legislative body. No improvement to be authorized by the legislative body, or franchise granted by it, except upon the recommendation of this board of control. And my impression is it would be better to require the legislative body to enact these administrative ordinances as recommended by the board of control, or wholly reject them. In other words, to vest the planning in the board of control, with substantially a veto in the legislative body.

The Legislative Body.

To consist of not less than twenty-one members, preferably one from each voting precinct in the city, to serve without compensation and for one year.

This division into small precincts seems preferable for several reasons. It will give representation to every class and locality in the city. The expense attendant upon the election will naturally be very slight, for each candidate will have his qualifications passed upon by his immediate neighbors. It will largely prevent combinations of different interests both at the election and in the council, for under the present arrangement, whether the elections are carried on by wards, or by the entire community, separate interests, as, for example, those who believe in a pipe-line and those who believe in either opening or closing saloons on Sunday, may combine, so that each may elect a candidate.

The wards as now constituted are so large that each has its particular and peculiar interests, and consequently there is a strong temptation to agree that legislation favorable to one ward shall be voted, in order that legislation to another ward shall also receive the necessary number of votes. This, it seems to me, would be obviated to considerable extent by making precincts so small that their relative adverse interests would likewise be small.

In this legislative body should be vested the power to make all municipal laws and regulations, to authorize such improvements as were recommended by the board of control, to grant such franchises as had been recommended by the board of control, to levy taxes and assessments, and appropriate to, and apportion the funds of the city between its several departments. In other words, it should have full legislative control of the affairs and property of the city, and absolutely no power by itself to make any contract or expend any money.

Civil Service Commission.

To consist of four members elected by the legislative body, with their terms so arranged that one should go out of office each year, not more than two members of this board to be a member of one political party. It should be the duty of this board to examine into the qualifications of every candidate for an appointed office or employment, whether the appointment is to be made by the legislative body or by a chief of department or otherwise, with the restriction that each appointment should be made from the three applicants certified by the civil service board to have the highest qualifications for the position sought. This board should probably have a small salary, and should be authorized from time to time to call to its assistance such expert aid as it might need, and to pay therefor such reasonable compensation as might be approved by the legislative body.

The Judicial Department.

Such judge or judges as may be necessary to administer the laws of the city, to be elected by the people, to serve during good behavior, unless sooner removed by the mayor or by impeachment. If removed by the mayor, his removal should take effect after the next election, so that the removal would constitute an appeal by the executive and judicial departments of the city to the people.

Conclusion.

It seems to me that a plan something like that above indicated, if properly carried out in all its details, would give us a responsible executive, a trained administration, a fearless judiciary, and a legislature directly representative of the people, and that with that machinery proper reforms in the management of our city government could be worked out.

BARTON SMITH.

The seeds of sickness and of death
In a disordered mouth are sown;
When bad the teeth or foul the breath,
Both soul and body lose their tone,
Till SOZODONT'S brought into play,
And sweeps those dire defects away.

Health has its weight. . . . cannot go far above or below our healthy weight without disturbing health. We cannot keep health and lose our weight.

It is fat that comes and goes. Too much is burdensome; too little is dangerous.

Health requires enough fat for daily use and a little more for reserve and comfort. That keeps us plump. The result is beauty—the beauty of health.

A little book on CAREFUL LIVING shows the importance of keeping your healthy weight. We send it free.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

BARKER'S

Blood Tonic—The Best Spring Medicine in Use.

It will rebuild the run down system of the overworked business man. It will restore the appetite and the rosy hue of youth to the pale face over taxed school child.

It will give strength to mothers enabling them to care better for the nursing infant. It will cure boils and carbuncles.

Containing no harmful ingredients it may be given to children. Prepared only by

R. C. SPOHN

The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Crouch, 306 Grand St., New York.

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LOOK at the STYLE, QUALITY and PRICE.

STERLING & CO.
A. R. SISSON, Mngr.

Consult us as to your wants and we will supply them

Draperies
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WHEN
YOU ARE IN DOUBT REGARDING A
SUIT OF CLOTHES
OR AN
OVERCOAT
GO TO
V. W. Granger's,
Toledo's Fashionable Tailor.
HIS STOCK IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.
HIS STYLES ARE ALWAYS THE LATEST
HIS FITS ARE SELDOM EQUALED.

A good thing to remember While rumors of epidemics are prevalent, is that a pure supply of ice from Devil's Lake, Mich., free from city sewage contaminated with germ and bacillus, is the only kind we are furnishing to our customers.

The Michigan Lake Ice Co
OFFICE, 327 SUPERIOR ST.
PHONE 488.

GUARANTEE
KIDNEY CURE
Is sold under a positive guarantee to cure what it claims.

COAL
—AND—
BERDAN.
PHONE 934. 317 SUPERIOR ST
Hard and soft coal delivered to any part of the city.
C. C. McKECHNIE.
MANAGER. - RETAIL DEP'RT'MT

McINTYER & McINNIS,
(Successors to John Bladon & Son)
FINE CARRIAGE
—AND—
WAGON BUILDERS.
138 Ontario Street, between Jefferson and Monroe Streets.
Special Attention Given to Repairs.

Buckeye Bottling Work
PILSENER, LAGER,
EXPORT BEERS!
Ales, Porter, Stout and Mt. Clemens Artesian Water promptly delivered to families, hotels and trade in general
ADAM ULLRICH
and 134 St. Clair
Phone 311

FRANK W. KIBBE!
Teacher of Dancing,
318 AND 320 SUMMIT STREET.
Evening classes, 8 to 10; $6 per term of 12 lessons. Children's classes Saturday afternoons from 2:30 to 4:30; $3 per term of 12 lessons. Private lessons by appointment. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 5 daily.

N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER.
BACON & HUBER
ARCHITECTS,
33 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

The Blade Printing & Paper Co
Printers, Book Makers, Electrotypers, Stationers, and dealers in and makers of Account Books.
126 and 128 St. Clair St., TOLEDO.

NOTICE.

Teresa McDermott, whose place of residence is unknown, but who is believed to reside without the state of Ohio, will take notice that on the first day of September, 1892, the City of Toledo for the use of John Degnan filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas County, Ohio, and which petition is still pending therein against her and is number 33516 on the docket of said court. The object and prayer of which petition is to enforce the lien of an assessment for the construction of Sewer No. 341 in the alley between Indiana avenue and Germania street against her lot, known as the westerly (30) thirty feet of lot number 149 of the extension of Germania Add tion to the city of Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, and which assessment was confirmed by the Common Council of said city of Toledo on the 9th day of March, 1891, and the amount assessed on said lot was the sum of $28.02. Said petition also prays for a sale of said lot to pay the amount due on said assessment and the costs of this action. Said defendant is required to answer or plead to said petition on or before the 24th day of December, 1892.

LYNKHAM'S . PROVERBIAL . PHILOSOPHY . . .

A Defective Link Weakens a Strong Chain.

The female organization is a series of links, so to speak. Note the nervous irritability of one, the restlessness of another, the inability to sleep, and perhaps secret suffering. It means that a link of a chain is weakened. Those ailments are promptly overcome by the use of *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound;* it conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent among our women.

DEAR FRIEND OF WOMEN.—I have derived so great benefit from the use of your Vegetable Compound that I recommend it in the strongest terms. I consider it superior to any other preparation for Female Complaints.—Mrs. E. A. BECK, 18 Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. An illustrated book, entitled "Guide to Health and Etiquette," by Lydia E. Pinkham, is of great value to ladies. We will present a copy to anyone addressing us with two 2-cent stamps. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

A man in all the world's new fashion decked,
Will wear the "Tourist" hat that Mockett did select.

It's a new shape featured to-day as the selection of the world's brightest thinkers on gentlemen's fashions.

They're dressy and the proper thing for the season's wear. We placed them on sale Monday. A six case lot at $1.49 for the week only. After Saturday $2.00 will buy one again.

There's a strange fascination about the Glove department. Scores are taking advantage of the cheap buying opportunities There's no reason why you should not be one of them. The celebrated Perrin & Dent's are being shown in all weights for street and dress. They're imported. There's others, lots of them. Just as good made in America. The prices:

Boys' fine Jersey Gloves, 25c, 40c and 50c.
Boys' Woolen Gloves, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Boys' Kid Gloves and Mittens, 50, 75c and $1
Men's Heavy Working Gloves and Mittens, both lined and unlined, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.25.
Men's Fine Jersey Gloves, 50c and 75c.
Men's Genuine Scotch Gloves, 50c, 75c and $1
Men's Kid Gloves, for street and dress wear, $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.
Men's Heavy Lined Kid Gloves and Mittens, 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

MOCKETT, THE CLOTHIER, 213, 215 and 217 SUMMIT ST.

KIBBEY & DAVIES,

The Only Exclusive Ladies' Shopping Place in Toledo.

We are beginning to feel the demand for laces for CHRISTMAS FANCY work, and to-morrow we will devote a table in the center of the floor to ORIENTAL, VALENCIENNES, POINT DE PARIS, and other laces suitable for such work.
12 1-2c per yard.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a white lace 10 inches wide with Irish Point Edge, with insertion just above.
70c PER YARD.
Another new item is a lot of BROWN FEATHER Collarettes.
75 CENTS EACH.
REDUCTIONS.
WHAT WE HAVE LEFT OF OUR ALL SILK RIBBON FRINGES—only a few yards each of BLACK, NAVY, SEAL, GOLD BROWN, TAN, GOBELIN, LIGHT GRAY, DARK GRAY, DARK GREEN and GARNET, we have marked down from $1.65 to
$1 PER YARD.
LADIES' BLOUSE VESTS, changeable silk, with Irish Point, lace yoke, were $3.75 each, MARKED DOWN TO $1 EACH.
ASTRACHAN EDGING, FINE quality—will not pull to pieces, colors are BROWN, GRAY, GREEN, TAN, NAVY, CHINCHILLA and BLACK.
MARKED DOWN FROM 25c TO 18c PER YARD. Same colors in an ASTRACHAN BAND trimming 1 1-2 inches wide.
Marked down from 40c to 25c per yard.

318 SUMMIT ST.
Between Transfer Stations.

Burlington Route
BEST LINE
CHICAGO
TO
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
SOLID MAPLE SUITES
At $18.00.
Brass and Onyx Goods.
Boot Boxes from 75c Upward.
FIRE SCREENS
In Mahogany, Oak, Brass and Rattan,
And Many Other Novelties,
—AT—
The Palace Furniture Store,
618 JEFFERSON ST.
M. BARTLETT.

COLD WEATHER IS HERE
Regulate the Temperature of your House with one of
L. BECKMANN'S,
STANDARD THERMOMETERS
319 ADAMS STREET

FIG. 1.
Showing the bronchi or wind pipe, with branches so delicate as to be invisible to the naked eye.
DAY'S
Bronchial Cure
will restore and keep the bronchial tubes in healthy condition, and thus avert that dreadful disease, consumption, which is deplorably increasing, as mortality statistics show. Do not neglect a cold nor throat ailment, but go to Druggist for
DAY'S BRONCHIAL CURE.
CONTAINS NEITHER OPIUM NOR ALCOHOL

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's Invisible Ear Cushions. Whispers heard. Successful when all remedies fail. Sold entirely by F. Hiscox, 856 B'way, N.Y. Write for book of proofs FREE

ONE-HALF OF OUR STORE
Until CHRISTMAS will be devoted to
Children's Books, Blocks and Games
Ernest Reeves & Co.
223 SUMMIT STREET.

BILLIARD TABLES
NEW AND SECOND HAND
IN STOCK AT ALL TIMES
TABLES REPAIRED OR DOWN-EXCHANGED OR BOUGHT
BALLS CUES CLOTH CHALK AND EVERY ARTICLE USED IN THE
B. A. STEVENS

A JOINT SESSION

City Legislature Confirms Sundry Appointments.

Bonds of Sam Hunter Are All Right.

No Action Taken in the Bower Case.

Claims Galore Before the Judiciary Committee.

Witnesses Heard in the Hyde Personal Damage Case—Abatement of Assessments.

Aldermen and councilmen met last night in joint session pursuant to the notices served by the chief of police.

It was 8:10 when Frank Coleman, president of the council, rapped for order. The roll-call showed 19 present. Among them was Jacobson, councilman-elect for the Second ward.

Mr. Coleman stated that the rule said the president of the board of aldermen should preside, and in his absence the president of the council.

The call for the meeting was then read and the meeting proceeded to business.

The mayor's appointment of Capt. P. H. Dowling as workhouse commissioner for the term ending October 3, 1896, was approved, all voting aye. Unanimous approval was also given the appointment by the mayor of Mr. Matthew Bartlett as trustee of the soldiers' monument building for the term ending January 26, 1897. The recommendation of the police library trustees for the re-election of Mr. Franklin Hubbard on that board was also concurred in. The official bonds of Mr. Samuel A. Hunter as treasurer of the city, approved by the city solicitor, and as custodian of the firemen's pension fund, approved by the solicitor and fire commissioners, were accepted. Both date from September 5, and are signed by Mr. Hunter and Messrs. George Laskey, V. H. Ketcham, Jacob Folger, A. E. Lang, F. N. Quale and Jacob Kurtz.

The president stated that the investigation of the charges against Henry Bower, street commissioner, had been set for this meeting, but as a trial had been begun in the probate court he suggested that the investigation be postponed. A motion for indefinite postponement prevailed.

On motion the session then adjourned. Just as the members were leaving their seats Mr. Osborne asked that the members of the judiciary committee remain. As soon as these had got together Mr. Huberich stated that the Hyde family was present for a hearing on a claim for personal injury, when they had been seeking for five months. Judge MacGahan was on hand to represent them.

The solicitor stated that a case was entered the common pleas court. The parties had been to him to ask if the committee would take it up and he had told them that it would. It was the case of John Hyde, brought by his next friend. John Hyde, a boy of 10, appeared with his mother. Over his right eye was an ugly scar, and he wore a plaster on his left temple. By the examination of the mother, the boy himself, his sister Clara, Mrs. Eva Kinney, and Miss Maud Clark, it was developed that the lad, while walking along Front street, East Toledo, between Platt street and the bridge, on the evening of February 14, 1891, was thrown down by a broken sidewalk, fell on a projecting spike, cut his head on the right side and bruised the left side. A bit of bone was taken from the right side, and a stubborn sore developed on the left, and he had been troubled with sores about the head and neck ever since. For a long time his life was despaired of, and he has not been to school since he was hurt, and still starts in his sleep like a little child. The place where the accident occurred was where a gas explosion wrecked and burned Dr. Beckwith's office, and caused a hole under the sidewalk, and the rotting of the stringers allowed it to go down. The sidewalk had been bad for a long time all along that part of the street, and one of the witnesses, Mrs. Kinney had fallen at or near the same place, as had Mrs. Hyde's mother-in-law. The Hyde family came to Toledo in March, 1888, from Allegheny City, where the father of the boy, Mr. Henry Hyde, worked in the Keystone iron mill. The matter was referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Lee and Huberich, who were instructed to consult with the solicitor if they needed help.

An application for W. B. Kahn for abatement of assessment on property on Lower Summit street was referred to Messrs Wolfman and Felker, and a like application by R. Toffler on property at Oak and Third streets to the same gentlemen.

Claims of George H. Ludington and Charles H. Shoder, Geo. L. Cady, John Knorr, Jacob Beeman and F. O. Cone, for damages were laid over.

An abatement of $18.74 assessment for sewer asked for by Curtis & Brainard in lot 386 Knorr's addition, was approved.

A claim of Chas. S. Smith, administrator, for $75 for building a retaining wall occasioned by changing the grade if the alley between Summit and St. Clair streets from Adams to Oak, was held for inquiry.

George Clutter was heard on his objection to an assessment against lot 977 Vistula division. He stated that the people between Champlain and Michigan streets had paid for a sewer and showed his receipts. Now a man wanted to build a sewer on the other side of Michigan treet, and tax these same owners for it. He showed the advertisement for this assessment, and was informed by the city solicitor that all he had to do was to file his written objection with the city clerk. He had it written and filed at once.

The claim of F. E. Cole for $89.63 for constructing sewer 412 along the Clover Leaf railroad was allowed, the committee having failed to find any beneficiary against whom to assess the amount.

The solicitor presented a matter relating to the same sewer, explaining that a number of lots assessed were divided in two, and through a wrong description the committee had assessed only the front part of one of them, so that the other half escaped entirely. The part caught belonged to a widow, who was thus assessed $60 instead of $30. She could only be assessed $50, so there would have to be a rebate of $10. A new assessment would cost much more. The man owning the rear part should help her to pay, if he was a man. Mr. Wolfman, who resides in the neighborhood, undertook to see about it.

Mr. John Daiber asked for abatement on $422.02, tax on lots 1 and 2, Monroe street triangle, for paving Monroe street, it being more than 25 per cent. Referred to Messrs. Houbrich and Lee.

A balance of $176.93, costs in the case of the city v. A. E. Foster et al—the Butler street condemnation suit—was allowed, being approved by the solicitor.

Claims of Lucy Leighten, J. Hyde, Asa Parker and J. G. Drake for abatement of assessment for sewer on Indiana avenue were allowed, they having paid taxes for sewer on Junction avenue.

Similar claims were allowed to lots in Daniels' addition on sidewalk assessment.

A claim of Francis Cunningham for cutting thistles on lots 44 and 45 Detwiler's addition, North Toledo, was rejected.

Mr. Wolfman withdrew from a committee of the judiciary committee room.

SWALLOWED A NEEDLE

Did Mrs. Samuel R. Irving Twenty-two Years Ago.

It Made Its Appearance Yesterday Far From the Starting Point and Was Removed by a Physician.

Many stories of the wonderful travels of needles through the human body without discomfort to the person so afflicted have from time to time gone the rounds of the press. They have been disbelieved by many, but now this city produces a case that proves that such a state of affairs can exist without any serious results.

Mr. John Ames, of the Ames-Bonner Co., has a needle one and one-half inches long that Dr. Brigham removed from Mr. Ames' mother-in-law, Mrs. Samuel R. Irving, of Twelfth street, yesterday.

Mrs. Irving accidentally swallowed the needle, in 1870, 22 years ago, while holding it in her mouth, as many ladies are in the habit of doing. Almost miraculously, the sharp needle gave her no trouble all these years it has been slowly pushing itself through her system. It traveled a long distance from the starting point, and finally made its appearance as a small inflamed point just above the knee. The doctor made a slight incision and removed it. The needle was as smooth and sharp as it was 22 years ago, but was a jet black in color.

It was a most curious case and goes to prove that all that is printed in newspapers is true.

AS TO JURIES.

Reply to a Query Made by a Constant Reader.

To the Editor: Will you please give your many readers a little information as to our jury system? By whom are the jurors chosen and in what way? To whom are names selected for jurors given, in what way, and by whom are the names drawn from the box? Is the drawing done privately or publicly?

Please give the same information as to the way special jurors are drawn. By complying with the above you will very much oblige

CONSTANT READER.

Jurors are chosen by three commissioners appointed by the common pleas court. It is the duty of the members of this commission to meet and select 400 names, which are written on separate slips of paper and placed in a wheel provided for that purpose, and are drawn therefrom by order of the court by the sheriff when needed.

The names of regular jurors are drawn from the wheel by the sheriff and county clerk in the presence of the court, publicly.

Special jurors are drawn by the order of the court. The list is made up by the clerk and presiding judge in the court where the special venire is demanded.

When a struck jury is demanded a list of 40 names is furnished by the clerk, auditor and recorder. From this list each party, in open court, strikes out 12 names and the jury is made up of the remaining 16 names.

SOUTHERN TOURIST RATES

Via C., H. & D. and Cincinnati, the Great Through Line.

The usual winter tourist rates to southern resorts are now in effect via the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R. The only direct route from Michigan and Canada via Detroit, Toledo, Lima and Dayton to Cincinnati and the sunny south. Tickets will be on sale all winter and will be good returning until May 31, 1893. Through sleeping cars on all night trains and chair cars on day trains. Three trains a day from Detroit and four solid trains daily from Toledo to Cincinnati. For rates, tickets and full information, call on or address any C., H. & D. agent,

THE SOUTH COMING UP.

It Has a Real Live News Association.

Ten Leading Dailies Get Together and Make a Business Combine.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.—The Southern Associated Press was organized in this city yesterday afternoon, after a two-days meeting of editors of the morning dailies in ten southern states. The capital stock of the company is $30,000, fifty per cent. of which was subscribed under a charter unanimously adopted.

The following directors were elected: E. F. Howell, Atlanta Constitution; J. G. Hemphill, Charleston News and Courier; J. H. Estill, Savannah News; F. P. O'Brien, Birmingham Age-Herald; Adolph Ochs, Chattanooga Times; Page M. Baker, New Orleans Times-Democrat; George Nicholson, New Orleans Picayune; T. T. Stockton, Florida Times-Union.

Evan F. Howell was elected president; F. P. O'Brien, vice president; F. Glass, secretary; Patrick Walsh, treasurer.

The annual meetings of the association were fixed for the first Tuesday after the 15th of November of each year at such place as may be selected by the executive committee.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That as a testimonial of the Southern Associated Press of the valuable services of Adolph S. Ochs in perfecting the organization of this association the president appoint a committee of three to purchase and present to that gentleman a suitable souvenir and that the expenses be assessed upon the individual members.

J. H. Estill, J. G. Hemphill and B. H. Richardson were appointed the committee.

Resolved, That the Associated Press of New York be notified immediately by each member of the Southern Associated Press that they will not receive its press dispatches after the close of the service on Saturday, November 19, 1892.

The Southern Associated Press has made very important contracts for the exchange of news with the United Press and Western Associated Press. This alliance of these three great associations make the most powerful news combination ever formed.

OUT FOR A NOVEMBER WALK.

What could be more snug and pretty than these two costumes for a brisk walk—you and Ethel out into the country these crisp mornings? The plaid of the lady's cloak is a warm combination of reds, browns and greens. The cloak fits close to the back. It is double breasted all the way down in front and so far over that you cannot see the fastening at all, it being at the side. Besides, the plaid is "matched." To make all more snug, a dark green velvet sash-belt confines the loose effect in front to the figure. Over the cloak is worn a dolman garment of

green velvet, edged with any dark fur. The dolman is cut almost Eton shortness in the back, the idea being to afford protection to just that place "between the shoulders" that so easily gets chilled. The upper sleeves are of the green velvet. The hat is light brown, the bows combining green and red and dark brown, a tuft of fur being added. Strong "English red" gloves are worn.

The little girl wears a cloak of very heavy, yet soft, felt-like, deep green cloth. It is double breasted, but not so far around as is the other cloak. Three capes cover the shoulders, but well clear of each other in front, but Ethel is happier for having her hands and arms unimpeded. The middle cape is red—a clear, bright red. The cloak is made loose front and back, but is drawn close and snug by a bright red cloth sash fringed in green silk. A broad collar faced with the red rolls closely over at the neck. The sleeves are loose and finished by red cuffs. The hat, a round one of warm red felt, is drawn down at the ears by broad green silk ribbon tying in a quaint old-fashioned way under the pretty, childish chin. A bow at the side of the hat shows green and red. Add bright faces and the cosy fond pose of the picture and what could be more charmingly fashionable?

FLORETTE.

SAME MR. RICE.

Same Pants, Same Coat, Same Hair, Same Mustache.

But He Is Very, Very Clever—The Public Wants to See Him in Character Work—Amusement Notes.

A small audience witnessed John C. Rice in "A Knotty Affair" at Wheeler's last evening. The piece and company were quite good. Mr. Rice has branched off as a German dialect artist something after the style of the late Geo. S. Knight. Whether or not he makes a success of it remains to be seen. Mr. Rice is clever and a hard worker, but somehow or other he has no magnetism about him. The Bee does not wish to infer that Mr. Rice is not good, because he is; but there is something lacking. Perhaps Mr. Rice would make a greater hit if he would assume some character that would require a make-up. Theater goers have always seen Mr. Rice as they saw him last evening. No change—same hair, same mustache, same conventional trousers and cut-away coat. They would like to see him shave his mustache and sail into some character work. Geo. Monroe, Mr. Rice's old partner, appreciates the value of a make-up and broad comedy work. The public appreciates it, also. The company was good. F. C. Palmer as Priggs made a hit. W. B. Danforth was exceedingly clever as the Portuguese noblemar. He evidently studied the character well. Will H. Sloan as Van Keuren was excellent. His specialty work caught the house. Sally Cohen is bright, neat and natty as one could wish. The ladies were all good. Addie Barrett Bros' cornet playing was one of the hits of the show.

The Kid To-Morrow.

To-morrow evening The Kid, a new musical comedy, will be presented at Wheeler's.

The story of "The Kid" deals with a retired farmer, Ebenezer Newrich, who, having become a millionaire through the discovery of coal oil on his farm, is straightway brought to New York by his ambitious wife and daughters, and, in his own words, "made to live like a regular swell." Contact with the gay element of city life transforms him into a "lively old boy." His wife is domineering and suspicious and his youngest daughter, the "Kid," irrepressible and inquisitive. Consequently, when he becomes involved first with a blackmailer and then with a bevy of burlesque actresses, he is obliged to tell a series of picturesque lies to keep out of trouble. One lie necessitates another and finally the old gentleman becomes ensnared in a perfect network of fabrication. These troubles occur during a journey from New York to Niagara, partly for pleasure and partly to decide a love question in which the elder daughter, an advance agent and a newspaper reporter are implicated. The denouement is sudden, unexpected and highly amusing, and containing as it does, an element of surprise, should not be described here. Suffice it to say that the troubles of Ebenezer and the other characters involved with him are brought to a most satisfactory termination through decidedly unlooked for means. Miss Dottie Pine plays the Kid.

Miss Akerstrom.

To-morrow and Saturday evenings Miss Ullie Akerstrom will put on her new play, A Little Busybody, at the People's. It is said to be her best work. To-night the last performance of Miss Roarer will be given.

WHITEHOUSE.

An Interesting Batch of Personal Gossip.

Whitehouse, O., Nov. 17.—(Special)—Mr. and Mrs. John Fessler are spending the week with their daughter in Bellevue.

Mrs. A. Engelhardt and Miss Adalaide were in Toledo Saturday.

Mr. C. H. Nobls has moved into his new residence on Providence street.

Uncle Ray Demuth started Wednesday morning for a visit with his daughter Mary, at Bolivar.

Emil Boehm leaves for St. Louis this week, where he will find enjoyment in his brother's music store.

Miss Clara Goodman is visiting friends in Toledo and will probably visit Mrs. W. T. Saxton at Delta before returning home.

Mr. Liga Mayler received notice of the death of his mother Thursday near Colton, after an illness of about two years.

By 'Squire Butler on Tuesday, Mr. Barney Wohl, of Adams township, and Miss Ann Moore, of Swanton township, were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed at the residence of Mr. John Culbertson, north of town.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE NAVAL RESERVE.

Word from Lieut. Com. Cowles in Charge

Of the Reserve—He Says Toledo Must Not Be Behind—A Meeting To Be Held Next Tuesday Evening.

A meeting of the Naval Reserve was called for last evening. A large number of interested members dropped in at the Ohio Yacht club rooms, but as the committee on constitution was not ready to report, and that being the principal business on hand, it was decided to postpone the meeting until Tuesday evening of next week.

At that time the constitution will be adopted and officers elected. The committee on constitution is made up of lawyers who have had lots of campaigning of late; thus the delay in preparing their report. The struggle is over now and the Naval Reserve will have first call.

Many letters of encouragement have been received from high officials in the state and country urging the Toledoans to go ahead with the good work. One such letter comes from the navy department at Washington, written by Lieutenant Commanding W. F. Cowles, of the United States navy, who has charge of the Naval Reserve militia. An abstract from his letter reads:

"There is a naval militia organization at Detroit, also one at Erie, Pa.; and Rochester and Chicago have fallen into line. Don't let Toledo be behind. All lake ports should have one."

Col. Bonner remarked last evening that a naval officer, speaking to him of the matter, said there was no reason why Toledo should not have one of the many old war ships, now in disuse, stationed here for a school ship, on which permanent comfortable quarters can be fitted up. The ship would have to be partially disarmed so as not to conflict with the arrangements with England.

The Naval Reserve is bound to be a success.

JACK CAREW

Is Promoted to Detective Spore's Position.

Slow and Uninteresting Meeting of the Police Board Last Evening.

The police board held a brief and prosy session last evening.

Messrs. Waring, Stager and Potter were the only members present. Mr. Stager occupied the chair.

On the motion of Mr. Waring, seconded by Mr. Potter, the genial Jack Carew was promoted to the position occupied by Detective Spore previous to his relegation to the ranks.

This was a deserved compliment to an old, faithful and capable employe.

Dr. Fisher stated that the city was never in a better sanitary condition, and he wanted to keep it so. The board agreed with him, and directed him to retain what sanitary force he deemed necessary.

Dr. Fisher stated that Dr. Watts came into his office last week and requested statistics to aid him in getting up a record of deaths from all diseases in the city; that he wanted the names of the doctors who had lost the patients. He refused to give out the information, for the reason that, in his opinion, it would impair the efficiency of the department.

Dr. Fisher requested that the board pass a resolution requesting the city council to pass an ordinance authorizing the health department to charge 25 cents for a transcript of each birth and death. The motion was passed and referred to the city solicitor.

The doctor requested that another resolution be passed asking the city solicitor to draft an ordinance, to be presented to the city council, making the local laws more stringent as to scarlet fever and diphtheria, which was passed.

Special police powers were bestowed upon James A. Duffey and Hale Ellis, for the Wabash Railroad company.

J. E. Dodge was elected to fill a vacancy on the police force.

On the application of Manager Heston, of the city natural gas department, police powers were granted to C. D. Spitler, watchman at the Bowman street regulator.

You cannot do effective work without a clear head, and for this take Simmons Liver Regulator.

MRS. COLQUITT ILL.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.—Mrs. Colquitt, wife of Senator Colquitt, was stricken with paralysis at her home in Atlanta Tuesday evening, and is now in a critical condition. Mrs. Colquitt had recently been in the best of health. Senator Colquitt has been confined to his own bed from a paralytic stroke since last July.

"Candee" Rubbers are first and best, and lead all others in quality.

SUICIDE.

Tiffin, O., Nov. 17.—Peter Keesey, a well-known and well-to-do farmer killed himself at his home four miles east of Attica, in the eastern portion of this county, by cutting his throat with a razor.

APPOINTMENT.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The president has appointed Thomas J. Flanner, of Louisiana, receiver of public moneys at Natchitoches, La., vice Alexander E. Lelee, removed.

KIRK'S
DUSKY
DIAMOND
TAR SOAP
Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.
Cures
Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.
Removes and Prevents Dandruff.
AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP.
Best for General Household Use

The Ketcham Furniture Co
TOLEDO, OHIO.

Artistic Designers and Manufacturers of
Modern Bank, Office and Public Building
FURNITURE!

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.
Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

None Such
CONDENSED
Mince Meat
Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.
MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other cosmetics will do it.

Removes tans, pimples, freckles, moth patches, rash and skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. Fred T. Hopkins, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

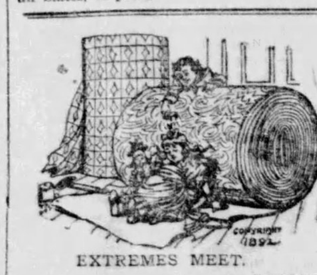
Sura Cura
ROBINSON'S SURE CURE
—FOR—
Rheumatism and Neuralgia
And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.
R. W. ROBINSON & SON
324 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

ELY'S CATARRH
Cream Balm
Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation.
Heals the Sores
Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren st., New York.

DR. C. G. CLARK'S BOTANIC LIVER PILLS
Contain no calomel, mandrake, croton oil, or poison; will not irritate, constipate, weaken or gripe and act on the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidney and Blood. If you feel bad, have a sallow skin, dark spots under your eyes, have sick spells, use these, the best pills made, and get well. Having so many calls at my office for these Pills, I have concluded to put them into the drug stores. First, at East, North and West Toledo, Ironville, Auburndale, Air Line Junction, and L. N. Reed's Drug store. Try them and you will use no others. For wholesale at West & Truax, Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, and at my office, 419 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARborn street, Chicago, Ill.; 28 years' experience; secrecy; special facilities in several states. Goodrich on Divorce, with Laws of all States, in press. 14nov1y


EXTREMES MEET.

AT THIS TIME OF THE YEAR

You are accustomed to sharp contrasts. Have you ever seen the very, very big, and the very, very little come together? Whatever your experiences in this direction have been, it is very likely that you may need something in our line to make your house look more cheerful and bright. Remember our business is selling CARPETS. Our prices are extremely low and will meet the approval of the most economical purchaser.

V. B. SNYDER & SON, 225-227 SUMMIT ST

HAZELTINE
Sold by Druggists. Price 50c.
MANUFACTURED BY
The Hazeltine Co
Toledo, O.
A CREAM FOR APPLICATION THAT CURES ALL DISEASES AND BLEMISHES OF THE SKIN. IT SOFTENS BEAUTIFIES AND IMPROVES THE COMPLEXION.
Sent by Mail. Write for Circular, or send
10 CENTS
in stamps or silver for one.

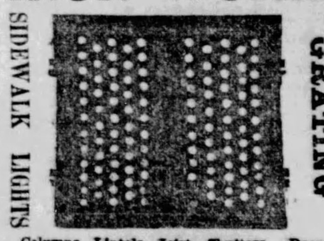
Brinkerhoff System
Of Rectal Treatment and Medication Cures PILES WITHOUT PAIN, LIGATURE, KNIFE, CAUTERY, OR DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.
Also cures Rectal Ulceration, the cause of Fistula, Fissure, "Itching Piles" and Consumption. Soreness across the back, low down, constipation or diarrhoea, dull, heavy pains or burning in the rectum, blood or pus on stool, pain in stomach or abdomen and bloating and general prostration warn you.
Send for 68-page book, free, to Dr. Kiskadden, 253 Woodward avenue, Detriot, Mich.
DR. H. S. KISKADDEN
At Toledo, Hotel Madison, every Wednesday, 11 a. m. to 4 p. m.

HOUSES FOR SALE

DO YOU WANT GOLD?

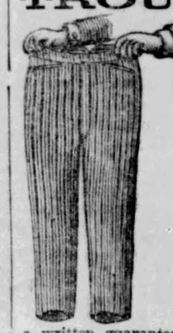
Cripple Creek is not a health resort. It is a wealth resort. Quite a difference! Location, near Pike's Peak, in Colorado. Gold—bright, yellow gold, is found at grass roots and in the rock formation.
Reliable experts claim this is to-day the richest camp in Colorado. Assays average $100 per ton, and have run as high as $5,000. One hundred people a day are now rushing to Fremont, chief town of the district.
The chance of a life-time is worth looking after!
You can get there quickly and comfortably by taking Santa Fe Route. Only line with no change of cars from Chicago. Kansas City and other principal cities to Florissant, nearest railroad station, with daily stages, to Fremont.
Address for rates and service,
GEO. E. GILMAN
Michigan Pass. Agt. Santa Fe Route,
DETROIT, MICH.

IRON WORK



Columns, Lintels, Joist, Shutters, Doors, Stairs, Roof Trusses, Area and Stair Railing, Fire Proof Shutters, Doors, Floors and Ceilings, Catch Basin and Coal Hole Covers.
M. DONOVAN,
511 to 515 Water Street,
TOLEDO, OHIO.

TROUSERS!



are the same in style of cut as the past season, only we have a new scheme that will tickle the fancy of all pants wearers.
We are now making pants that will not bag at the knee. We will give $100.00 to any other tailor who will make a pair of pants that will not bag at the knee.
From to-day on we will give a written guarantee that our pants will not rip or buttons come off. We have over 300 handsome styles to select from. Fit and workmanship guaranteed. To order at $3, $4, $5, $6 and $7.
ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,
344 SUMMIT STREET.

AWNINGS
TENTS, FLAGS,
Binder and Stack Covers,
—
Horse, Wagon and Waterproof Covers.
BREYMAN BROS.,
66 AND 68 SUMMIT ST.

THE TOLEDO GOLD CURE INSTITUTE,

Corner of Summit and Madison streets, continues to do a successful business in eradicating all desire for Liquor, Opium and Tobacco, without danger or injury.
Parties residing outside the city should write for information respecting home treatment. Call or address TOLEDO GOLD CURE INSTITUTE, 34 Hartford Block, Toledo, O.

Three Cheap Days.

Monday, Wednesday and Friday Dr. Bigelow will extract teeth absolutely without pain for half price. He has done the same thing for three years and still the people come by the score, which proves the doctor's method superior to all others. Dr. Bigelow, Prop.; Dr. Miller, mechanical dentist; Dr. Keel, operator. A lady assistant always in attendance. 305 Summit street. Phone 1254.
Office open all night. RING NIGHT BELL.
JOHN D. RIGGS
MECHANICAL ENGINEER
AND PATENT EXPERT
Inventors assisted, machinery and tools designed, estimates furnished.
55 Law Bldg Toledo

THEOSOPHY

Said To Be the Religion of Jesus,

According to Alexander Fullerton. F. T. S.—The Grounds Set Forth in Two Parts.

At the request of several Toledoans, interested in Theosophy, the Bee prints the following, being the first part of a paper in the Path by Alexander Fullerton:

It is not strange that ordinary Christians should look upon Theosophy with distrust and dislike, nor should one condemn them therefor. Those of us—and there are many—who once stood upon the Orthodox platform, perfectly understand that aspect of other faiths which from it is inevitable. We have, we believe, risen to higher ground and attained to fuller truths, appreciating better what of merit there is in the ground vacated, and certainly perceiving how much it is complemented by what we have since learned, yet not at all forgetting what was our former attitude, or failing to note that the attitude was consistent with and consequent upon the platform.

Every "orthodox" Christian holds of necessity the following convictions: First, that there is and can be but one true religion—the Christian; second, that only those forms of that one can be true which are included in the term "orthodox;" third, that any spiritual system disavowing the title "Christian," or treating all religions as variant expressions of a common thought, must be false; and fourth, that the adherents to such are not merely errorists in opinion, but are justly open to moral opprobrium. Nor are the third and fourth convictions illogical. If the Supreme Being has revealed one religion to man as containing His truth and His power, any other is an impertinence; and if a human being presumes either to alter the revelation or to reject it, he has not only erred, he has sinned. Granting the premises, the conclusion is immediate.

But there are several patent facts which congregate before a Christian and will not be dismissed. One is that, although eighteen centuries have passed since the asserted revelation, less than one-third of humanity accepts it. Another is that by far the largest part of that third—the Roman Catholics, the Russo and other Greeks, and the Unitarians, is thoroughly unorthodox, and consequently not to be classed with true believers. Still another is that, among nations outside of Christianity as well as in these unorthodox bodies, are many individuals of profoundly religious convictions and lives. A fourth is that the influence of even orthodox beliefs upon communities holding them is far less than is necessitated by their supposed Divine origin, the peaceableness, truthfulness, honesty, conscientiousness of Christians not being at all what the theory demands. A fifth is that such beliefs not only give no sign of conquering the world, but are even exhibiting such weakness and decay as to arouse anxious questionings in religious bodies over "What is to stem the tide of worldliness and unbelief?" and "How can Christianity be made to reach the masses?" And a sixth—by no means the least—is that not a few sincere and devout souls, of undeniable intelligence and motive, have quitted the orthodox doctrines of their early training and convictions, and have avowedly accepted others as being more consonant with reason and more congenial to spirituality.

Waiving for the time being all prejudice or partisanship, a thoughtful Christian, intent only on truth, must see that these unquestionable facts demand the following equally unquestionable inferences. First, that Christianity cannot claim exclusive title to Divine origin when, after 1800 years, it has failed to pervade the globe. Second, that no one section of it can claim title to "orthodoxy" when that claim is denied by an enormous majority equally claiming it. Third, that its certain influence on morals and manners cannot be conceded in face of the facts exhibited by Christendom. Fourth, that its indispensableness to the production of real devotion cannot be upheld when that devotion is produced under some other system, and when competent testers of both adopt the latter. And from these conjoined inferences arise two probabilities worth examination: First, that religion may be a force too diffused, too world-like, to be monopolized by any one creed; second, that the inadequacy of any one form of it to conquer existing evils may be due to mistake of its spirit or omission of its essentials.

Now this position, reached by the successive steps above taken, is precisely that already occupied by the Theosophist. The notion that he is a contemner of religion, that he has only virulent hatred for Christianity in particular, that he would suppress every church and ritual and priest, is grotesquely absurd. It is because of his faith in religion that he is anxious to give it the most intelligent and influential expression; it is because of his desire to insure to the spiritual principle the most unrestricted sweep that he seeks to remove every clog upon its progress; it is because of his knowledge of the enormous reformatory power latent in certain neglected truths that he is eager to see them again adopted and employed. His is not the role of the sceptic or the infidel or the agnostic: he may have to employ destructive methods, but only so far as they are needful to clear the way for the march of Truth: to represent him as an iconoclastic zealot is wholly to misconstrue his spirit and purpose.

Nor is it the fact that the Theosophist seeks to dislodge from its shrine in human hearts the sacred figure of Jesus, or to belittle the character and life which must ever remain a model. Why should he? He and the Founder of the Christian faith hold the same belief in the Divine origin of humanity, the same reverence for it as having its source in the one Fatherhood, the same confidence in its inherent capabilities and potencies, the same reliance on the motives which can ennoble and uplift it, the same conviction as to the course which alone can conduct it to its goal, the same foresight of what that goal shall be. More than this, I make bold to say, the very doctrines which underlay the preaching of the Galilean Prophet are the same which the Theosophist is voicing as those upon which must rest every true plan for the regeneration of society; and the very impulse which swayed the life and sanctified the death of the one, is that which is proclaimed by the other as the only impulse which can ever make human life worth the living and human death a passport to a life more Divine. Nor is even this all. For the very power over Nature which has seemed to apologists conclusive proof of a supernatural origin, the control of physical forces and diseases and movements, does not separate the two, for the Theosophist recognizes such as possible to a trained and enlightened humanity, and accepts, as perhaps no orthodox Christian has ever done, the literal exactness of the words, "Greater works than these shall ye do."

It is true, no doubt, that between the Jesus of the churches and the Theosophist there is a gulf—though not more so, perhaps, than between the Jesus of the churches and the Jesus of the Gospels. But it is with the Jesus of the Gospels that the true comparison must be made. The other is an artificial character slowly formed through many centuries of fierce scholastic controversy, a character pierced and moulded and colored by hands intent only on carrying out the designs of minds lost to spiritual intuitions and filled with metaphysical speculations or party dogmas, a character made up of ecclesiastical fictions and voided of rational life and import. Undoubtedly in the Jesus of dogma, the Jesus of creeds and councils and confessions, the Theosophist has little interest. But to the Jesus of St. Luke, the Jesus—I might almost say—of the New Testament, his feeling is very different.

That religion "is a force too diffused, too world-wide, to be monopolized by any one creed" is unqualifiedly stated by St. Paul, who says that "in every nation he that feareth God and worketh righteousness is accepted of Him." Reverence and obedience being the conditions of acceptance, and not the holding of any particular dogma, we can easily see not only how independent of dogma is the religious instinct, but also how wrong would be the refusal to recognize that instinct when not in combination with the dogma held by oneself. If the Theosophist would err in denying religiousness to a Christian because the latter's views of God, spiritual culture, and destiny differ from his own, no less would a Christian err in denying religiousness to a Theosophist on the same ground. In so doing, each would contradict the spirit, as well as the teachings, of his own creed.

That "the inadequacy of any form of religion to conquer existing evils may be due to mistake of its spirit or omission of its essentials" is the emphatic assertion of Theosophy. As it is so much easier to uphold intellectual propositions than to maintain spiritual life, the world's great faiths have insensibly lapsed into the petrification of a creed and the formality of a cult. Some central thought—the unity of God, the mission of an Avatar, the need of reform—was the nucleus of the force, but as time went on and surrounding influences changed the direction and character of the movement, the first impulse died out, the motive altered, the effect weakened. Pre-eminently has this been the case with Christianity. So long as the distinct teaching of Jesus—love to God and love to man—was the essence of missionary zeal, so long was the church pure and its work efficient. But as application of his teaching cooled before speculation on his personality, as devoutness became subordinated to belief and a creed took the place of a life, the religion lost its power to advance or to mould. Thus we see to-day the whole of Christendom separated into numberless sects, its forces expended on doctrinal maintenance and disputation, its reformatory power paralyzed, and its expansive possibilities ended. Nations learn war as earnestly as in any former era, the teachings of Jesus are wholly unthought of in legislation or jurisprudence, civil government and private life go on precisely as if neither his name nor his mission had ever been heard of. The spirit has been mistaken, the essentials have dropped from sight. And all this is because the Christian Religion has been substituted for the Religion of Christ.

In the apathy and the error and the evil of this nineteenth century, the Theosophist appears upon the stage and sounds a cry for renovation and reform. He is not the apostle of a new faith. He does not present a novel creed or a fresh organization. He disclaims any monopoly of truth, any recent discovery, any Divine commission. He invites no personal following, organizes no church, enjoins no obedience. He repudiates a crusade against beliefs or a revolution in the social order. There is nothing alarming or anarchistic in his utterances, however pungently they express the need for change or prompt to instant action. Why? Because he holds that there is enough of truth and motive already known, if only we can be induced to use it. Piercing through the layers of dogma and custom with which time has overlaid religion, he goes to the very substratum of all religions, and finds there the one common principle which is ample for all exigencies and all wants. Recalling long-forgotten truths, he shows how these, if given sway, are potent to correct all the evils of private life, of national wrong, of international rivalry. Pointing out that true progress must be in harmony with law and not in contravention of law, he carries history back to periods undreamed of by the ordinary publicist, and makes its one unvarying lesson the spur to present effort. Emphasizing freedom, freedom from prejudice, freedom from traditional superstitions, dead-letter interpretations, the whole artificial system by which conscience has been fettered and aspiration checked, he proclaims the emancipation of the human mind and of the human soul. He clears away the stifling encumbrances of centuries, knocks down the barriers long keeping out the light of heaven, and floods men's intellects and consciences with truth and motive from every quarter. And this he does in the name of human Brotherhood:—"If the Son shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed."

In thus advocating reform of thought and method, the Theosophist is of course confronted with the Christian who indorses Christianity as it is and who does not admit either that the mission of Christ has been misconceived or that he himself has misconceived it. But with the thoughtful Christian, intent only on truth, and willing to admit the two probabilities heretofore stated, why should there be conflict? The Theosophist does not insist that he shall abandon his God, his Christ, or his church, but only that he shall inquire if his conception of them may not properly be enlarged, and also if he may not have omitted certain truths which all experience shows to be indispensable to a reformatory mission.

The two great truths more particularly referred to are Karma and Reincarnation. The first is that moral law which prescribes that as a man sows, so shall he reap, the law that every good or evil deed receives exactly its award, that a man's condition and character and experiences are precisely what he has made them by his acts. It is, in short, the application of inflexible justice to the minutest detail of human record. The other is the fact that, in the slow process of evolutionary development up to the Divine, man is born many times into physical life, reaping the results of these careers as he goes along, and finally surmounting them when discipline and development have been accomplished. Each doctrine is a complement to the other: the two are the justification, the explanation, the solvent of human life.

If either doctrine was incompatible with real Christianity, a Christian could hardly be blamed for rejecting it. But such is not the fact. Divesting Christianity of its historical excrescences and restoring it to the pattern of its Founder, one finds that Karma and Reincarnation not only harmonize with the rest, but that the rest is incomplete without them. Paper II. will illustrate the fact. But meantime there are certain truths which may be pondered upon as essential to any scheme for the cure of human ills through religion.

The first is that Karma and Reincarnation are the oldest beliefs in the world. Theosophists hold that their origin was synchronous with the origin of intelligent humanity. Certainly they antedate any historical religion, are traceable as far back as is the expression of religious sentiment, are plain in the writings of the world's greatest seers and prophets. Obscured in eras and localities, as in our own, they ever reappear in time, vindicating themselves to the thoughtful and the unprejudiced, challenging the belief of those who seek a better explanation of life's problems than is given by any conventional scientist or conventional theologian. In this our day they have asserted themselves again, and the wide-spread welcome they are receiving from the intelligent and the devout is one of the phenomena of the closing century.

The second is that these are the only doctrines which give a rational solution to the perplexities of existence. Sin and sorrow and suffering are otherwise hopeless of explanation. The theory of accident satisfies no real thinker; the theory of Divine pleasure revolts every reverent heart. And yet, other than the Theosophic, there is no third. Search in every direction and to every depth, and you come finally either to the doctrine of casualty or to the doctrine of caprice. Karma and Reincarnation explode both. They teach that human ill is the consequence, and the consequence only, of human deed, and that the opportunity offered in rebirth for its cure is the only one which can be effectual or permanent.

The third is that no other doctrines have ever been sufficient to restrain the vehemence of passion and selfishness in either nations or individuals. Make a man thoroughly to understand that he creates his own future, that every thought and word and deed rebound upon himself by a law which never can be evaded or defied, that not a right or a wrong is ever forgotten or ignored, and you give a check absent from all theories of a changeable account or a placable Deity. The essential justice of the proposition enforces its acceptance. And so with nations. Let it be seen that aggression, conquest, tyranny bring inflexibly their punishment, and you end the belief that a wrong may yet be made to pay. Time is no bar, delay confers no immunity, as to either communities or persons. The Divine edict that "as a man sows, so shall he reap" overlies all regions and pervades all recesses of human action, and in the clearness with which it is perceived, the cogency with which it is operative, rests the assurance that conduct will be swayed by a consideration from which every element of uncertainty or mistake has been wholly expunged.

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PIONEER SKETCHES.

Extracts from Notes of O. A. Spencer.

No. 32.

By Dr. H. Scott, Lancaster, O.

"The winter of 1791-2 was followed by and early and beautiful spring. I have often thought our first western winters were much milder, the springs earlier, and the autumns longer than they are now. On the first of February the trees were putting forth their foliage—this was in southern Ohio, near the river, and above Cincinnati. In March the red bud, the hawthorns and dogwoods in full bloom, checkered the hills, displaying their beautiful colors of rosewood and lily; and in April the ground was covered with may-apple, blood root, yinsang, violets and a great variety of herbs and flowers. Flocks of parroquets were seen in their rich plumage of green and gold. Birds of various species and every hue were flying from tree to tree; and the beautiful red bird, and the untaught songster of the west, made the woods vocal with their melody.

"Now might be heard the plaintive wail of the dove; and now the rumbling drum of the pheasant; or the loud gobble of the wild turkey. Here might be seen the clumsy bear doggedly moving off, or urged by pursuit into a laboring gallop, retreating to his citadel of safety; or approached suddenly, raising himself into the attitude of defense, facing his enemy and awaiting his approach. There the timid deer watchfully resting or cautiously feeding; or aroused from his thicket, gracefully bounding off; then stopping, erecting his stately head, and for a moment gazing around, or snuffling the air to ascertain his enemy, instantly springing off, clearing logs and bushes at a bound, and soon distancing his pursuers. It seemed an earthly parade, and but for the apprehension of the wily copperhead which lay silently coiled among the leaves, or beneath the plants, waiting to strike his victim; the horrid rattlesnake, which, more chivalrous, however, with head erect amidst its ample folds, prepared to dart upon its foe, generously, with the loud noise of his rattle, apprised him of danger; and the still more fearful and insidious savage, who, crawling upon the ground, or noiselessly approaching behind trees and thickets, sped his deadly shaft or fatal bullet, you might have fancied you were on the confines of Eden or Elisium.

A Terrible Tragedy on the Ohio River.

"In the month of March, 1790, a flat-boat was descending the Ohio river, laden with household goods, merchandise, farming implements and several horses. On board were six persons, viz: John May, Charles Johnson, Jacob Skyles, Mr. Flinn and two sisters—young ladies by the name of Fleming. Before setting out on their perilous journey from the Kanawha they were fully admonished of the dangers that might await them along the Ohio from the treacherous decoy by Indians on both sides of the river. Their destination was Kentucky, and the point where they were to go ashore was Limestone, Ky.—now Maysville. The stories of boats being decoyed to the shore by the agency of white prisoners, and of the fearful dooms they met, were familiar all through the eastern and southern states. This little band of emigrants, of six persons, therefore floated out into the broad river with the firm resolve that nothing should tempt them to give the least heed to any appeals that might be made them from the shore, no matter what the story might be. The river was bank full, and consequently the descent of the current was rapid.

"Nothing occurred to awaken their suspicions until they had passed the mouth of the Scioto a few miles. Two white men hailed them from the Ohio shore and told them they were escaped prisoners from Indian bondage; that they had been taken a few days before at Kenedy's Station, and that they were in danger of being overtaken, when an awful death would be their inevitable doom. They pleaded most piteously that the boat would come to the shore and rescue them. But the emigrants, true to their resolve, gave them no recognition, but continued on their way. The Misses Fleming were touched with the appeal, and plead with the men to land and rescue the prisoners. With their experience they could not think it possible for white men to perpetrate such a story if it were not true. A consultation was held. Flinn and the girls plead for the fugitives, but Johnson, Skyles and May were firm in their opposition; they said there could be no doubt, notwithstanding the pitiful story, that Indians were hidden in ambush ready to massacre every one of them as soon as the boat should land. In the meantime the men ran along the shore keeping opposite the boat and repeating their appeals, for "God's sake." It seemed hard for human nature to withstand such appeals. Flinn at last made a proposition, which, after consultation, was agreed to.

"His proposition was, that the boat should be brought near enough to the bank for him to jump ashore, when it was to return to the middle of the river and leave him to learn the truth or otherwise of the story of the two men. If all were right, they would signal from land, when the boat would come to and take them all on board. It was a terribly fatal decision. The boat came to land, and Flinn jumped ashore, when instantly six Indians rushed from their covers and seized him; and at the same moment a volley of rifle balls was hurled into the boat. Some of the horses were wounded, and, breaking their halters, plunged furiously about. The remaining five persons threw themselves flat on their faces, as if in that way to save their lives a little longer. In the meanwhile the savage made the forest re-echo with their hideous yells, but mostly under cover, for they knew the potency of sharp shooters. They, however, continued to fire from ambush, and very soon all the horses were dead. At last one of the Fleming girls ventured to raise herself a little, when a ball passed through her head, and she was a corpse. Skyles had his shoulder smashed with a ball; and May was shot through the head, and dropped lifeless.

"While all this was taking place the boat drifted back a little from the bank, but the savages, determined not to lose their prize, plunged into the water and made the craft fast to the bank, when Johnson, Skyles and the remaining Fleming girl were brought ashore and securely bound, Flinn having been already secured. The two men who had played the part of decoys came and sat down by the prisoners, and attempted condolence, and tried to excuse themselves by saying that they had been compelled to do what they had done to save their own lives from the burning stake.

"And here is a question for the philosopher: Was it the duty of the men already in the hands of the savages to sacrifice their lives to save the lives of strangers: or, on the other hand, was the saving of their own lives a first and higher duty? Can it be a virtue or a moral obligation to sacrifice one's own life to save those of others whom he does not even know? It is a question for private consideration. Who would have acted differently from these two men, under similar circumstances?

"After the distribution of the spoils the Indians lingered on the shore the following day, during which they compelled the men who were not injured to put the boat in repair in order that they could use it to attract other boats that might come along. A canoe was discovered over on the Kentucky side, containing six white men. The prisoners were compelled to group themselves on the bank, and use their exertions to induce the canoe to cross over. In this, Divine, one of the men who decoyed the Johnson boat was said to have been the principal actor—that he even entered into the plot with apparent delight. He invented a lie, that there were no Indians within long distance. The canoe was soon approaching. Johnson did all he could to signal the men to keep away, but failed. The canoe was at length within less than a hundred feet of the bank, when a plattoon from the cover of bushes tumbled every man into the river. The bodies in falling overboard upset the canoe and all floated away together. The savages, who were expert swimmers, plunged in and succeeded in securing the scalps. They then stretched all the scalps, including those of May and Miss Fleming on hoops and hung them up to dry in the presence of the survivors.

"The foregoing tragedy was scarcely ended when three large flat boats came in sight up the river. The Indians manned their boat, and compelling the white men to steer, put out into the river to make the attack. The boat had been kept concealed under the brush until the flats came near. But the first and second boats drifted by, so rapid was the current, and were soon out of danger. The Indians, who were in considerable force, opened an indiscriminate fire on the boats. The rear one had its deck swept with bullets. Captain Marshal was in command, and he himself stood firm to the helm, while his men, after emptying their rifles, plied the oars with their utmost strength.

"While this was taking place, the Indian boat, either from their eagerness, or by the strategy of the steersman, got out of the current, which allowed the emigrant boats to gain rapidly. Recognizing this advantage, the three boats were brought together. The two smaller ones were then abandoned, all hands going on board of the larger and best defensive one. The savages here gave up the chase, and directed their attention to their prizes. It was not given out whether any on the emigrant boats were killed.

"Among the spoils secured was a keg of whisky. This secured the savages concluded to indulge in a general carouse while the stimulant held out. The usual precautions of appointing guards who were to keep sober and watch over the revelers was attended to, after which the drunk commenced and was kept up until the last drop of whisky was gone. During the carouse Johnson and Skyles were the special objects of hatred by the infuriated brutes, and to protect them the guards bound them securely and concealed them in a thicket at a little distance away. In this helpless condition one of the drinkers discovered them, and with a yell of demoniacal rage rushed on them, and was just in the act of begining to scalp Skyles when one of the guards came up, and, seizing the fellow, hurled him back several yards, thus saving the prisoner with no more than a severe scalp wound.

(Continued in No. 33.)

Dyspepsia in all forms not only relieved but cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

THE FOOTBALL MANIA.

The football epidemic is upon us, and it may be noted that each year the attack is more widespread and violent. Throughout the east football has effected not only the colleges great and small, the preparatory schools and athletic clubs, but it has reached the young men of the small towns and villages, and football is becoming as much the talk in the autumn as base ball is in the earlier season. In England, every Saturday from September to April is devoted to football in all the towns throughout the land, and something of this sort is going to develop in the United States. The matter is one of importance to anxious parents, to growing youths and to medical men. In England football casualties were very frequent, and formed a regular part of the medical chronicles of the week. Fatal accidents were not extremely rare. Of late, we are told by Mr. Edwards in the Nineteenth Century, serious accidents are very uncommon, owing to the strictness of the rules and the enlarged powers of the referee. English football has passed through its dangerous stage. In this country, the number of serious accidents is not great, but bruises, sprains and fractures are very common. The ankle and knee are naturally the favorite joints to be affected, while the nasal bones are those which are the oftenest broken. The increased interest in football has caused some natural, and perhaps justifiable, alarm, and we have been inclined to make dolorous comments. Athletic fevers cannot be checked, however, and the wisest thing to do meanwhile is to urge those in authority to make rules as rigid as possible and give the referee full powers for punishing violent and unsportsmanlike conduct.—Medical Record.

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"Whose baby are you?" sweetly inquired the lady.

The girl either did not know or was unwilling to place herself on record. She thrust her hands behind her and remained silent.

"Are you a good baby?" was the next question, propounded in conciliatory tones.

The flossy head was shaken violently.

"Not a good baby?" exclaimed the lady, with an affectation of deep horror.

"Ump-m."

The reply was unequivocally negative.

"You say your prayers, don't you?"

"Well, I guess—"

The little girl apparently spoke with the courage of her convictions.

"—not."

The lady looked sad.

"And aren't you afraid to go to bed at night?"

"Afraid"—

A disdainful expression invested the blooming, infantile countenance.

"—nothing. I always look under the bed to see if there's a man there."

The lady in silk and sealskins hastened on her way.

The Emperor William has, it is said, decided to revive the old custom of hunting with falcons, and has given orders that the Royal Forest of Weisterhausen be got ready for the sport. The latter is still practiced in Persia and India, as well as certain portions of Hungary. It was but three of four years ago that the British government abolished the hereditary office of Lord High Falconer to the Realm, which, together with a salary of $10,000 a year, had been held by the Duke of St. Albans and his predecessors for three centuries.

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Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

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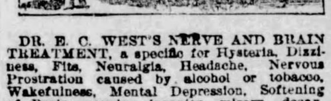

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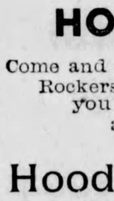

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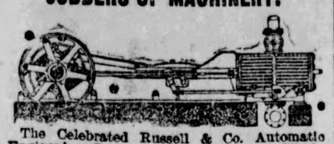

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Dealers in Wrought and Cast Iron Pipes, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Sinks, Pumps and Gas Fixtures.

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Sight is Priceless

YOUR EYES

Are too valuable to experiment with. Gould Bros., Opticians, make a thorough diagnosis of your case and prescribe the proper spectacles. If you desire high class work call at 231 St. Clair street.

ARENSCH & CO

607 MONROE ST.,

Have the Finest Imported and Domestic Delicacies, such as Fromage de Roquefort, Fromage de Brie, Fromage de Camembert, Fromage de Manants, Dill Pickles, French Mushrooms and Peas; also all kinds of Imported Sausages, Mustard, etc.

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714 ORANGE ST.

Treats Diseases of Ladies and Children and all forms of

PRIVATE DISEASES of BOTH SEXES

Patients successfully treated by mail.

ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

FACE MASSAGE

Treatment of Hair and Scalp.

Facial Blemishes of every description permanently removed without the use of harmful compounds. The face treatment teaches one how to care for and keep the face free from imperfections. Superfluous hair permanently removed by electricity. Consultation free from 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. MRS. L. J. RAYMER, Dermatologist, 415 Twelfth Street. Treatment by mail.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

The best varieties of Candies and Nuts. One of the oldest houses in Toledo.

FRED. GRADOLPH, Prop.

No. 124 Summit Street.

WITHOUT PAIN

Muhme, Chiropodist, 117 Summit, removes Corns, Bunions, and Ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures Sweating and Odorous Feet and removes warts.

ASPHALT.

—AND—

PORTLAND CEMENT WORK

For basements, cellars, stables, laundries, &c., laid and warranted.

SCHILLINGER BROS.

Works Lenk St. and Swan Creek.

Artistic and Architectural

FOR SALE-HOUSES

$1,400—Ewing st., near Forrer, new cottage, 5 rooms, well and cistern.
$1,050—Forrer st., near Clark st., 4 rooms, good house and lot.
$650—Hoag st., near Washington, 4 rooms.
$1,300—Hoag st., near Washington, 7 rooms; two-story dwelling.
$1,100—Hoag st., near Washington; newly repaired, painted, papered, etc.; 5 5 rooms.
$1,000—Heston st., near Indiana ave.: 5 rooms, well and cistern.
$2,550—Knower st., near Maumee, two-story dwelling, cellar, well, cistern, Mantel, barn, natural gas, etc.
$1,850—Knower st., near Dix st., 6-room cottage, well, cistern, natural gas, etc.
$1,000—Maumee ave. and Prouty ave.: four rooms.
$1,000—Walbridge ave., near Sumner; four rooms.
$1,400—White street, near Starr ave., six rooms, well, cistern, wide lot.
$1,500—Worthington st., near Mott ave., two stories, 7 rooms, well and cistern.
$1,200—Milburn ave., near Auburn ave., nice cottage, 5 rooms, cellar, well, cistern.
$1,900—Milburn ave., near Auburn ave., two story brick, 7 rooms, well, cellar and cistern.

A. E. MACOMBER & CO.

108 SUMMIT STREET.

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

$ 800—Empire street, near Adams street, 4 rooms.
$1,000—Wayne street, Air Line Junction, cottage 6 rooms, lot 30 feet front.
$1,000—Woodsdale avenue, new, 7 rooms.
$1,750—Indiana avenue, house 9 rooms and cellar.
$1,100—Park street, new house, 7 rooms; lot 30x120.
$1,550—South street, 9 room house, good well and cistern; lot 30 feet front.
$1,450—Broadway, new 7 room house in desirable location.
$1,100—West Washington street, 6 room cottage, lot 30x117.
$1,200—Gordon street, 6 room cottage, new and well built; lot 50x150.
$ 700—Enright street, Glassboro, cottage 5 rooms.
$1,100—Curtis street, 6 room cottage, lot 34 feet

MARKETS OF THE WORLD

Receipts of Wheat at Various Points.

Condition of Trade at Various Places.

Quotations in Toledo Circles and Gossip From Important Places.

The receipts of wheat at Toledo to-day are 587 bu. more than on the corresponding Thursday in 1891.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points are 364 bu. more than in 1891. The northwest receipts are 32,882 bu. more and five other western points 33,264 bu. less than in 1891.

The above statement does not yet represent the decreased movement that has been anticipated. The receipts at the northwest are not expected to decline very soon, if the weather and roads continue good.

The evidences are increasing that the crop up there is a better milling wheat and that there was more of it than was anticipated a month ago. But we have counted on a greater decline in winter wheat receipts. It keeps coming however.

The markets for wheat on this side of the ocean have been very dull everywhere to-day. Prices have averaged a little better than yesterday's closing up to 12 o'clock.

There is no change in the elements which influence prices, and the limited changes of the day are the result of local buying or selling. English markets are firmer but unchanged in price, but foreign markets count for nothing on any but the grades below No. 2. For the latter there is no export demand at the prices. The milling and the seaboard demand for mixing about covers the dealings for the contract grade.

Corn, which yesterday dominated the grain markets, is to-day the weakest commodity on the list, and has declined. Yesterday's advance on grain looks like a scalp.

In New York November wheat closed at 76 1-4c; December at 76 3-4c, a gain of 1-8c; May at 83 5-8c, unchanged. November corn at 50c, a loss of 1-8c; December at 50 1-2c, May at 52 7-8c, a loss on each of 3-8c. December oats at 30 1-4c, a loss of 1-4c.

In Chicago November wheat closed at 71 1-2, and December at 78 3-4c, a gain of 1-8c. November corn at 41 1-4c, December at 41 5-8c, a loss of 1-4c; May at 46 7-8c, a loss of 3-8c. December oats at 31c bid, a loss of 5-8c.

In Toledo.—We have had about the usual trading in wheat for December and May and at better prices. For both months prices opened 1-4c up, and with unimportant fluctuations closed at that advance. December commenced at 74c to 73 7-8c to 74 1-4c, closing at 74c. May sold at 80c to 80 1-4c, and closed at 80c.

Cash wheat.—The demand and offerings were light, but prices show an advance of 3-4c over yesterday's close; No. 2 soft at 73 1-2 and closed at that; L. S. at 73 3-4; No. 3 soft at 66 1-2, a gain of 1-2; No. 4 soft at 60; rejected No. 1 at 62, D. & M.; hard No. 2 at 69 1-2. Corn, No. 2 at 43; May sold at 41 3-4. Clover seed was very active and prices have advanced 10 to 12 1-2 and closed at the best prices of the day; prime medium sold at $7.85; November at $7.85, closing at $7.87 1-2; December sold at $7.80 to $7.85 and was higher to buy; January at $7.85 to $7.92 1-2; February at $7.92 1-2; March at $7.97 1-2 to $8.02 1-2; No. 2 at $7.62 1-2 to $7.70.

Close in New York.

New York, Nov. 17.—Money loaned somewhat close this morning at 4 1-2@5 per cent. Exchange quiet; posted rates $4 85 1-2@4.88; actual rates, $4.84 1-2 for 60 days and $4.87 for demand. Governments, steady; currency 6s, 107 1-2 bid; extended 2s, registered, 100 1-4 bid; 4s, coup., 114 1-2 bid.

There was less doing on the stock exchange this morning as compared with the same hours of yesterday. The sales to noon amounted to only 110,574 shares. Dealings were mainly confined to Reading, Atchison, Northern Pacific pfd, L. N. A. & C. and Ohio Southern. The remainder of the list displayed very little life.

Ohio Southern was the strong feature and advanced 2 per cent. The general market was firm and at noon prices were fractionally higher than they closed yesterday. At this writing the market is dull and featureless.

Flour dull with prices steady. Wheat opened firm and 1-8c higher and continued firm on moderate trading throughout the morning. At noon values were still firm at the advance. No. 2 red winter, 75 1-2@76 1-2c cash; 76 3-4c December; 78 1-2c January.

Corn opened steady and continued steady. No. 2 mixed 51 3-8c cash; 51c December; 51 5-8cc January; 53 1-4c May.

Oats opened firm at 1-8c advance, but subsequently lost the advance and at noon was dull. No. 2 mixed 35 3-4c cash; 36 5-8c December.

Rye and barley dull.

Molasses quiet; New Orleans 30@35c for good to fancy. Sugar—refined dull but steady; cut loaf and crushed 5 5-16@5 1-2c; granulated 4 3-4@4 7-8c. Rice—demand less active; buyers pretty well supplied; Japan 4 1-2@5c. Pork—mess quoted at $12.25@12.50 for old. Lard dull and steady; November $9.60 bid; December $8.85. Butter steady; state best 29@30c. Cheese quiet and without important change. Eggs moderately active and firm; state new laid choice 28c.

Turpentine.

Wilmington, Nov. 17.—Nothing doing.

Savannah, Nov. 17.—Firm at 28 1-4c bid.

Charleston, Nov. 17.—Steady at 28 1-2@29c.

Dry Goods.

New York, Nov. 17.—There was continued activity in cotton goods, all descriptions of staples participating, and the market going higher. Goods to-day are very scarce, particularly the more desirable makes. Bleached goods, heavy browns and colored cottons disclose a tendency to a new advance. Agents advanced Delight Anchor 4-4 bleached shirting to 8 1-2c, Hill's Semper Idem to 7 3-4c and Blackstone 4-4 bleached shirting to 7 1-2c. Most all Southern sheetings and drills are 1-4@1-2c higher. In other articles business was moderate, but fair. Jobbers were having a fair package trade in domestics and a good price business in silks and dress goods. Holiday articles were in demand.

Manchester.

Manchester, Nov. 17.—The Guardian, in its commercial article, says: The advance in cotton at Liverpool has hardened the position of sellers in Manchester. Rumors are rife that a leading authority is about to issue a revised estimate of the American crop, which will reduce it to 6,500,000 bales. Unfavorable telegrams regarding the out turn of the crop are reported from New Orleans. The present bullish feeling renders business difficult. Those merchants who have not already bought are afraid to follow the market. In view of the poor offers for cloth many manufacturers outside of the masters' federation are stopping their looms. This movement is likely to increase the reaction that is expected when the buyers of cotton unlegitimately connected with the trade begin to unload.

New York, Nov. 17.—Cattle—Receipts 2,108 head, including 78 cars for sale. The market opened steady and closed dull and 15c per cwt lower. Sales of native steers at $3.25@5.10 per cwt, bulls and cows at $1.00@3.15. Dressed beef was steady at 7@8 1-2c per lb. Shipments today 3,861 quarters of beef; tomorrow, 285 beeves and 30 sheep.

Calves—Receipts 1,036 head. The market was steady. Sales of veals at $5.00@7.75 per cwt, grassers at $2.25@2.75, western calves at $3.10@3.62 1-2.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 10,474 head. The market for sheep and common lambs was steady; choice lambs firm. Sheep sold at $3.00@5.00 per cwt, lambs at $4.30@5.85. Dressed mutton was steady at 6 1-2@8c per lb, and dressed lambs dull at 7@8 1-2c.

Hogs—Receipts 8,635 head, including 2 cars for sale. The market was weak. Sales at $5.40@6.00 per cwt.

Buffalo, Nov. 17.—Cattle—Receipts 75 loads through, 1 load for sale. The market was steady for good grades, slow for common lots. Coarse heavy steers at $3 55@3 00 per cwt.

Calves—Buttermilks at $2 25@3 50, veals, fair to best, at $5 00@6 00.

Hogs—Receipts 70 loads through, 30 loads for sale. The market was easier for good grades and lower for pigs. Heavy grades corn fed at $5 90 per cwt., Yorkers at $5 65.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 7 loads through, 22 loads for sale. The market was very dull; fine wool stock almost unsalable. Choice wethers at $4 25 per cwt., fair sheep at $3 75, choice native lambs at $5 25, common Canadas at $5 10.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, new, 71c; white wheat, No. 2, 68c. Rye—No. 2, 50c. Corn—No. 2, 42c. Oats—White, 35c; mixed, 33c.

Provisions—(Corrected daily by Charles Meyers)—Very firm; pork, mess, $13 50 per bbl., short, $11 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 12 lbs. and under, 12 1-2c; shoulders, 9c; scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 10c; smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 9c; by bbl., 8 1-2c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 9c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon side, 10 1-2c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Calves, 6 1-2@8c bbl. Hogs—Good demand, 6@7c. All kinds smoked meats very firm but scarce.

Butter—Scarce and higher. Elgin creamery, 26@27c; gathered creams, 24@25c; fancy Ohio creamery, 23@24c; fancy northwestern creamery, 22@24c; fancy dairy, 21@22c; prime to choice, 18@19c; medium, 14@16c; common, 8@10c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@20c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; 60@90c per bu; lettuce, 5@6 per lb; cabbage, $1 10@1 25 per bbl.

Vegetables—(Corrected daily by E. A. Reed)—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. Potatoes, 65@70c per bushel; $1 85@2 00 per bbl.; new cauliflower, 60@1 00 per doz; beets, 40c per bu; onions, 80@90c per bu; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; tomatoes, 75c per bu; cabbage, $1 10@1 25 per bbl.

Apples scarce and high, 90@1 00 per bu; strictly fancy, $1 10 per bu; $2 75@3 25 per bbl.

Poultry—(Corrected daily by Fulton Market)—Dressed and live chickens, demand good; live, 8@9c per lb; dressed, 10@11c per lb; old, dressed, 9@10c; old, live, 8@9c; spring ducks, demand light; dressed, 10@11c; live, 7@8c; turkeys, dressed, 12@13c; woodcock, 30c each; partridge, 35c each.

Salt Fish—Mackerel No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $22 00@24 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $20 00@21 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $11 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $6 50; white fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $8 50; No. 2, $3 50. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 22c per box.

Fresh Fish—Scarce; White (upper lake) 8c; No. 2 pickered, 5c; herring, 2 1-2c; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 7 1-2c; soft, 3c; saugers, 5c; catfish, dressed, 7 1-2c.

Turpentine—Savannah quiet at 28 3-4c per gallon.

Lead—Standard trust, $7 00@7 50; colored lead, $6 00@7 00.

Eggs—Market firm; strictly fresh, 22@23c.

Oils—Ohio prime white, 6 1-2c; Ohio water white, 7c; Indiana prime white, 6 1-2c; Indiana water white, 7c; Michigan prime white, 7c; Michigan water white, 7 1-2c; Eocene, 8 1-8c; stove gaso, 7c; linseed oil, raw, 46c; boiled, 49c. These figures are for barrels. Lard oil, No. 1, 42c, extra, No. 1, 52c; extra winter strain, 64c.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@4c per lb; do screened, 4@4 1-2c; recleaned and handpicked, 5c; white Virginia, 5c.

Coffee—Corrected daily by the Toledo Spice Co.—Giagua Rio, fair, 17c; good, 18 1-2c; prime, 20c; Green Santos, fancy, 22 1-2c; Roasted Java Mandheling, 40c; Old government, 32 1-2c; Java, 30c; Java Imperial, 26c; roasted Rio, bulk, 18@23c; Germaa packages, 22 3-4c; Lion packages, 22 3-4c; Ariosa packages, 22 3-4c.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Hay—(Corrected daily by Fred Adams & Son)—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No. 2, $9 00@7 00.

Millfeed—Bran, $15 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $16 00; middlings, $18 00 and $1 00 more in sacks.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 00; spring family, $4 50@5 00; winter patent, $4 50@5 00; fancy, $4 75@5 00; winter family, $4 50@5 00; extra, $2 25@4 00; low grade, $5 25; $1 00 more in bags.

Salt—Michigan salt, 90c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; Michigan on track, 85c.

Sugar—4 X Powdered, 5.79c; Standard, Powdered, 5.29c; Cutloaf, 5.79c; Cubes, 5.29c; Fine Granulated, 5.17c; Standard A, 5.16c; Off A's, 4.75@4.92c; light Extra C's, 4.54@4.66c; Good Extra C's, 4.35c; Yellow Extra C's, 3.99c.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 90@1 00 per gallon; active for all grades; maple sugar, 9@10c per lb. Syrup and molasses—Pure sugar white, 50@60c per gal; pure sugar dark, 20@25c per gal; white corn syrup, 30@35c per gal; New Orleans molasses, fancy open kettle, 65@75c per gal; New Orleans baking, 45@50c per gal; sorghum, 35@40c per gal.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 15@2 25; navy and medium, $1 85@2 00 per bu; western, $ 150@1 60.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4 1-2@5c; per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c; fancy head, Carolina, 6 1-2@7c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Prints.

Pacific Fancy, 6c; Cochseo Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Windsor Fancy, 6c; Allen's Fancy, 5 1-2c; Manchester Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Staples, 5 1-2c; American, 3 4 Indigo, 5 3-4c; American Shirting, 4 3-4c; Arnold "G" Indigo, 6c; Arnold "G" Indigo, 8c; Harmony Fancy, 4 1-4c; Hamilton Rag Robes, 6c; Pacific Robes, 6c; Allen's Robes, 6c; Allen's Patch Work, 5 1-2c; Allen's Pink, 6c; Allen's Purple, 6c; Hamilton Figured Red, 6c; Pacific Figured Red, 6c; Allen Figured Red, 6c; M. W. 4-4 Plain Oil Red, 10c; X Washington Oil Red, 8c; M. W. 3-4 Oil Red, 7c; S. 3-4 Oil Red, 6c; India Oil Red, 5 1-2c; Palermo Oil Red, 5c; Vienna Oil Green, Blue and Orange, 6c; Steel River Percales, 8c.

New conceits in silver—Cawood's.

Ginghams.

Amoskeag staples, 7c; Falcon staples, 4 3-4c; Normandie dress, 8c; Renfrew dress, 8c; Everett dress, 8c; Bon Ton dress, 7 1-2c; Beechwood dress, 7c; Hanley dress, 6 1-2c; Wellington dress, 6 1-2c.

Horse Blankets.

Kansas Square, 90c net each; Oxford Square, $1 00 net each; Berlin 8 Square, $1 10 net each; 5-A Trader Square, $1 20 net each; Plunger Square, $1 25 net each; 5-A Magic Square, $1 50 net each; 5-A Cold Wave Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Trojan Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Diamond Square, $2 25 net each; 5-A 306 Square, $2 50 net each; 5-A Norwegian Square, $2 75 net each; 5-A No. 51 Russian, $3 25 net each; 5-A No. 53 Russian, $3 25 net each; Arctic Cut, 90c net each; Hudson Cut, $1 00 net each; Albany Cut, $1 25 net each; 5-A 5-Mile, $1 35 net each.

Tri-State, 12c.

Canton Flannels (Bleached.)

No. 15 Tri-State, 6c; No. 25 Tri-State, 7c; No. 35 Tri-State, 8c; No. 45 Tri-State, 9c; No. 55 Tri-State, 10c; No. 65 Tri-State, 12 1-2c.

Colors.

No. "A" Browns and Slates, 9 1-2c; No. "C" Browns and Slates, 8c; Reds, Old Gold and Blues, 10c.

Table Felts.

All colors, 95c net.

Surah Silks.

All colors, 30c; Blacks, 30c; Blacks, 40c; Blacks, 50c; Blacks, 60c; Blacks, 75c.

Crashes (Unbleached.)

Cotton Twill, 4c; Cotton Huck, 4c; Cotton Birdseye, 4c; Pemberton, 5c; 14-inch Linen, 4 1-2c; A A, 6 1-2c; A, 7c; P P, 7 1-2c P, 8c; N, 9c; N N, 10c; S E T, 12c.

Crashes (Bleached.)

Cotton Huck, 4 1-2c; Toilet Twill, 4 1-2c; Cotton Twill, 5c; "A" Linen, 8c; N Linen, 10c; Brittish, 10c; Britian Twill, 12c; 348 Plaid Linen, 8 1-2c; 348 A Linen, 10c; Check, 8c.

Tickings.

No. 20 White Horse, 9 1-2c; Royal, 6 1-2c; No. "A" Oakland, 7c; No. 250 Oakland, 8c; No. 100 White Horse, 8c; No. 50 White Horse, 8c; No. 60 White Horse, 9c; No. C. C., Swift Mfg. Co., 8c; No. S. S., Swift Mfg. Co., 9c; Fancy, Swift Mfg. Co., 10c; Appleton Fancy, 10c; A A A Lewiston Plaid, 10c; Imperial, 10c; No. 3 White Horse, 9c; No. 2 White Horse, 10 1-2c; No. 1 White Horse, 14c; Salem Fancy, 10 1-2c; S. S. Thorndyke, 12c; Victoria, 12 1-2c; 871 Fancy, 15c; 1074 Fancy, 15c; H. C. White Horse, 15c; Zebra, 16 1-2c.

Wide Brown Goods.

10-4 Boston, 20c; 9-4 Boston, 18 1-2c; 8-4 Boston, 17 1-2c; 7-4 Boston, 15c; 45-inch Fairhaven, 9c.

Bleached Cottons.

Middlesex B B, 5c; One of The Finest, 5 1-2c; Diamond, 6c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest Rod, 6 1-4c; Golden Rod, 6 1-2c; Senator, 6 3-4c; Pennant, 7c; Pennant, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Fearless, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Capitol, 1-2

Of all the ruins in England, Kenilworth is said to be "kept in best state of repair."

Dress Goods.

Angora Camlets, 10 1-2c; Zaara Melange, 10 1-2c; India Cashmere, 10 1-2c; Inverness 36 inch., 10c; Tokio Repps, 8 1-2c; Turners, 24 inch., 16c; Turners, 36 inch, 24c; Turners, 36 inch., 32 1-2c; 3-4 Real Lustre, 12 1-2c; Clan Tartans, 10c; Lawrence Fancies, 20c; 3-4 Poplin Lustre, 8 1-2c; Swiss Zephyrs, 7 1-2c; Arlesian Cords, 7 1-2c; Elder Downs, 37 1-2c; Cordovan Cords, 7 1-2c; Oxford 36 inch. Sackings, 20c; All Wool 28 inch. Sackings, 21c; Roenadle 36 inch. Fancy, 40c; Camels 36 inch. Fancy, 45c; No. 415 All Wool 36 inch. Sackings, 45c; 1079 36 inch. Sackings, 37 1-2c; 50 inch. Broadcloaths, $1 00; 50 inch. 1503 Sackings, 47 1-2c; B. A. W. Cashmeres, 12 1-2c; "B" Cashmeres, 15c; N. C. Henrietta Black and Colors, 18c; M. C. Henrietta Black and Colors, 24c; 107 Henrietta Black and Colors, 35c; A. 10 Henrietta Black and Colors, 47 1-2c.

39 Inch Black Henriettas.

C C, 14c; Essex, 15c; S, 20c; E 5, 20c; XX, 25c; XXX, 30c.

Oriental, 40c; Red and Green, 35c; Plain Cardinal, 35c.

Cream Damasks.

No. 135, 85c; No. 142, 40c; No. 163 X, 45c; No. 231, 50c.

White Damasks.

No. 14, 37 1-2c; No. 24, 40 1-2c; No. 44, 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, 65 1-2c; No. 102, 75 1-2c; Red Border, 33 1-2c; 60 1-2c; No. 60 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, Red Border, 35 1-2c; Red Border, 40 1-2c.

"A" Chambrays.

All colors, 10c.

Soleslas.

2 X, 8c; 3 X, 9 1-2c; 4 X, 11c; 5 X, 12 1-2c; 77 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 92 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 226 Fancy, 16c; 95 Fancy, 16c; 216 Fancy, 22 1-2c; Percalines, 12c; Cambrics, 4 1-4c; Paddings, 9c.

Linen Canvas.

Tri-State, 8c; Household, 8c; Alabamas, 7c; Eagle & Phoenix, 6 1-2c; Southern, 4 1-2@6c; Edinburg, 8c; Greenville, 6c.

Denims.

York Fancies, 12 1-2c; York Blue and Brown, 12c; Everett Blue and Brown, 12c; Andover Blue and Brown, 11 1-2c; Columbian Blue and Brown, 10c; 12-ounce Blue and Brown, 14 1-2c; Arlington Ducks, 15c; Somerset Blue and Brown, 10 1-2c.

Brown Sheetings.

Great Falls E, 6 1-2c; Cabot A, 6c; Piedmont, 5 3-4c; Tri-State, 5 1-2c; North Star L L, 5 1-2c; Glenmore, 5 1-2c; Henderson A, 5 1-2c; Henderson C, 4 1-4c; Norwood X X, 5 3-4c; Household A A, 5 1-4c; Lawrence L L, 5c; Favorite L L, 5c; Harper L L, 4 3-4c; Cast Iron, 7 1-2c; Constitution, 9-8, 7 1-4c; Constitution, 4-4, 6 1-4c; Dwight Star, 6 3-4c; Atlas O N B, 6 1-2c; Columbian Tower, 6 1-4c; Cambria No. 1, 5 3-4c; Good 100 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 10 1-2c; 200 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 12c; 300 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 14c.

Corset Jeans.

Victoria Black, Slates and White, 7c; Conestoga Browns and Slates, 6c.

Crinolines.

Alton 10-4, 75c pair; Atlantic 10-4, 75c pair; Arabian 10-4, $1 50 pair; Amsburg 10-4, $1 00 pair; Ansonia 10-4, $1 20 pair; Alhambra 10-4, $1 40 pair; Adline 10-4, $1 40 pair; Bradford 10-4, $1 80 pair; Pacific Scarlet 10-4, $2 50 pair; Beacon White 10-4, $2 25 pair; Globe 10-4, $2 50 pair; Devonshire 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $3 00 pair; Manitoba 10-4, $3 75 pair; Columbia No. 190 11-4, $4 50 pair; Columbia No. 200, 11-4, $6 00 pair; St. Joaquin 11-4, $5 25 pair; D Valley 11-4, $6 50.

Comforts.

"D," $7 00 net per doz; E E, $8 00 net per doz; J H, $9 00 net per doz; V E, $12 00 net per doz; N, $12 00 net per doz; C E, $13 50 net per doz; X, $15 00 net per doz; 33, $17 00 net per doz; 50 S F, $18 00 net per doz; H-4, $19 00 net per doz; 55, $20 00 net per doz; C-6, $24 00 net per doz; P-8, $30 00 net per doz; Bunting Comforters, $15 00 net per doz; Crib Comforters, $9 00 net per doz.

Canton Flannels (Unbleached.)

No. 10 Tri-State, 4 3-4c; No. 20 Tri-State, 5 1-2c; No. 30 Tri-State, 6 1-2c; No. 40 Tri-State, 7 1-2c; No. 50 Tri-State, 8c; No. 60 Tri-State, 9c; No. 70 Tri-State, 10c; No. 80 Bleached, 7c; White Squadron, 7 1-2c; Rosalind, 7 1-2c; Fauntleroy, 8c; Four Seasons, 8 1-4c; Silver Queen, 8 1-2c; Lonsdale, 8 1-4c; Fruits, 8 1-4c; Lonsdale Cambrics, 10c.

Shirtings.

B, 5 1-4c; Newmarket B, 5c; Grafton A, 4c; Archery Bunting, 4 1-4c; Tennis Buntz Value, 5 1-2c; Household G G, 5 1-4c; Niobe fog, 4c; Wassue Bunting, 3 3-4c; Peri, 3 1-4c; Anchor Drill, 6 3-4c; Piedmont, 6 1-4c.

10 Days.)

Stark A, $19 00 per bale; Railroad, $17 50 per bale; Amoskeag, $16 00 per bale; Eureka, $15 50 per bale; White Wadding, 25c per doz; Black Wadding, 20c per doz; Linen Collar Canvas, 16@22c per yard; 4-ply Cotton Twine, 20c per lb.

Battings.

16 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 12 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 10 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Superion, 8c; 16 oz. Magnetic, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Page, 8c; 16 oz. Maumee 8c; X X Case 100 roll, $7 50 per case; X X X Case 100 roll, $8 50 per case; X X X X Case 80 roll, $9 50 per case.

Floor Oil Cloths (in 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4) No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 25c; No. A, 21c; No. B, 19c; No. 2 Rugs, 35c; No. 3 Rugs, 30c.

Wide Bleached Goods.

10-4 Boston, 22 1-2c; 9-4 Boston, 20c; 8-4 Boston, 18 1-2c, 6-4 Boston, 15c; 5-4 Boston, 12 1-2c; 45-inch Newmarket, 10c; 42 inch Newmarket, 9c.

46 Inch Black Henriettas.

No. 1200, 65c; 1300, 67 1-2c; 1400, 70c; 1500, 75c; 1600, 77 1-2c; 1700, 80c; 1800, 82 1-2c; 1900, 85c; 2000, 92 1-2c.

Plain Red Flannels.

No. 1200, 55c; 1300, 60c; 1400, 60c;

Silk Warp Henriettas.

No. 100, 72 1-2c; 110, 77 1-2c; 130, 82 1-2c; 140, 87 1-2c; 160, 92 1-2c; 170, 97 1-2c; 27 inch Black Mohair, 25c; 46 inch Bedford Cords, 37 1-2c.

Draperies.

Bengall, 12 1-2c; Punkah, 8c; Polka Spot, 6 1-2c; Windsor, 25c; Kremlin, 25c; Fontainebleau, 25c; Rugby, 20c; Tudor, 20c; Boulevard, 20c; Huron, 18c; Suburban, 18c; Plantaget, 18c; Derby, 12 1-2c; Marathon, 12 1-2c; Beranium, 12 1-2c.

3-4 Cream, 6c; 3-4 Bristol, 8c; Anawan, 10c; Orion, 12 1-2c; Dakota, 15c; Marigold, 15c; Norfalk, 20c.

Siberia, 27 1-2c; Farmers, 30c; C M, 30c Excelsior, 35c.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 5@5 1-2c per lb; evaporated, 7 1-2@8c; peaches, pared, 15@20c; fancy, 18@22c.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per lb; Michigan full cream, 10@10 1-2c per lb; Young America, 9@11 1-2c; fancy Schweitzer, 14 1-2@15c per lb; twins, 11 1-2@12c per lb. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; western, 23@33c; foreign, 63c per lb.

Those Russian Jackets

Received yesterday, are the best yet.

Sanborn & Company,

403 Adams street.

Only a block from Summit.

LAKE MARINE.

Vessel Passages Through the Straits and Rivers.

Sault Ste. Marie, Nov. 17.—Up—Manola, 1 a. m.; Athabasca, 10.

Down—Algonquin, 9:30 a. m.; Hall, Duncan, 10:30. Wind, northwest; brisk; misty.

The Crossing.

Lime Kilns, Nov. 17.—Down—Egyptian, 11 last night; Owen, Quayle, Ishpeming, Wells, Mineral State, 11:40; Drake, 1 a.m.; Mc. Clemens, 2:30; Corona, 3; Sicklana, Worts, 7; Cuyuga, 8:10; Booth and barges, 9:40; Marshall, 10:10.

Up—Fletcher barges, David Stewart, 10:30 last night; Grover, 11:15; Castalia, Conemaugs, midnight; Senator Rhoda Emily Mercur, 12:20 a. m.; Forbes Jeanette, 3:10; Northwind, 7:20; Montana, Yakima, Madena, Seattle, 7:30; Helena, Amboy, 8; Hammond, 8:40; Everett Minch, 9; Richards, Mather consort, 9:20; Cleveland barges, 9:30; Josephine Barker, 10; Washburn, Cambria, 10:10.

Coming Ashore.

Northport, Nov. 17.—A message has just arrived from Fox Island and reports that Chas. Row has found two bodies on the beach with the steamer Gilcher's life preservers on them. From papers found on the remains it is believed that one is the body of the steward, named Charles E. Williams. The other is of the fireman, named Green. The mizzenmast of the Gilcher was also found on the beach at Fox Island.

Port Huron.

Port Huron, Nov. 17.—Down—Presley, Hackett, Brown, St. Louis and consort, 10 last night; Dyer, Sparks, midnight; Traveller, Hutchinson, O'Neill, Watson, 1:30 a. m.; Osoola and consort, 2; Torrent and barges, Folsom and consort, 3; Brittain, North Queen, 7:30; Wyoming, Kalkaska, 8:30; Wawenauw, Bourke, Pillsbury, 9:40; Italia, 10:30; Desmond and barge, 11.

Up—Duncan, Smith, Wilbur, midnight; Favorite, Johnson, Hanna, 12:10 a. m.; Carpenter, Stewart, Westford and barges, 4; Bradley and consort, 8:40; Pahlow, 9:20; Louisiana, Wade, Castalia, Grover, 10:30.

The Straits.

Mackinaw, Nov. 17.—Down—Coffinbury, consort, 11 last night; Denver, Panther, consort, midnight; Superior, consort, 3:40; Codorus, 4:40; Schuylkill, 5:10; Devereux, 6:30; Forest City, consort, 7:30.

Up—Lycoming, 11:10 last night; Interocean, consort, 12:10 a. m.; Whitaker, consort; C. H. Green, consort, 12:30; Business, 3:10 H. Johnson, 6:20; Viking, consort, 8:30; Paige, 9; Iron Age, consort, 10.

The steamer George Presley, bound from Lake Superior to Chicago, with iron ore, stranded on the north end of Round Island last night.

The Children Are Right

When they say

Sanborn's

is the place to get a Cloak.

403 Adams street.

Only a block from Summit.

Half fare excursion rates made by T., A. A. & N. M. Ry. on Sunday trains.

Mr. W. A. Willett, one of the finest baritones in the city, will sing a number at the Floral concert, St. Paul's church, Friday evening, November 18.

"Candee" Rubber Boots are used by electric light men. They know them to be safe.

IN A SOCIAL WAY.

Personal Gossip Relative to Toledoans

And Their Guests, Besides the Coming and Going of People in Whom Bee Readers Have an Interest.

Rev. Charles Cravens tied the nuptial knot.

Mr. Fred Persons has returned from an extended western trip.

Mrs. Robert Sampson is spending a few weeks with Michigan friends.

W. W. Blankertz, of the postoffice, who has been sick some time, is slowly improving.

Her brother Robert played the wedding march, which was a pretty feature of the occasion.

Dr. H. E. Muan, of Broadway, who has been quite sick the past week, is able to be out again.

Mrs. J. B. Lomison, of Lima, is visiting friends in East Toledo. She will return Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. V. M. Hyde have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Detwiler en route to Chicago.

Last evening at the family residence, 1958 Franklin avenue, occurred the marriage of Miss Dora Rosenthal and Mr. Morris L. Kahn.

Mrs. Smith, of Detroit avenue, entertained the congregation of the Fifth Presbyterian church at a "pie social" last evening. The occasion was a pleasant one.

The bride, who is admired by a host of friends for her beautiful character and gentleness of manner, was attired in a white silk, made empire style, and carried bride's roses.

Little Ruth Hine, dressed in white and yellow silk, was maid of honor, and Walter Rosenthal and Henry Kaufman, dressed in black velvet and white lace, made ideal pages.

On Wednesday evening, November 30, will occur the marriage of Miss Gertrude Chapin Blass, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Blass, Mr. Ed H. Witker, at Westminster church.

Prof. F. W. Kibbe has issued invitations for a Thanksgiving matinee to be held at Odd Fellows' temple, Thursday afternoon, November 24. Dancing from 2:15 to 5 o'clock.

The wedding was quiet, only the immediate relatives being present. After the ceremony an elegant wedding supper was served. Mr. and Kahn departed last night for a wedding trip, after which they will reside in Detroit.

The marriage of Mr. Cady Swift and Miss Annie Stack, daughter of Mr. P. M. Stack, was celebrated at the home of the bridegroom's parents, at Bryan, yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Swift are receiving the congratulations of their friends to-day.

The guests from abroad were Mr. and Mrs. Heller, and Mr. and Miss Despres, of Chicago; Mr. M. N. Kahn, of Chillicothe, Ill.; the Misses Fannie and Henrietta Kahn, of Detroit; Mr. Chas. Kaichan, of Detroit, and Mr. Sidney Rosenthal, of Washington, D. C.

A large number of Mrs. Helen Jones' friends paid their respects to that lady at her home yesterday afternoon. This was voted one of the prettiest receptions of the season. Mrs. Jones was assisted in receiving her guests by Mrs. McClaren, Miss Lida Chapin and Mrs. Beach.

Mrs. Chas. Pheatt was "at home" to her friends yesterday afternoon. The house was beautifully decorated in honor of the event. Mrs. Pheatt was assisted in receiving the guests by Mrs. Z. Pheatt, Mrs. Jesse Norton and Miss Mina Pheatt. Her assistants were Miss Sylvia Merrell, the Misses Canahan, of Findlay; Miss Alice Sturgis, Mrs. I. T. Merrell, Mss Fannie West and Miss Anna Janes.

A surprise party on Miss Mame Koster was given by Miss Tillie Burkhart and Mr. Russell at Bittman's hall. About 50 couple were present. Refreshments were served. Dancing was the feature of the evening. A most enjoyable time was had. Among those present were the Misses Burkhart, Johnson, Lateste, Poggemeyer, Dean, Ephardt, Stoker, Sanders, and Messrs. Johnson, Shean, Ashley, Russell, Fitzgerald, Skinner, Koiflin, Fischer, Rush, Woodberry and Pickard.

A very pleasant surprise party occurred at the home of Mrs. Hartman, on Sherman street, near Union yesterday afternoon. The ladies took the house by storm and made merry, leaving the hostess a double set of knives and forks as evidence of their esteem. Among those present were the following: Mesdames A. Baumann, J. D. Reinhart, George Cook, Lida Scheffield, Schindler, Leonard, Weis, Schuller, Abbey, Merical, Jacoby, Merical, Neander, Beck, Reinhart, Ripple, Wernert, Trotter, Ludwig, Metzger, Zonfecht, Hauk, Roper, Schaul, Straul, Schiller, Stahl, Herring, Gentner, Vollmayer, Nopper, Keip, Schwartz, Scheffield, Weiss, Gessler, Schidel, Himmelspach, Schott, Zenley, Bratts, Neimiller, Pfeferly, Dyar. The day was most charmingly spent.

IT IS A MISTAKE.

Not to put on winter flannels now.
Not to own a pair of cork-soled shoes.
Not to eat something hot for lunch.
Not to put your summer clothes away out of the dust.
Not to speak pleasantly to everybody.
Not to begin buying Christmas presents now.
Not to have a few minutes to yourself once in a while.
Not to say "No" when you mean no, and "Yes" when you mean yes.
Not to wear shoes that fit your feet.
Not to look as pretty as nature will let you look.
Not to take a little exercise every day.
Not to write letters home.
Not to read the daily papers.
And, more than all, it is a mistake if you do not make arrangements so you can spend Thanksgiving at home with the family.—New York World.

Organs at your own price. We have a number of organs that have been used a little that are practically good as new, that must be closed out to make room for new goods now on the way. You can get a good Organ at almost your own price.

J. W. Greene & Co.

Pythian Castle.

New Boucle

Coats for ladies. The latest in rough effects.

Sanborn & Company,

403 Adams street.

Only a block from Summit.

We can suit you in Kid Gloves—

NEUHAUSEL BROS.

BIG LABOR MEETING.

The Clergy Invited to Act as Vice Presidents.

The following circular has been sent to all

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper, it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

TOLEDO, OHIO, NOV. 17, 1892.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GENERAL AGENT OR MANager, to take charge of permanent and pleasant business in city and work surrounding country, through corps of canvassers; business strictly legitimate and exceedingly profitable; Liberal cash salary, expenses and commission to the right man; must be a live, energetic worker, a good talker, and able to give first-class references; preference given to man with a little capital, though lack of it will not prevent engagement if applicant suits in other respects. Special inducement to one who already controls a force of active agents in any line. A few vacancies in other cities. Address at once, Mast, Crowell & Kirkpatrick, Springfield, Ohio. 15nov5

$5 TO $15 PER DAY AT HOME SELLing Lightning Plater and plating jewelry, watches, tableware, etc. Plates the finest of jewelry good as new, on all kinds of metal with gold, silver or nickel; no experience; no capital; every house has goods needing plating. H. K. Dello & Co., Columbus, Ohio. 22sep10sats

WANTED—JOB PRINTER—WHO UNderstands press work, can run engine and take charge of work in a newspaper office; state wages expected and give reference. Address S. 1, Bee office. 16nov4

WANTED—A BOY FOR GENERAL work. Apply at 1503 Adams street. 16nov2p

WANTED—TAILORS—TWO GOOD TAILors at once; steady work the year around and highest wages. Apply at Clothing Coil Co., 905 Washington street. 16nov3

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN TO sell Baking Powder. We put our goods in Glass Rolling Pins, $60 month salary and expenses, or 25 per cent. commission; good side line; if you want a job, write; send stamp for reply. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 767 Van Buren street, Chicago. 5nov1m-p

WANTED—A GOOD RELIABLE WOOD turner; steady work; corner Water and Vine streets. R. Hattersley. 14nov-tf

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN TO sell nursery stock; salary $40 per month and expenses paid. Address with references, The Assurity Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y. 10nov6p

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; references required. 1013 Superior street. Mrs. Rowland Starr. 7nov-tf

WANTED—GOOD RELIABLE GIRL FOR housework; steady place. Inquire at 2727 Monroe street. 16nov6p

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO SECOND work; good wages. Apply 1608 Jefferson st. 16nov3

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY—A YOUNG woman for housework, and to assist with cooking; no washing. Call at 1804 Monroe street. 16nov2

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL IN small family; references asked. Inquire 819 Huron street. 16nov2p

WANTED—A COMPETENT KITCHEN girl; no washing. 227 10th street, between Madison and Jefferson. 15nov2

WANTED—A NURSE TO TAKE CARE of baby 2 months old; middle aged woman preferred. Address K. 41, Bee office, giving address, terms, etc.; must give good references. 14nov-tf

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; German preferred; 327 Eleventh st. 15nov3

WANTED—A COOK, WASHER AND Ironer; three in family; two girls kept; good place to right party. Call from 9 to 12, mornings, 317 17th street. 14nov6p

WANTED—A GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK in small family; no washing. Apply at once. 128 Nineteenth street. 14nov3p

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR general housework in small family; good wages paid; references required. Mrs. L. K. Parks, 907 Grand avenue, corner Lawrence avenue. 14nov4p

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK; good wages; no laundry work; reference required. Enquire 1957 Summit st. 14nov6p

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; one who understands cooking. Apply 2149 Parkwood ave. 14nov3

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. Robt. Law, 1231 Huron street. 14nov3p

WANTED—A GIRL AT 1449 Huron st.; general housework. 11nov6

NURSE GIRL WANTED AT 417 ISLINGton street, in Kensington. 14nov5

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; references required. 1013 Superior street. 7nov-tf

LADIES MAKE $20 A WEEK WHO write for us at home. No canvassing. Reply with addressed and stamped envelope. Woman's Co-operative Toilet Co., (Incorporated) South Bend, Ind. 29oct28

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1415 Adams st. 27oct-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT money come direct to me. I will loan you money on household goods, pianos, organs, horses, etc., without removal, and on the most satisfactory terms. Partial payments received reducing cash pro rata. All business strictly confidential. C. R. Lee, 506 Cherry street. 19octlm-p

WANTED—$10,000 TO BE LOANED ON watches, jewelry, musical instruments, wardrobes and other personal effects, at 607 Monroe street, upstairs. 10nov6p

MONEY TO LOAN—ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, organs, horses, cattle, wagons, etc., without removal and on satisfactory terms; partial payments received deducting cost pro rata. All business strictly confidential. Lucas Loan Co., Room 3, Trinity Block, corner Adams and St. Clair. Entrance on both streets. 1nov-tf

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, from one to ten years; interest payable annually, with privilege of paying any part or all of the principle at any time. For further information call on or address L. Vanderburg, 37 Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, Ohio. 3octlyr

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY property at six, seven and eight per cent. S. G. Southard, Room 11, Gardner Place, corner Superior and Madison. 27febly

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Waggoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24octlyr

MONEY TO LOAN—ON REAL ESTATE only, in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; can arrange to make partial payments if desired. 512 Madison street. T. S. Merrill. 30augly r

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 2, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE. ENquire at Singer Mfg. Co., 506 Adams street. 4oct-tf

FOR RENT—TWO BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, just furnished new; bath on same floor; new house, with all modern improvements; gentlemen preferred; rent very reasonable. 132 Michigan street, opposite Cyclorama. 15nov6p

FOR RENT—STORE NUMBER 320 MONroe street. Enquire at store. 28sept-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—AN IRISH SETTER DOG; ANswers to the name of "Don." Solid red. A reward will be paid for his return or information leading to his whereabouts. Peter Nill, 1502 Broadway. 26oct-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—GOOD BARGAINS IN FARM and City property: $3,500—Dorr street, 10 rooms, bath gases, well, cistern and good barn, between 17th and Collingwood avenue. $2,000—Dorr street, 9 rooms, gas, well, cistern and large Barn. $1,100—Chase street, near Galena, 6 rooms, gas, etc. $1,150—Chicago street, near Chase, 6 rooms, gas, etc. $1,200—Franklin avenue, near Locust street, 7 rooms. $2,000—Wakeman street, near Oak, 7 rooms, etc. $1,200—Macomber street, near Auburn avenue, 7 rooms, etc. New 2-story double house on Hicks street, near Collingwood avenue. Cottages and two-story houses on Michigan avenue; also vacant lots in all parts of the city, and good farms for sale or trade for city property. $3,000—439 Dorr street, 10 rooms, both gases, well, cistern and good barn, worth $3,500; $2,000—Dorr street, near Lawrence avenue, 9 rooms, gas, well, cistern and large barn; $1,100—Chase street, near Galena, 6 rooms, gas, etc.; $1,150—Chicago street, near Chase, 6 rooms, gas, etc.; for rent—439 Dorr street, 10 rooms, modern improvements, $20. E. M. Beard, 21 Drummond Block, Madison streets. 19oct1m

FOR SALE—SHANTY AND LEASE ON Ten Mile Creek, near Mominee's; three boats and decoys; cheap for cash. Enquire of Perry Werden, 737 Frederick st. 16nov6p

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITER almost new; only been in use 2 months. Call or address Bertha Bradbury, care Bee Counting Room. 16nov6p

A GREAT BARGAIN—$250 BUYS $600 worth nearly new furniture; house furnished complete; a good chance for anyone commencing housekeeping. Address K. 42, Bee office. 16nov4p

FOR SALE—LARGE CHEAP WORK horse; will take pay in work. Inquire John Kingsfield, corner Oak and St. Clair streets, Toledo, O. 16nov6p

FOR SALE—A NEW TWO-STORY house on Missouri street, near Hoag, just completed; will sell on long time, monthly payments; low rate of interest. D. Robison, jr., & Sons, Summit and Madison sts. 15nov12

DO YOU WANT A HOME? I HAVE six more handsome cottages on Nevada and Nasby streets, East Toledo, within one square of Raymer street school. These cottages will please a woman. They are finished nicely, well, cistern, etc. Will rent or sell on monthly payments. Can give you a bargain. Come and see me. J. W. Gunnels, Room 7, Merchants' National Bank Building, corner Monroe and Summit sts. 10nov6p

FOR SALE—CISTERNS TO BE HAD AT low prices; washing machines for $3.50 of C. H. Atkinson, 448 Euclid avenue, East Toledo, Ohio. 12nov6p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—RESIdence No. 2153 Ashland ave., with all modern conveniences; located on two car lines; D. Robison, jr., & Sons; Summit and Madison sts. 11nov-tf

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES ON Adams street; also two horses and delivery wagons. Enquire 716 Michigan street. 10nov6p

WANTED—TO SELL—4 ENGLISH SETters, puppies 8 months old, yard broken, no gun shy; will sell cheap; inquire 966 John st., East Toledo. 11nov6p

FINE DOG FOR SALE—THE OWNER desires to dispose of very fine young Russian greyhound, not having convenience to keeping him. Call at 706 Madison st. 7nov-tf

FOR SALE—A NEW ORGAN, WHICH will be sold for less than manufacturers' price; time given if desired; any church, society or private parties thinking of purchasing will do well to investigate. Address L. W. Isherwood, Bee office, or call at Bee office and I will show it to you. 31oct-tf

FOR SALE—A FINE KENTUCKY SADdle horse; good under saddle or in harness; can be seen at stable of A. W. Ballard, on Bancroft street, between Lawrence avenue and Monroe; price $250. Isaac D. Smead, owner. 30sept-tf

FOR SALE—$20,000 STOCK OF THE Findlay Brewing Co. Enquire of M. M. Eppstein, 1014 Superior street. 19aug-tf

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS ON MAPLEwood, on the west side, between Virginia street and Delaware avenue. Enquire B. F. Wade, St. Clair street. 20july-tf

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT RESIdence on the corner of 22nd and Madison streets, lately the home of M. J. Enright. Enquire of Scribner & Hurd. 22aug-tf

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved, for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county, Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio. 6aprlyr

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—HALF OF NEW DOUBLE house, 412 Delaware avenue. Inquire next door. 14nov6p

FOR RENT—WANTED AT ONCE, A good tenant to rent half of new double house 8 rooms, modern improvements; will rent cheap to good tenant. Inquire 415 Machen street, first door from Collingwood avenue. 16nov2p

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 807 INDIANA avenue; 9 rooms, cellar, well and cistern water; small barn. C. Peck, No. 9, Michigan street, near Washington. 16nov3p

FOR RENT—MODERN HOUSE ON Thirteenth street, with every convenience, in good order, $25. Call at 429 13th street. 16nov6p

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE, 3 ROOMS and pantry; also good well, cistern and natural gas; to man and wife, no children. Enquire in the rear of 401 Missouri, corner of Division streets. 16nov2p

FOR RENT—HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS ON Oakwood avenue; all modern improvements. Inquire 1204 Door street. 15nov6p

FOR RENT—FRAME HOUSE ON COLlingwood avenue, near Vance; eight rooms, nearly new. Enquire at 373 Lafayette st. 12nov6p

FOR RENT—TWO STORY HOUSE IN first-class condition; well, cistern, and good barn; natural gas connections complete; $14 per month. Hicks street, east of Ewing. Enquire at 740 Hicks street. 12nov6p

FOR RENT—COTTAGE HOUSE NO. 1134 Delance street, East Toledo; 5 rooms, well and cistern. $7.50 per month. Inquire of C. M. Hayden, 212 Summit st. 12nov6p

FOR RENT—MY SALOON AND restaurant at Gibsonburg, O. Will rent for one, two or three years. Inquire at premises. Charles A. Essinger. 15nov6p

FOR RENT—DOCTOR'S OFFICE—ON South st., near Broadway, Ninth ward, formerly occupied by Dr. Rheinhart; apply to R. J. Fulton, Oliver house. 11nov6p

FOR RENT—THREE ELEGANT SMALL stores on Bancroft st., opposite the Smead Foundry and Toledo Metal Wheel works. Good location for dry goods, boot and shoe store, tailorshop, barber shop and cigar store. Inquire at Smead Foundry, or Isaac D. Smead, 129 Huron st. 11nov-tf

FOR RENT—A NEAT COTTAGE ON E. Bancroft st., near Vermont ave. (No. 128), at $10 per month. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co. 7nov6

FOR RENT—HOUSE NO. 527 BROADway, near Union Depot; has eight rooms, both kinds of gas, well, cistern and river water; $18 per month. Enquire at McCormicle's Music Rooms, 414 Adams street. 31oct-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE 439 DORR STREET, 10 rooms, natural and artificial gas, at $20 per month. E. M. Beard, 21 Drummond Block, Madison street. Phone 602. 26oct-tf

FOR RENT—MODERN HOUSE, NINE rooms, (newly decorated), every modern improvement, No. 1704 Monroe street, $30 per month. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE HOUSE, NO. 1704 Monroe street; all modern improvements; possession Oct. 1st. Sam T. Fisk, 311 Madison street. 27sept-tf

FOR RENT—LARGE BRICK HOUSE OF ten rooms; water, gas, and natural gas connections, No. 1818 Adams street; rent $33.33 per month; key at Drug Store corner Adams and Warren streets. D. C. Hart, Agent. 30aug-tf

FOR RENT—STABLE ON OTTAWA street, now occupied by Michigan Lake Ice Company. Apply to W. H. McLyman. 14oct-tf

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FLATS TO RENT—IN "NORRIS FLATS," Ontario, near Monroe, one English basement, six rooms, $20, suitable for a physician; one main floor, independent porch and hall, six rooms, main floor, $30; one second floor, six rooms, $25. Bath rooms and halls to all, and all new and in perfect order. Apply to F. J. Scott, Hotel Madison. 12oct-tf

FOR RENT—NEW TWO STORY FLAT; each has parlor, sitting room, dining room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, bath room, both gases; first floor $19.75; second floor, $15.75; situated on Dorr between Collingwood and Lenk. F. B. Losee & Co., corner Summit and Madison streets. 12nov6

FLATS FOR RENT—TWO NEW AND the most complete in the city, on Eighteenth street, near Adams. For particulars inquire of J. T. Southard, 221 16th street. 18oct-tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING TO do at home. Address 1815 Locust street. 16nov3

WANTED—SITUATION BY A MARRIED man; has a horse would like to put to use; will work cheap this winter; can give best of references. Address K. 43, care Bee office. 16nov2p

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST class cook; both meat and pastry. H. P. Brown, Hotel Laloud, Toledo, Ohio. 12nov6p

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO TRADE—HOUSE AND LOT on Western avenue for 40 acres improved land; good ground; lot contains fruit trees and grape vines and is on street car line. H. Clarke, 1309 Western avenue, Toledo, Ohio. 15nov3p

ACRE PROPERTY FOR EXCHANGE—Six acres within mile and half of postoffice in exchange for residence lot in a first class locality. J. H. Bellows, Room 7, Drummond Block. 14nov6p

LADIES, PLEASE ASK YOUR GROCER for Imperial Mills' "Best" Full Roller Flour. It is rich and strictly pure. For sale by all first class grocers. Depp & Rancamp, 719 Adams street. 12nov6p

BOARDERS WANTED—TWO PLEASantly furnished rooms for man and wife, or two gentlemen; also single rooms, with board, at 551 North Erie street. 12nov7p

REMOVE YOUR CAKES FROM THE tins without breaking by using Patent Loose Bottom Tins, 8 sizes, round, square and oblong. For sale at 1701 Broadway. 12nov6p

GUITAR AND BANJO TEACHER—MRS. R. Thompson, 1849 Erie street, between Ash and Buckeye streets. 12nov6p

WANT TO BUY—SECOND-HAND SAFE; must be cheap for cash; address, giving size, price and make, K 38, care Bee. 11nov6p

NOTICE.—I HAVE A CLIENT WHO wishes to purchase some vacant lots in Toledo as an investment. What have you to offer? J. H. Bellows, Room 7, Drummond Block. 14nov6p

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—OFFICE OF Chas. J. Kirschner & Co.—We will remove our office to No. 611 Madison street, between Huron and Erie, Nov. 20th inst. Also Calvary Cemetery Office. The rooms now occupied by us will be for rent after the above date. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co. 8nov12

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS Insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 8dec-tf

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—LOCAL AND TRAVELING salesmen to sell our choice nursery stock. All stock guaranteed; good salaries paid weekly. Write for terms to G. L. Knight & Co., Rochester, N. Y. 15sept2m-p

AGENTS WANTED—TWENTY LADIES wanted to teach the Morgan Dressecutting System; $20 to $40 a week easily made. Call at once. 1417 Adams st. 16nov3p

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CANVASSers to handle the easiest seller on the market; $5 to $10 per day guaranteed; call at the Jefferson House Friday and Saturday, Nov. 18 and 19, 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., and ladies 4 to 6 p. m. S. E. Allen. 16nov2

AGENTS WANTED—TO CANVASS CITY and country; good inducements offered. Call at 442 12th street, between 5 p. m. and 8 p. m. 15nov3

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL AN ARTIcle in use every day; agents make $3 to $6 a day; steady employment given. Call on or address James O. Fallon, 418 Lafayette st., Toledo, O. 15nov3p

AGENTS WANTED FOR SCARCE goods; secrets of them mailed, securely sealed, for 30c. Merritt Young, Peachton, Ohio. 10nov6p

WE OFFER AGENTS BIG MONEY, IN exclusive territory. Our sales sell at sight in city or country. Agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $91.50. So can you. Catalogue free. Address Alpinb Safe Co., No. 360-371 Clark Street, Cincinnati, O. 1oct13sats

WANTED—TWO ACTIVE, ENERGETIC female agents to sell an article that ladies need. You can make big pay for light work. Room 6, 419 Madison street, Dr. C. G. Clark. 13sept-tf

ODD HIDING PLACES.

Where Wealthy Southerners Concealed Their Valuables During the War.

It was in the concealment of valuables that infinite varieties of ingenuity were displayed, some worthy of Poe's pirate (vide "The Gold Bug"), and some pathetic in their innocent disregard of the world and the world's craft. Rarely left above ground, those valuables were buried in all sorts of places, and all sorts of means were taken to leave no sign that the earth had been disturbed.

Some persons preferred to dig holes in the woods where the spot could be covered with leaves or pine needles. A favorite choice was by the side of the bare fence corners in remote, unfrequented fields, especially if, as was usually the case in unilled fields, a thicket of young pines shut in the spot. Behind a dense screen of this kind small packages were often buried in the day time, otherwise all such work had, of course, to be done under cover of darkness. Sometimes, to make assurances doubly sure, a small brook would be dammed, the treasure, rendered as near waterproof as possible, buried in the bed beneath, and then the water allowed to resume its former channel.

It will be seen at a glance that so far as danger of discovery was concerned this mode was the safest of all, provided it could be carried out unobserved. The concealer did not need to make a track on terra firma, either in approaching or leaving the spot, for he had before him the Indian path of running water; while the stream rolling down its detritus of sand and gravel, soon made all parts of its bed alike. However, only articles of small bulk could well be hidden in this way. A near neighbor of ours had several very fine gold watches, one of them at least a valuable family heirloom, whose safety caused him much anxiety.

After earnestly considering every possible mode of concealing them, he finally decided to adopt the one last mentioned. A fruit jar was selected, tested as to its being perfectly airtight, and the watches, after being wrapped in flannel, were placed therein, the jar was securely sealed, and the next day found the current of the spring branch flowing serenely over the treasure.

A few trusted their watches and jewelry to hollow trees and clefts in the lonely rocks, though the enterprise of the ubiquitous negro opossum hunter rendered this mode somewhat precarious. Such places being the favorite retreat of the opossum, there was danger that he might lead his pursuers straight to the selected cleft or hollow, and in getting him out they could scarcely fail to discover other contents of their lair. In one instance this really did occur. A gentleman having concealed a watch and some valuable diamonds in a small hollow tree was started on reconnoitering the place a few days later, to find that the tree had not only been felled, but actually split open. He had given up his property for lost when he happened to spy it buried in the leaves, where it had dropped as the trunk was rent asunder. Fortunately the sable hunter had been too eager after his quarry to have an eye for anything else.—Atlantic Monthly.

No well regulated household should be without Angostura Bitters, the celebrated appetizer. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

THE WORKING LADY.

Miss Marsh-Phillips, of England, has in the current number of the Fortnightly Review an article on "The Working Lady in London," in which she describes the different classes of poor ladies, young and old, who are forced to obtain work, and points out the difference between trained and untrained workers. She describes the various kinds of homes in which these poor ladies live, speaking of the lodging-house accommodations, the boarding of a family, and the rooms in the model dwelling house. Miss Marsh-Phillips suggests a way in which a house, well managed and organized to contain a good many inmates, might be made not only a comfortable abode, but also worked on a substantial profit, and subjoins an estimate of cost. These figures, she states, are not given at random, but have been carefully worked out and collected from authentic sources. The subject is one interesting to all, men as well as women. The former do not yet sufficiently realize that the health and happiness of these women may concern them, for their own sisters, daughters and friends may one day be drawn into the struggle for existence.

WHIPPING SCHOOL CHILDREN.

To the Editor: Whipping in our public schools is a theme of much interest among the people of the Future Great, at the present time. The Blade of the 15th inst. has nearly a column of an interview with Col. Smead in regard to the subject; and as the Blade is favorable to the whipping post and rawhides in school, a constant reader of current literature would know at once that the colonel favors the Blade's view of the case, from the prominent position and valuable space it gave to his remarks. Now, I am an admirer of Col. Smead. I know he is honest in his convictions, and usually on the right side, but it is sad to note that his life struggles and experiences are turning his naturally tender heart to stone. I am afraid he is turning away from the meek and lowly Nazerene, walking backwards as it were, towards the fifteenth century, and before he gets too far in the rear of the present time, would it not be well for him to stop and inquire where am I at?

Mr. Smead's experiences and remembrances of schools forty years ago and my own are vastly different. During my ten years' schooling I was struck once only by a teacher, and that blow was received for the unpardonable sin of chewing gum in school. I got no whipping on returning home, but voluntarily left the school preferring at the age of ten years to work in a saw-mill during a long and cold winter rather than to return to a master who only dared to strike me because he was larger than I.

I have a vived memory of the events of school-days, also of my young associates and many parents who, being considered Christian (?) people, almost daily thrashed their boys and too often their girls also. I have seen such boys grown to manhood's estate, leaving their homes disgusted and bitter towards their Christian fathers with soured dispositions ready at all times to mete out physical punishment to all whoever crossed their paths. If you teach children that physical force alone rules the world, and the school-room is the world to them, you lower their moral and mental standard, you elevate in their eyes the Sullivans and Corbetts, and make brute force to them the standard of manliness.

I am surprised that Col. Smead should compare our boys with the hardest criminals of our state prison. It seems strange that his experience as commissioner of that institution should be turned into an argument against our ten-year-old Toledo school boys.

Among 1,800 prisoners, a dozen of the most hardened character may be had to control, and possibly deserve punishment in addition to the daily punishment which they all receive at that institution, but wouldn't it be on the side of humanity if they had killed the man outright, whom he states through his order was handcuffed to a staple in the wall for three days so he could not even enjoy God's greatest blessing to man, sleep, on the cold stones of a prison cell.

Few people will believe the colonel's statement that after three days the prisoner was found "hanging by his hands really enjoying his sleep," but many will turn from the picture in sadness and disgust at man's inhumanity to man.

If viciousness is inherent in some children the cause is not their own. It is a mental and not a physical condition, and can only be cured by mental culture and not by physical abuse.

With great cautiousness Mr. Smead says that his boys may be properly whipped in school if they deserve it, knowing full well that under the present management, and under cover of so prominent and popular a name as their father bears, there is not the slightest probability of any such occurrence under any circumstances.

But what about the boys less fortunate? A father's intelligent face and kindly eyes will keep a child in line where words and whips fail, and a teacher who is not endowed with such evidence of superior mentality together with the grace of charity should not have charge of a school-room. Many children are reared in homes which lack the mental and social surroundings so necessary for right morals. Shall they suffer physical abuse for being thus unfortunate, or will the colonel throw around them some of his protection arguments, while they are a growing enterprise, and help them to become self-sustaining, honorable men and women? Would it not be better to keep them in good schools by kind, firm and judicious leading, than to drive them out into the world unprepared to meet the cold facts and rebuffs of human existence?

A. N.

THANKSGIVING DINNERS

Will be made more than ever memorable with the assistance of the Martha Washington cook-book, which is sent free to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamps by E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. Agent Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, Cincinnati, O. The C., H. & D. edition of the famous cook book contains 320 pages of old and tried recipes, fully illustrated. Be thankful, too, that the superb train service of the C., H. & D. via Cincinnati to the south make a journey to the milder climates of southland comfortable and pleasureable.

LUCK CAME AT LAST.

Among the arrivals by yesterday's Oregon and California train from the north were Charles D. Bromer and G. Gordon, two young men who have been for seven and five years, respectively, isolated on the ice at faraaway Point Barrow, the most northwesterly tip of the United States possessions.

They went up originally for the Pacific Steam Whaling Company, but soon after their arrival set out to hunt whalebone for themselves. They had a precarious time of it for several years, and rough usage in a region so stern that the thermometer went down in several instances to 72 degrees below zero.

Whales were not plentiful, and oftentimes they thought of abandoning their pursuit and trying to get a ride out on some one of the occasional vessels to civilization. They stuck to it, however, subsisting on polar bear and reindeer meat and clad in double suits of dogskin clothes.

Now they are glad they staid over until this year, for they captured four whales, secured the bone, and on the arrival of the St. Paul, on which they shipped it, will realize about $25,000 from the catch. They came down themselves on the St. Paul to Nanaimo, and thence overland.

Last evening they spent looking about the city. They said that everything seemed very new and strange to them after their long stay in the Arctic regions.

Polar bears, they said, when hungry came in quest of blubber, right into the snow home of the whalers. Had they not made haste to abdicate they would have been snapped up and eaten. In two or three instances they detected the marauding white bears and killed them.

They lived on the ice all the time and killed the whales with bombs. Skin bears were used to go after them, when their heads were cut off, secured, and the bone cut out.

One of the young men lives in New Jersey and the other in New York, and in a few days they will leave to visit their friends after 15 years' absence. "It seemed like a good while when we were up there," said Mr. Brewer, "but now the seven years seem like a very little time."—San Francisco Examiner.

PERFECTION IN TRAVELING.

At 6:30 p. m. daily one of the handsomest trains in the United States and known as the North-Western Limited leaves the passenger station of the North-Western line in Chicago on its journey to St. Paul and Minneapolis, the twin cities of the northwest. Vestibuled throughout, and equipped with buffet, smoking and library cars, private compartment sleeping cars, drawing-room sleepers and superb dining cars, it furnishes its occupants with every comfort and convenience which could be desired by the most fastidious.

While in its entirety it undoubtedly takes rank with the finest trains in the world, there are two features of its equipment which deserve special mention, for they are new departures in the western railway world:

The buffet, smoking and library car is furnished in the most luxuriant manner with comfortable arm chairs, writing desks, book cases and a well-stocked buffet, from which light refreshments are served. The private compartment sleeping car is designed especially for the accommodation of family parties an dladies traveling without escort. It is composed of ten separate compartments, each complete in itself, and containing washstand; hot and cold running water and all necessary toilet arrangements.

Aside from these two features, it is in keeping with the rest of the service to say that the supper served in the dining car after the train leaves Chicago is a meal calculated to please the epicure.

In a word, if you desire to travel in the most comfortable manner and make the trip to St. Paul, Minneapolis, or any point in the northwest, in the quickest time, be sure that your ticket reads via the North-West Line. Maps, time tables and full information can be obtained upon application to any ticket agent or by addressing W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & North-Western Ry, Chicago.

Mrs. Edward Myers.

Torturing Erysipelas.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES EVER REPORTED.

Mrs. Myers' Hand Amputated. Her Life Saved.

The case of Mrs. Edward Myers, of Athens, N. Y., furnishes an apt illustration of a woman's power of endurance. This lady had been treated for months in the usual way for **Erysipelas** of the head, without benefit. Not until her hand had become a mass of **putrified flesh,** and her life despaired of, did she turn to **Dr. Kennedy,** proprietor of **FAVORITE REMEDY,** for help.

He at once informed her that he could **save her life,** but that it was impossible to save the hand—it must be amputated.

SAVED She received this terrible intelligence quietly, declined to take ether, stipulating merely to hold her husband's hand during the operation, and underwent the painful process without moving a muscle or uttering a groan.

HER **Dr. Kennedy** then gave **Favorite Remedy,** which drove the poisonous disease out of her system, cleansed the blood, and prevented the return of the **disease,** and she now lives and rejoices in her great deliverance.

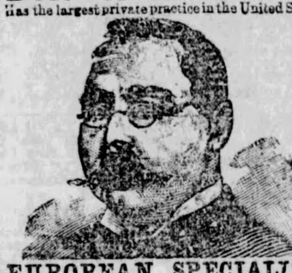
LIFE Had **Dr. Kennedy** been called at any previous stage of the disease he would have at once **prescribed Favorite Remedy** and **Mrs. Myers** would not have had to undergo this terrible ordeal, as it would have **saved her hand.**

Are you reader, troubled with **Erysipelas** or any **eruption** of the **skin,** it may be **Erysipelas** in its incipient stage—**don't trifle with it a moment,** but use **Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, it will cure you, for it is**

DEATH TO ERYSIPELAS.

DR. KALKHOFF

Has the largest private practice in the United States



EUROPEAN SPECIALIST,

25 years' private practice and hospital experience in Europe and America. Dr. Kalkhoff is a member of the European Association of Medical and Surgical Specialists.

Stomach and Bowel Diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, etc., cured under a guarantee by Dr. Kalkhoff's original DIET CHARTS of what to eat and drink, and SPECIFIC VEGETABLE REMEDIES, to act in harmony with the food.

Throat, Lung and Nasal Diseases, such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Deafness, etc., cured by an original system of INHALATION with compressed medicated gases for home or office treatment. Worst cases of Catarrh cured by this method in two to three months.

All Chronic and Desperate Diseases such as Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeplessness, Brain and Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Skin Diseases, Freckles, Pimples, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, etc., also Heart, Liver, Kidney, Bladder and Female Diseases.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES, cured under a guarantee and forfeit of $1000 for failure. Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Effects of Youthful Indiscretions and Sexual Excesses, Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Loss of Memory and energy, Impotency, etc. quickly and permanently cured by an original and never failing treatment. Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Cures guaranteed where others have failed. Low charges, and consultation sacredly confidential. Office hours—9 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays and holidays 9 to 12.

OUT OF TOWN PATIENTS treated with unfailing success through correspondence. One visit desirable but not necessary. Write to **A. F. Kalkhoff, M. D.** Toledo, Ohio for free Examination Blank, or call at his Offices, Surgery and Laboratory, **No. 505 and 507 Summit St.,** where you will find the most completely equipped doctor's offices in America. **Beware of traveling doctors** who are compelled to go from home to get business.

WHY PAY CASH WHEN YOU CAN BUY AS CHEAP ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN?

PARLOR, BEDROOM, DINING-ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE

DON'T YOU SEE THE ADVANTAGE IT GIVES YOU?

Goldberg & Jacobson,

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Hard and Soft Coal

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Also Cement, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Sewer Pipe. Office 22 Bridge Street, Near T. & O. C. Depot.

EAST TOLEDO. PHONE 362

6 PER CENT LOANS.

We are prepared to make loans for any amount from $1,000 to $50,000, for 1 to 10 years, upon first mortgage, on improved farms or city property anywhere in Northwestern Ohio, upon 10 days notice at 6 per cent. interest.

We also loan money at 5 per cent. on central improved Toledo property, in sums of $25,000 to $250,000.

POE & THOMSON,

(Successors to F. G. Thomson & Co.)

231 SUPERIOR STREET.

MISFIT

To Stand It, or . . . Not to Stand It. . . .

That's the question, whether it is nobler to suffer the outrageous profits asked by merchant tailors and so-called ready made clothing dealers, or take a walk up Madison street, and into the "Misfit" end them.—Modern Shakespeare.

Some people throw their cash away;
Quite often, if they knew it.
They pass our store and it does not pay,
Now don't YOU ever do it.

READ OVER A FEW.

Of our appetizers and tonics. We cannot mention all, but our store is full of bargains, calculated to revive a drooping purse and wreath your face in smiles.

A $20.00	Custom-Made Suit or Overcoat we Sell at		$10.00
A $25.00	" " " " "		$12.00
A $30.00	" " " " "		$15.00
A $35.00	" " " " "		$18.00
A $40.00	" " " " "		$20.00
A $50.00	" " " " "		$25.00
A $60.00	" " " " "		$30.00
A $70.00	" " " " "		$35.00

A nobby and complete line of Pantaloons from $2.50 to $9.50, made for double the money. All other goods sold in like proportion

We close Every Evening at 6:30, Except Saturdays. Open until 11:00 P. M.

Branch Store, 135 N. High St., Columbus, O.

Misfit Clothing Parlors

COR. MADISON AND SUPERIOR STS.

All Alterations to Improve a fit made free of charge.

Goods kept in Repair One Year FREE of Charge.

MISFIT

Do You Wish

TO HAVE A

FURNACE

Put Into Your House?

Do not wait until your windows are covered with frost, but have it done now.

The best Furnace and the Perfection Furnace Pipe is what you want.

E. A. EVERSMAN,

CORNER

Broadway and Logan Sts.

Phone 572.

ELEVATORS!

Steam, Electric, Hydraulic, Belt, Hand, for

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OVER 250 IN USE.

Special Elevating and Conveying Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, &c. Get Catalogue and Prices.

N. HAUGHTON FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO.

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Motors, Dynamos, Electric and Pneumatic Bells, Speaking Tubes and Heat Regulators.

LOCKSMITHS AND GENERAL REPAIRERS.

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